- carries on, works, or conducts any brewery, either by himself or by his agent;
- 2 (7) "Brewery" means any place or premises where malt beverages are manufactured for
- sale, and includes all offices, granaries, mash rooms, cooling rooms, vaults, yards,
- and storerooms connected with the premises; or where any part of the process of the
- 5 manufacture of malt beverages is carried on; or where any apparatus connected with
- 6 manufacture is kept or used; or where any of the products of brewing or
- 7 fermentation are stored or kept;
- 8 (8) "Building containing licensed premises" means the licensed premises themselves
- 9 and includes the land, tract of land, or parking lot in which the premises are
- contained, and any part of any building connected by direct access or by an entrance
- which is under the ownership or control of the licensee by lease holdings or
- 12 ownership;
- 13 (9) "Caterer" means a corporation, partnership, or individual that operates the business
- of a food service professional by preparing food in a licensed and inspected
- 15 commissary, transporting the food and alcoholic beverages to the caterer's
- designated and inspected banquet hall or to a location selected by the customer, and
- serving the food and alcoholic beverages to the customer's guests;
- 18 (10) "Charitable organization" means a nonprofit entity recognized as exempt from
- 19 federal taxation under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. sec.
- 20 501(c)) or any organization having been established and continuously operating
- 21 within the Commonwealth of Kentucky for charitable purposes for three (3) years
- and which expends at least sixty percent (60%) of its gross revenue exclusively for
- religious, educational, literary, civic, fraternal, or patriotic purposes;
- 24 (11) "Cider" means any fermented fruit-based beverage containing more than one-tenth
- of one percent (0.1%) alcohol by volume and includes hard cider and perry cider;
- 26 (12) "City administrator" means city alcoholic beverage control administrator;
- 27 (13) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the *Department of Alcoholic*

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- 2 (14) "Convention center" means any facility which, in its usual and customary business,
- provides seating for a minimum of one thousand (1,000) people and offers
- 4 convention facilities and related services for seminars, training and educational
- 5 purposes, trade association meetings, conventions, or civic and community events
- or for plays, theatrical productions, or cultural exhibitions;
- 7 (15) "Convicted" and "conviction" means a finding of guilt resulting from a plea of
- guilty, the decision of a court, or the finding of a jury, irrespective of a
- 9 pronouncement of judgment or the suspension of the judgment;
- 10 (16) "County administrator" means county alcoholic beverage control administrator;
- 11 (17) "Department" means the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control;
- 12 (18) "Distilled spirits" or "spirits" means any product capable of being consumed by a
- human being which contains alcohol in excess of the amount permitted by KRS
- 14 Chapter 242 obtained by distilling, mixed with water or other substances in
- solution, except wine, hard cider, and malt beverages;
- 16 (19) [(18)] "Distiller" means any person who is engaged in the business of manufacturing
- distilled spirits at any distillery in the state and is registered in the Office of the
- 18 Collector of Internal Revenue for the United States at Louisville, Kentucky;
- 19 (20) (19) "Distillery" means any place or premises where distilled spirits are
- 20 manufactured for sale, and which are registered in the office of any collector of
- 21 internal revenue for the United States. It includes any United States government
- 22 bonded warehouse;
- 23 (21) (20) "Distributor" means any person who distributes malt beverages for the
- 24 purpose of being sold at retail;
- 25 (22) [(21)] "Dry territory" means a county, city, district, or precinct in which a majority of
- voters have voted in favor of prohibition;
- 27 <u>(23)</u>[(22)] "Election" means:

		(a)	And executors field for the purpose of taking the sense of the people as to the
2			application or discontinuance of alcoholic beverage sales under KRS Chapter
3			242; or
4		(b)	Any other election not pertaining to alcohol;
5	[(23)	"Exe	ceutive director" means the executive director of the Office of Alcoholic
6		Beve	exage Control;]
7	(24)	"Fie	ld representative" means any employee or agent of the department of the
8		is re	gularly employed and whose primary function is to travel from place to place
9		for	the purpose of visiting taxpayers, and any employee or agent of the
10		<u>depa</u>	urtment[office] who is assigned, temporarily or permanently, by the
11		<u>com</u>	missioner[executive director] to duty outside the main office of the
12		<u>depa</u>	urtment[office] at Frankfort, in connection with the administration of alcoholic
13		beve	grage statutes;
14	(25)	"Lic	ense" means any license issued pursuant to KRS 243.020 to 243.670;
15	(26)	"Lic	ensee" means any person to whom a license has been issued, pursuant to KRS
16		243.	020 to 243.670;
17	(27)	"Lin	nited restaurant" means:
18		(a)	A facility where the usual and customary business is the serving of meals to
19			consumers, which has a bona fide kitchen facility, which receives at least
20			seventy percent (70%) of its gross income from the sale of food, which
21			maintains a minimum seating capacity of one hundred (100) persons for
22			dining, and which is located in a territory where prohibition is no longer in
23			effect under KRS 242.185(6); or
24		(b)	A facility where the usual and customary business is the serving of meals to
25			consumers, which has a bona fide kitchen facility, which receives at least
26			seventy percent (70%) of its gross income from the sale of food, which

maintains a minimum seating capacity of fifty (50) persons for dining, which

1	has no open bar, which requires that alcoholic beverages be sold in
2	conjunction with the sale of a meal, and which is located in a territory where
3	prohibition is no longer in effect under KRS 242.1244;

- (28) "Malt beverage" means any fermented undistilled alcoholic beverage of any name or description, manufactured from malt wholly or in part, or from any substitute for malt, and having an alcoholic content greater than that permitted under subsection (2)(i) of this section;
- 8 (29) "Manufacture" means distill, rectify, brew, bottle, and operate a winery;
- 9 (30) "Manufacturer" means a vintner, distiller, rectifier, or brewer, and any other person 10 engaged in the production or bottling of alcoholic beverages;
- 11 (31) "Minor" means any person who is not twenty-one (21) years of age or older;
- 12 (32) ["Office" means the Office of Alcoholic Beverage Control;

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- (33) "Premises" means the land and building in and upon which any business regulated 13 by alcoholic beverage statutes is operated or carried on. "Premises" shall not include 14 as a single unit two (2) or more separate businesses of one (1) owner on the same 15 lot or tract of land, in the same or in different buildings if physical and permanent 16 17 separation of the premises is maintained, excluding employee access by keyed entry and emergency exits equipped with crash bars, and each has a separate public 18 entrance accessible directly from the sidewalk or parking lot. Any licensee holding 19 an alcoholic beverage license on July 15, 1998 shall not, by reason of this 20 subsection, be ineligible to continue to hold his or her license or obtain a renewal, 21 of the license; 22
- 23 (33)[(34)] "Prohibition" means the application of KRS 242.190 to 242.430 to a territory;
- 24 (34)[(35)] "Qualified historic site" means a contributing property with dining facilities
 25 for at least fifty (50) persons and lodging on the premises as authorized by KRS
 26 219.021 within a commercial district listed in the National Register of Historic
 27 Places, or a site that is listed as a National Historic Landmark with dining facilities

Page 803 of 2553

HB039310.100-502

1	for at least fifty (50) persons and lodging on the premises as authorized by KRS
2	219.021. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a distillery which is
3	listed as a National Historic Landmark and which has a souvenir retail liquor
4	license under KRS 243.0305, shall be deemed a "qualified historic site" under this
5	section;
6	(35)[(36)] "Rectifier" means any person who rectifies, purifies, or refines distilled spirits
7	or wine by any process other than as provided for on distillery premises, and every
8	person who, without rectifying, purifying, or refining distilled spirits by mixing
9	alcoholic beverages with any materials, manufactures any imitations of or
10	compounds liquors for sale under the name of whiskey, brandy, gin, rum, wine,
11	spirits, cordials, bitters, or any other name;
12	(36)[(37)] "Repackaging" means the placing of alcoholic beverages in any retail
13	container irrespective of the material from which the container is made;
14	(37)[(38)] "Restaurant" means a facility where the usual and customary business is the
15	serving of meals to consumers, that has a bona fide kitchen facility, and that
16	receives at least fifty percent (50%) of its gross receipts from the sale of food;
17	(38)[(39)] "Retail container" means any bottle, can, barrel, or other container which,
18	without a separable intermediate container, holds alcoholic beverages and is
19	suitable and destined for sale to a retail outlet, whether it is suitable for delivery to
20	the consumer or not;
21	(39)[(40)] "Retail outlet" means retailer, hotel, motel, restaurant, railroad dining car,
22	club, and any facility where alcoholic beverages are sold directly to the consumers;
23	(40) [(41)] "Retail sale" means any sale where delivery is made in Kentucky to any
24	consumers;
25	(41)[(42)] "Retailer" means any person who sells at retail any alcoholic beverage for the
26	sale of which a license is required;
27	(42) [(43)] "Sale" means any transfer, exchange, or barter for consideration, and includes

1	all sales made by any person, whether principal, proprietor, agent, servant, or
2	employee, of any alcoholic beverage;
3	(43)[(44)] "Service bar" means a bar, counter, shelving, or similar structure used for
4	storing or stocking supplies of alcoholic beverages that is a workstation where
5	employees prepare alcoholic beverage drinks to be delivered to customers away
6	from the service bar. A service bar shall be located in an area where the general
7	public, guests, or patrons are prohibited;
8	(44)[(45)] "Sell" includes solicit or receive an order for, keep or expose for sale, keep
9	with intent to sell, and the delivery of any alcoholic beverage;
10	(45)[(46)] "Small farm winery" means a winery producing wines, in an amount not to
11	exceed fifty thousand (50,000) gallons in a calendar year;
12	(46)[(47)] "Souvenir package" means a special package of Kentucky straight bourbon
13	whiskey available for retail sale at a licensed Kentucky distillery where the whiskey
14	was produced or bottled that is available from a licensed retailer;
15	(47)[(48)] "State director" means the director of the Division of Distilled Spirits or the
16	director of the Division of Malt Beverages, or both, as the context requires;
17	(48) [(49)] "Supplemental bar" means a bar, counter, shelving, or similar structure used
18	for serving and selling distilled spirits or wine by the drink for consumption on the
19	licensed premises to guests and patrons from additional locations other than the
20	main bar. A supplemental bar shall be continuously constructed and accessible to
21	patrons for distilled spirits or wine sales or service without physical separation by
22	walls, doors, or similar structures;
23	(49)[(50)] "Vehicle" means any device or animal used to carry, convey, transport, or
24	otherwise move alcoholic beverages or any products, equipment, or appurtenances
25	used to manufacture, bottle, or sell these beverages;
26	(50)[(51)] "Vintner" means any person who owns, occupies, carries on, works, conducts,
27	or operates any winery, either by himself or by his agent, except persons who

Page 805 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

manufacture wine for sacramental purposes exclusively; 1 (51) [(52)] "Warehouse" means any place in which alcoholic beverages are housed or 2 3 stored; (52)[(53)] "Wholesale sale" means a sale to any person for the purpose of resale; 4 (53)[(54)] "Wholesaler" means any person who distributes alcoholic beverages for the 5 purpose of being sold at retail, but it shall not include a subsidiary of a manufacturer 6 or cooperative of a retail outlet; 7 8 (54)[(55)] "Wine" means the product of the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juices of fruits, with the usual processes of manufacture and normal additions, and 9 includes champagne and sparkling and fortified wine of an alcoholic content not to 10 exceed twenty-four percent (24%) by volume. It includes cider, hard cider, and 11 perry cider and also includes preparations or mixtures vended in retail containers if 12 these preparations or mixtures contain not more than fifteen percent (15%) of 13 14 alcohol by volume. It includes ciders, perry, or sake having an alcohol content 15 greater than that permitted under subsection (2)(i) of this section; and 16 (55)[(56)] "Winery" means any place or premises in which wine is manufactured from 17 any fruit, or brandies are distilled as a by-product of wine or other fruit, or cordials are compounded. 18 → Section 550. KRS 241.015 is amended to read as follows: 19 There is created a Department an Office of Alcoholic Beverage Control, which shall 20 21 constitute a statutory administrative *department* of the state government within 22 the meaning of KRS Chapter 12. The department[office] consists of the commissioner[executive director] of alcoholic beverage control and the Alcoholic 23 24 Beverage Control Board. The commissioner [executive director] shall head the department office, shall be its executive officer, and shall have charge of the 25

administration of the *department* of fice and perform all functions of the

department of the specifically assigned to the board. The secretary of the

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- 1 Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet, with the approval of the Governor, shall
- appoint as <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a person with administrative experience in
- 3 the field of alcoholic beverage control. The commissioner[executive director] shall be
- 4 appointed for a term of four (4) years.
- Section 551. KRS 241.020 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) The <u>department[office]</u> shall administer statutes relating to, and regulate traffic in,
- alcoholic beverages, except that the collection of taxes shall be administered by the
- 8 Department of Revenue.
- 9 (2) A Division of Distilled Spirits, under the supervision of the board, shall administer
- the laws in relation to traffic in distilled spirits and wine.
- 11 (3) A Division of Malt Beverages, under the supervision of the board, shall administer
- the laws in relation to traffic in malt beverages.
- → Section 552. KRS 241.030 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board shall consist of the commissioner executive
- director of alcoholic beverage control and two (2) persons appointed by the secretary of
- the Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet with the approval of the Governor,
- who shall be persons with administrative experience in the field of alcoholic beverage
- control and who shall serve for terms of four (4) years each. One (1) of such persons shall
- serve as director of the Division of Distilled Spirits, and the other shall serve as director
- 20 of the Division of Malt Beverages. The commissioner[executive director] shall be
- 21 chairman of the board.
- ≥ Section 553. KRS 241.060 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 The board shall have the following functions, powers, and duties:
- 24 (1) To promulgate reasonable administrative regulations governing procedures relative
- to the applications for and revocations of licenses, the supervision and control of the
- use, manufacture, sale, transportation, storage, advertising, and trafficking of
- alcoholic beverages, and all other matters over which the board has jurisdiction.

1	Administrative regulations need not be uniform in their application but may vary in
2	accordance with reasonable classifications:

- To limit in its sound discretion the number of licenses of each kind or class to be issued in this state or any political subdivision, and restrict the locations of licensed premises. To this end, the board may make reasonable division and subdivision of the state or any political subdivision into districts. Administrative regulations relating to the granting, refusal, and revocation of licenses may be different within
- 9 (3) To hold hearings in accordance with the provisions of KRS Chapter 13B. The

 10 <u>department{office}</u> may pay witnesses the per diem and mileage provided in KRS

 11 421.015;

the several divisions or subdivisions;

- 12 (4) To conduct hearings and appeals under KRS 241.150, 241.200, 243.470, and 243.520 and render final orders upon the subjects of the hearings and appeals;
- 14 (5) To destroy evidence in the <u>department's[office's]</u> possession after all administrative 15 and judicial proceedings are conducted;
- 16 (6) To suspend, revoke, or cancel for cause, after a hearing in accordance with KRS
 17 Chapter 13B, any license issued under KRS 243.020 to 243.670;
- 18 (7) To prohibit the issuance of a license for the premises until the expiration of two (2)

 19 years from the time the offense was committed if a violation of KRS Chapter 241,

 20 KRS 243.020 to 243.670, or KRS Chapter 244 has taken place on the premises

 21 which the owner knew of or should have known of, or was committed or permitted

 22 in or on the premises owned by the licensee; and
- 23 (8) To suspend a license for any cause for which the board is authorized to exercise its 24 discretion as to revoking a license.
- 25 → Section 554. KRS 241.100 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) No member of the board or member of his <u>or her</u> immediate family or employee of 27 the <u>department[office]</u> shall have any interest in any premises or business where

- alcoholic beverages are manufactured, stored or sold. Nor shall he <u>or she</u> receive any commission or profit from any person applying for or receiving any license or permit.
- 4 (2) No person shall be disqualified under this section solely by reason of his *or her*5 membership in a club.
- 6 (3) If a member of the board is disqualified or fails to give bond and take the oath of
 7 office, the Governor shall fill the vacancy by appointment for the period during
 8 which that member of the board remains disqualified or fails to qualify.
- 9 → Section 555. KRS 241.140 is amended to read as follows:

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- The functions of each county administrator shall be the same, with respect to local licenses and regulations, as the functions of the board with respect to state licenses and regulations, except that no regulation adopted by a county administrator may be less stringent than statutes relative to alcoholic beverage control or than the regulations of the board. If any city appoints its own administrator under KRS 241.170, the county administrator in that county shall have jurisdiction over only that portion of the county which lies outside the corporate limits of that city, unless the <u>department[office]</u> determines that the city does not have an adequate police force of its own or under KRS 70.540, 70.150, 70.160, and 70.170.
- 19 → Section 556. KRS 241.170 is amended to read as follows:
- (1)The city administrator in each city of the first class or the administrator in a 20 consolidated local government, and such investigators and clerks as are deemed 21 necessary for the proper conduct of his office, shall be appointed by the mayor. The 22 city administrator in each city of the first class or the administrator in a county 23 containing a consolidated local government, and his investigators, shall have full 24 25 police powers of peace officers, and their jurisdiction shall be coextensive with boundaries of the city of the first class or the boundaries of the county in a county 26 containing a consolidated local government. They may inspect any premises where 27

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- alcoholic beverages are manufactured, sold, stored, or otherwise trafficked in, without first obtaining a search warrant. If any city of the second, third, or fourth class in a county containing a consolidated local government appoints its own administrator under KRS 241.160, the administrator of a consolidated local government in that county shall have jurisdiction over only that portion of the county which lies outside the corporate limits of such a city, unless the department of determines that the city does not have an adequate police force of its own or pursuant to KRS 70.150, 70.160, 70.170, and 70.540.
- 9 (2) The city administrator in each city of the second, third, or fourth class shall be 10 appointed by the city manager if there is one. If there is no city manager, the city 11 administrator shall be appointed by the mayor.
- 12 (3) No person shall be an administrator, an investigator, or an employee of the city or a
 13 consolidated local government under the supervision of the administrator, who
 14 would be disqualified to be a member of the board under KRS 241.100.
 - → Section 557. KRS 241.990 is amended to read as follows:

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- Any person who after an opportunity to be heard is found by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] to have violated any of the provisions of KRS 241.100, or acted as county administrator in violation of subsection (1) of KRS 241.120, or acted as city administrator or a city employee in violation of subsection (3) of KRS 241.170, or acted as an urban-county administrator in violation of KRS 241.230, shall automatically vacate his office or position, and upon conviction by a court, he shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- → Section 558. KRS 242.123 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 (1) To promote economic development and tourism in a county containing a city that
 24 has, in whole or in part, voted to discontinue prohibition, with the exception of a
 25 territory that has discontinued prohibition in accordance with KRS 242.1292, a
 26 local option election for the limited sale of alcoholic beverages may be held in any
 27 precinct containing a nine (9) or an eighteen (18) hole golf course that meets United

- States Golf Association criteria as a regulation golf course, notwithstanding any other provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes.
- A local option election for the limited sale of alcoholic beverages held under subsection (1) of this section shall be conducted in the same manner specified in KRS 242.020 to 242.120, except that the form of the proposition to be voted upon shall be "Are you in favor of the sale of alcoholic beverages by the drink at (name of golf course) in the (name of precinct)?".
- Upon approval of the proposition, the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Alcoholic Beverage
 Control may issue a license to the golf course for the sale of alcoholic beverages by
 the drink as provided in KRS 243.030 and KRS 243.040.
- 11 (4) No alcoholic beverage license shall be issued to any applicant within the precinct
 12 except the nine (9) or the eighteen (18) hole regulation golf course named in the
 13 proposition.
- → Section 559. KRS 242.1232 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) The <u>Department[Office]</u> of Alcoholic Beverage Control shall not issue a license to
 16 an applicant authorized to apply for a license to sell alcoholic beverages by the
 17 drink under KRS 242.123 unless the applicant and the golf course, if different from
 18 the applicant, agree to voluntarily comply with the provisions of KRS Chapter 344,
 19 whether or not the applicant and the golf course would otherwise be covered by the
 20 provisions of KRS Chapter 344.
- 21 (2) The <u>department{office}</u> shall revoke or suspend any license issued under KRS
 22 242.123 if the <u>department{office}</u> or the Kentucky Commission on Human Rights
 23 makes a finding that the applicant or the golf course, if different from the applicant,
 24 has violated a requirement specified in this section.
- Section 560. KRS 242.1242 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) To promote economic development and tourism in any county or city in which 27 prohibition is in effect, in whole or in part, and a qualified historic site is located, a

1	local option election for the limited sales of alcoholic beverages by the drink may be
2	held in the precinct of the county where the qualified historic site is located,
3	notwithstanding any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

- 4 (2) A local option election for the limited sale of alcoholic beverages by the drink held
 5 under subsection (1) of this section shall be conducted in the same manner as
 6 specified in KRS 242.020; 242.030(1), (2), and (5); 242.040; and 242.060 to
 7 242.120. The form of the proposition to be voted upon shall be "Are you in favor of
 8 the sale of alcoholic beverages by the drink at qualified historic sites in the (name of
 9 precinct)?"
- 10 (3) Upon approval of the proposition, the <u>Department</u>[Office] of Alcoholic Beverage
 11 Control shall issue a license to qualified historic sites that meet the criteria included
 12 in the proposition for the sale of alcoholic beverages by the drink as provided in
 13 KRS 243.030.
- → Section 561. KRS 243.025 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) All of the fees paid into the State Treasury for licenses issued under KRS 243.030 16 and 243.040 shall be credited to a revolving trust and agency account, as provided 17 in KRS 45.253, for the *Department* of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- 18 (2) All fees associated with the <u>department's[agency's]</u> server training program, except
 19 for board-ordered fees, shall be collected on a cost recovery basis and shall be
 20 credited to the revolving trust and agency account established under subsection (1)
 21 of this section.
- 22 (3) These moneys shall be used solely for the administration and enforcement of KRS
 23 Chapters 241, 242, 243, and 244. The moneys in the account shall not lapse at the
 24 close of the fiscal year.
- Section 562. KRS 243.030 is amended to read as follows:
- The following kinds of distilled spirits and wine licenses may be issued by the director of the Division of Distilled Spirits, the fees for which shall be:

1	(1)	Distiller's license, per annum\$2,500.00
2	(2)	Rectifier's license, per annum
3	(3)	Blender's license, per annum\$2,500.00
4	(4)	Vintner's license, per annum\$1,000.00
5	(5)	Small farm winery license, per annum\$100.00
6		(a) Small farm winery off-premises retail license, per annum
7	(6)	Wholesaler's license, per annum\$2,000.00
8	(7)	Retail package license, per annum:
9		(a) In counties containing cities of the first class or a consolidated local
10		government\$800.00
11		(b) In counties containing cities of the second class
12		(c) In counties containing cities of the third class\$600.00
13		(d) In counties containing cities of the fourth class\$500.00
14		(e) In all other counties\$400.00
15	(8)	Retail drink license, motel drink license, restaurant drink license, or supplemental
16		bar license, per annum:
17		(a) In counties containing cities of the first class or a consolidated local
18		government\$1,000.00
19		(b) In counties containing cities of the second class
20		(c) In counties containing cities of the third class\$600.00
21		(d) In counties containing cities of the fourth class\$500.00
22		(e) The fee for each of the first five (5) supplemental bar licenses shall be the
23		same as the fee for the drink license. There shall be no charge for each
24		supplemental license issued in excess of five (5) to the same licensee at the
25		same premises.
26	(9)	Transporter's license, per annum
27	(10)	Dining car license, per annum\$100.00

1	(11) Special nonbeverage alcohol vendor's license, per annum
2	(12) Special industrial alcohol license, per annum
3	(13) Special nonindustrial alcohol license, per annum
4	(14) Special agent's or solicitor's license, per annum
5	(15) Special storage or warehouse license and bottling house storage license,
6	per annum\$500.00
7	(16) Special temporary liquor license, per event\$100.00
8	(17) Special private club license, per annum
9	The fee for each special private club license shall be the fee set out in this subsection;
10	however, there shall be no charge for each special private club license issued in excess of
11	six (6) that is issued to the same licensee at the same premises.
12	(18) Special Sunday retail drink license, per annum
13	(19) Nonresident special agent or solicitor's license, per annum\$100.00
14	(20) Transport permit, nonresident license, per annum
15	(21) Through transporter's license, per annum
16	(22) Freight forwarder's license, per annum\$100.00
17	(23) Restaurant wine license, per annum\$500.00
18	(24) Special temporary wine license, per event\$50.00
19	(25) Caterer's license, per annum\$800.00
20	(26) Souvenir retail liquor license, per annum\$500.00
21	(27) Special temporary distilled spirits and wine
22	auction license, per event\$100.00
23	(28) Airport drink license, per annum\$1,000.00
24	(29) Convention center or convention hotel complex
25	license, per annum
26	(30) Extended hours supplemental license, per annum\$2,000.00
27	(31) Horse race track license, per annum\$2,000.00

1	(32)	Automobile race track license, per annum\$2,000.00
2	(33)	Air or rail system license, per annum \$2,000.00
3	(34)	Riverboat license, per annum\$1,000.00
4	(35)	Bottling house license, per annum\$1,000.00
5	(36)	Hotel in-room license, per annum\$200.00
6	(37)	Bonded warehouse license, per annum\$1,000.00
7	(38)	Air transporter liquor license, per annum\$500.00
8	(39)	Sampling license, per annum\$100.00
9	(40)	Replacement or duplicate license
10	(41)	Entertainment destination license, per annum
11	(42)	(a) Limited restaurant license or limited golf course license, per annum
12		(includes distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages), new applicants:
13		1. In counties containing cities of the first class or a consolidated local
14		government\$1,200.00
15		2. In counties containing cities of the second class\$900.00
16		3. In counties containing cities of the third class\$800.00
17		4. In counties containing cities of the fourth, fifth,
18		or sixth classes\$700.00
19		(b) Renewals for limited restaurant licenses or limited golf course licenses shall
20		be \$50.00 less than the applicable licensing fee for new applicants.
21	(43)	Small farm winery wholesaler's license, per annum\$100.00
22	(44)	Qualified historic site license (includes distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages by
23		the drink), per annum
24	(45)	A nonrefundable fee of fifty dollars (\$50) shall be charged to process each new
25		transitional license pursuant to KRS 243.045.
26	(46)	Other special licenses the board finds necessary for the proper regulation and
27		control of the traffic in distilled spirits and wine and provides for by administrative

1		regulation. In fixing the amount of license taxes that are required to be fixed by the
2		board, it shall have regard for the value of the privilege granted.
3	A no	onrefundable application fee of fifty dollars (\$50) shall be charged to process each
4	new	application under this section, except for subsections (5), (9), (11), (12), (13), (14),
5	(16),	(19), (20), (21), (22), (24), (27), (39), and (40). The application fee shall be applied
6	to th	ne licensing fee if the license is issued; otherwise it shall be retained by the
7	<u>depa</u>	<u>rtment[office]</u> .
8		→ Section 563. KRS 243.036 is amended to read as follows:
9	(1)	A special temporary distilled spirits and wine auction license may be issued to a
10		charitable organization, upon the payment of the fee set forth in KRS 243.030 and
11		upon satisfaction of the requirements prescribed by administrative regulation
12		promulgated by the <u>department</u> office].
13	(2)	A special temporary distilled spirits and wine auction license shall authorize the
14		charitable organization to:
15		(a) Purchase, transport, receive, possess, store, sell, and deliver distilled spirits
16		and wine to be sold at auction in the manner prescribed by administrative
17		regulation promulgated by the <u>department</u> [office];
18		(b) Obtain distilled spirits and wine from distillers, rectifiers, vintners,
19		wholesalers, distributors, retailers, or any other person, by gift or donation, for
20		the purpose of charity auctions in the manner prescribed by administrative
21		regulation promulgated by the <u>department</u> [office]; and
22		(c) Receive payment for distilled spirits and wine sold at auctions in the manner
23		prescribed by administrative regulation promulgated by the
24		<u>department</u> [office].
25	(3)	Each distilled spirits and wine auction conducted by a charitable organization shall
26		be subject to all restrictions and limitations contained in KRS Chapters 241 to 244
27		and the administrative regulations issued under those chapters and shall be

- authorized only on the days and only during the hours that the sale of alcoholic beverages is otherwise authorized in the county or municipality.
- The location at which the distilled spirits and wine are auctioned under this section shall not constitute a public place for the purpose of KRS Chapter 222. Distilled spirits and wine auctions may be conducted on licensed or unlicensed premises. The charitable organization possessing a special temporary distilled spirits and wine auction license shall post a copy of the license at the location of the auction. During this period not more than one (1) auction shall be held.
- 9 (5) A special temporary distilled spirits and wine auction license shall not be issued for 10 any period longer than thirty (30) days. During this period not more than one (1) 11 auction shall be held.
- 12 (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of KRS Chapters 241 to 244, a distiller, 13 rectifier, vintner, wholesaler, distributor, or retailer may donate, give away, or 14 deliver any of its products to a charitable organization possessing a special 15 temporary distilled spirits and wine auction license under this section.
- 16 (7) All restrictions and prohibitions applying to a distilled spirits and wine retail
 17 package and distilled spirits and wine by the drink license, not inconsistent with this
 18 section, shall apply to a special temporary distilled spirits and wine auction license.
- Section 564. KRS 243.040 is amended to read as follows:
- The following kinds of malt beverage licenses may be issued by the director of the
- Division of Malt Beverages, the fees for which shall be:

- 25 (4) Malt beverage retail license, per annum:

HB039310.100-502

1	(5) Dining car license, per annum\$200.00
2	(6) Transporter's license, per annum
3	(7) Special temporary license, per event
4	(8) Special off-premises retail storage license, per annum
5	(9) Distributor's storage, per annum\$250.00
6	(10) Special beer transporter's license, per annum
7	(11) Brew-on-premises license, per annum\$500.00
8	(12) Out-of-state brewer license, per annum\$1,500.00
9	(13) Malt beverage warehouse license, per annum
10	(14) Replacement or duplicate license, per annum
11	(15) Limited out-of-state brewer license, per annum\$250.00
12	(16) Qualified historic site, per annum\$200.00
13	(17) A nonrefundable fee of fifty dollars (\$50) shall be charged to process each new
14	transitional license pursuant to KRS 243.045.
15	(18) Other special licenses as the state board finds to be necessary for the administration
16	of KRS Chapters 241, 242, 243, and 244 and for the proper regulation and control
17	of the trafficking in malt beverages, as provided for by administrative regulations
18	promulgated by the state board.
19	Applicants for special licenses provided for under the authority granted in subsection (15)
20	may be exempt from so much of the provisions of subsection (1)(f) of KRS 243.100 set
21	out in administrative regulations promulgated by the board. A nonrefundable application
22	fee of fifty dollars (\$50) shall be charged to process each new application for a license
23	under this section except for subsections (6), (7), (10), and (14). The application fee shall
24	be applied to the licensing fee if the license is issued, or otherwise the fee shall be
25	retained by the <u>department</u> [office].
26	→ Section 565. KRS 243.045 is amended to read as follows:

(1) A transitional license may be issued by the director of the Division of Malt

1	Beverages or the director of the Division of Distilled Spirits during the time a
2	transfer of an ongoing business is being processed under the following conditions:

- (a) The purchaser shall file an application for a permanent license with the appropriate local alcoholic beverage authority and with the department[office];
- 6 (b) The purchaser shall advertise its intention to apply for a license pursuant to
 7 KRS 243.360; and
- 8 (c) The purchaser shall pay all application fees for the permanent license.

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- 10 If the above requirements are met, the director of the Division of Malt Beverages or
 10 the director of the Division of Distilled Spirits, as appropriate, shall have the
 11 discretion to issue a transitional license with a term of up to sixty (60) days, plus
 12 one (1) thirty (30) day extension period, to the purchaser for a processing fee set
 13 forth in KRS 243.030 to 243.040. All transitional licenses immediately expire upon
 14 the issuance to the purchaser of one (1) or more permanent licenses.
- Upon completion of the sale of the business, the purchaser shall not operate the business on the seller's license.
- 17 (4) The transitional license shall not be transferable or used for an application to move 18 a business from one (1) location to another location.
- → Section 566. KRS 243.050 is amended to read as follows:
- 20 (1) The <u>department</u>[office] may issue a railroad system license to a railroad company
 21 upon the payment of the required fee. This license tax shall be in lieu of all license
 22 and excise taxes which would otherwise be due by the holder in connection with the
 23 retailing of alcoholic beverages.
- 24 (2) The <u>department[office]</u> may issue a commercial airlines system license to a
 25 commercial airlines system or charter flight system upon the payment of the
 26 required fee. This license fee shall be in lieu of all license and excise taxes which
 27 would otherwise be due by the holder in connection with the retailing of alcoholic

- beverages and the license may be renewed annually. The license shall authorize the licensee to sell distilled spirits and wine by the drink and by miniature bottle, and malt beverages, upon regularly scheduled or charter flights of the licensee, in and out of the State of Kentucky. The license shall authorize the licensee to store alcoholic beverages for retail sale at a location or locations, if operating from more than one (1) airport in Kentucky, as designated on the license application.
- The <u>department</u>[office] may issue a transporter's license to a commercial airline system, a charter flight system, or a commercial cargo system, upon the payment of the required fee. This license may be renewed annually. The license shall authorize the licensee to transport distilled spirits and wine and malt beverages, into and out of the State of Kentucky, upon regularly scheduled or charter flights of the licensee. The license shall authorize, for the purpose of transportation, the storage of alcoholic beverages at a location or locations, if operating from more than one (1) airport in Kentucky, as designated on the license application. This license shall authorize an airline to transport if both the consignor and consignee in each case are authorized by the laws of the states of their residence to sell, purchase, ship, or receive the alcoholic beverages.
- The <u>department</u> office may issue a convention center or convention hotel complex license for the retail sale of distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages for consumption on the premises to a convention center or hotel having seating capacity of one thousand (1,000) or more persons. The license shall cover all alcoholic beverage sales on the premises, except that a separate hotel in-room service license shall be required, where applicable. An extended supplement license under subsection (5) of this section may also be issued where applicable. The convention center or convention hotel complex license shall be a nonquota license and shall not be transferable to other premises. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to convention center licenses or the renewal thereof, other than those in a city of the

HB039310.100-502

first class or a county containing a city of the first class or a consolidated local government, if the original license was issued prior to July 15, 1998.

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- Where it is determined by the department of to be in the best interest of (5) promoting tourism, conventions, and the economic development of Kentucky or any part thereof, the department office may issue a supplemental license for the retail sale of alcoholic beverages by the drink at convention centers, at horse race tracks licensed to conduct a race meeting under KRS Chapter 230, at commercial airports through which more than five hundred thousand (500,000) passengers arrive or depart annually, at automobile race tracks having a seating capacity of at least thirty thousand (30,000) people, and at qualified historic sites. Upon application by the holder of a retail alcoholic beverage license at a convention center, convention hotel complex, horse race track, automobile race track, commercial airport, or qualified historic site meeting the requirements of this subsection as provided above, the department of fice may establish the days when the supplemental license will be valid at the specific location, including Sundays after 1 p.m. The supplemental license fee shall be established, and shall be in addition to all other licenses and fees due by the holder in connection with the retailing of alcoholic beverages. The department of the may, by administrative regulation or special conditions of the supplemental permit, establish such restrictions on the use of the license as will insure that it will be primarily for the benefit of the convention business, the horse racing industry, passengers at large commercial airports, the automobile racing industry, and qualified historic sites.
 - → Section 567. KRS 243.055 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) As used in this section, the following definitions shall apply:
- 25 (a) "Hotel" means any hotel, motel, inn, or other establishment which offers
 26 overnight accommodations to the public for hire;
- 27 (b) "In-room service" means the delivery of alcoholic beverages in unbroken

packages by an employee of the hotel to a registered guest's room when the alcoholic beverages have been ordered by a guest and when the guest shall be billed for the cost of the alcoholic beverages at the time of delivery, with all sales of the alcoholic beverages being completed upon delivery; and, additionally, the provision of a cabinet or other facility located in a hotel guest's room which contains alcoholic beverages and which is provided upon written request of the guest and which is accessible by lock and key or remote control device only to the guest, with the sale of the alcoholic beverages contained therein being final at the time requested, except for a credit which may be given to the guest for any unused portion. The licensee may stock a cabinet or other facility located in a hotel guest's room pursuant to this section, with fifty (50) milliliter containers of distilled spirits.

- The <u>department</u>[office] may issue a hotel in-room service license to any hotel which is licensed to sell distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages upon the payment of the fee set forth in KRS 243.030. The license shall authorize the licensee to sell distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages by in-room service. The sale of alcoholic beverages by in-room service shall be subject to all restrictions and limitations contained in KRS Chapters 241 to 244, and the administrative regulations issued under those chapters, and shall be authorized only on the days and only during the hours as the sale of alcoholic beverages is otherwise authorized in the county or municipality. All alcoholic beverages sold pursuant to this section shall be considered by the drink sales and shall be subject to all state and local taxes imposed on alcoholic beverages and shall be purchased from a licensed wholesaler and distributor.
- 25 → Section 568. KRS 243.090 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) All licenses issued by the <u>department{office}</u>, except special event or temporary
 27 licenses, shall be valid for a period of no more than a year. All licenses shall expire

(2)

on June 30 of each year until the licensee is notified by the <u>department</u> of that a renewal system with staggered dates has been implemented. The <u>department</u> of shall promulgate administrative regulations establishing the year-round system for renewal of licenses. The system shall be designed to distribute the workload as uniformly as possible within the offices of the local administrators and the <u>Department</u> of Alcoholic Beverage Control.

- When any person applies for a new license authorized to be issued under KRS 243.020 to 243.670, he shall be charged, if the license is issued, the full fee for the respective license if six (6) months or more remain before the license is due to be renewed and one-half (1/2) the fee if less than six (6) months remain before the license is due to be renewed. No abatement of license fees shall be permitted to any person who held a license of the same kind for the same premises in the preceding license period and who was actually doing business under the license during the last month of the preceding license period.
 - (3) The renewal by the <u>department</u> of the certificate or permit of any alcoholic beverage license shall not be construed to waive or condone any violation that occurred prior to the renewal and shall not prevent subsequent proceedings against the licensee.
 - → Section 569. KRS 243.155 is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Any in-state or out-of-state small farm winery may apply for a small farm winery license. In addition to all other licensing requirements, an applicant for a small farm winery license shall submit with its application a copy of the small farm winery's federal basic permit and proof documenting its annual wine production. An out-of-state winery shall submit additional documentation evidencing its resident state. As part of the application process, an out-of-state winery shall publish its notice of intent, as required by KRS 243.360, in the Kentucky newspaper of highest circulation. The <u>department{office}</u> shall promulgate administrative regulations

1		estal	plishing the form the documentation of proof of production shall take.
2	(2)	A sr	nall farm winery license shall authorize the licensee to perform the following
3		func	tions without having to obtain separate licenses, except that each small farm
4		wine	ery off-premises retail site shall be separately licensed:
5		(a)	Manufacture wines and bottle wines produced by that small farm winery;
6		(b)	Bottle wines produced by another small farm winery;
7		(c)	Serve on the premises or at small farm winery off-premise retail sites
8			complimentary samples of wine produced by it in amounts not to exceed six
9			(6) ounces per patron per day, if the small farm winery or its off-premise retail
10			site is located in wet territory;
11		(d)	Sell by the drink or by the package on premises, at small farm winery off-
12			premise retail sites, and at fairs, festivals, and other similar types of events,
13			wine produced on the premises of the small farm winery or produced by a
14			licensed small farm winery, at retail to consumers if all sales sites are located
15			in wet territory;
16		(e)	Sell and transport wine produced on the premises of the small farm winery to
17			wholesale license holders and small farm winery license holders;
18		(f)	Consume on the premises wine produced by the small farm winery or a
19			licensed small farm winery and purchased by the drink or by the package at
20			the licensed premises, if the small farm winery is located in wet territory; and
21		(g)	Ship to a customer wine produced by a small farm winery if:
22			1. The wine is purchased by the customer in person at the small farm
23			winery;
24			2. The wine is shipped by licensed common carrier; and
25			3. The amount of wine shipped is limited to two (2) cases per customer per
26			visit.
27	(3)	If a	licensed small farm winery is located in a dry territory, KRS 242.230 to 242.430

shall apply, unless a local option election is held in accordance with the provisions of this subsection. A limited sale precinct election may be held in a precinct containing a licensed small farm winery or a proposed small farm winery located in a dry territory. The election shall be held in the same manner as prescribed by KRS 242.010 to 242.040 and 242.060 to 242.120. If the precinct contains a licensed small farm winery, the proposition to be voted on shall state, "Are you in favor of the sale of wine at the (name of the licensed small farm winery or wineries)?" If the precinct contains a proposed small farm winery or wineries, the proposition voted on shall state, "Are you in favor of the sale of wine at the (name of the proposed small farm winery or wineries)?" If the proposition is approved, a licensed small farm winery within the precinct may sell wine in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.

- Other provisions of this chapter and KRS Chapter 244 notwithstanding, a small farm winery license holder may also hold a restaurant wine license and a retail malt beverage license, provided the issuance of these licenses is in connection with the establishment and operation of a restaurant, hotel, inn, bed and breakfast, conference center, or any similar business enterprise the purpose of which is to promote viticulture, enology, and tourism. The retail malt beverage license issued under this subsection shall limit the licensee to the sale of malt beverages for consumption on the premises only.
- 21 (5) This section shall not exempt the holder of a small farm winery license from the 22 provisions of KRS Chapters 241, 242, 243, and 244, nor from the administrative 23 regulations of the board, nor from regulation by the board at all premises licensed 24 by the small farm winery, except as expressly stated in this section.
- 25 (6) Nothing contained in this section shall exempt a licensed out-of-state winery from 26 obeying the laws of its resident state.
- 27 (7) Any person previously licensed as a small or farm winery under this chapter prior to

- January 1, 2007, shall hereby be authorized to conduct business as a small farm
 winery licensee, until such time as the term of his or her small or farm winery
 license expires. Upon the expiration of the term remaining on his or her small or
 farm winery license, a licensee who is in good standing shall be issued a small farm
 winery license as part of the renewal process after he or she submits to the
 department[office] the winery's federal basic permit and proof of its annual wine
 production.
- Section 570. KRS 243.200 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 (1) A distilled spirits and wine transporter's license shall authorize the licensee to
 10 transport distilled spirits and wine to or from the licensed premises of any licensee
 11 under KRS 243.020 to 243.670 if both the consignor and consignee in each case are
 12 authorized by the law of the states of their residence to sell, purchase, ship or
 13 receive the alcoholic beverages.
- 14 (2) A distilled spirits and wine transporter's license shall be issued only to persons
 15 authorized by proper certificate from the Department of Vehicle Regulation to
 16 engage in the business of common carrier.
- 17 (3) No person except a railroad company or railway express company shall transport or 18 cause to be transported any distilled spirits or wine, unless expressly authorized to 19 do so by law.
- 20 (4) Distilled spirits and wine may be transported by the holder of any license authorized 21 by KRS 243.030 from and to express or freight depots to and from the premises 22 covered by the license of the person so transporting distilled spirits or wine.
- 23 (5) A licensed alcoholic beverage store operator may move, within the same county,
 24 alcoholic beverages from one of the operator's licensed stores to another without a
 25 transporter's license. However, the licensed store operator shall keep and maintain,
 26 in one (1) of his or her stores in that county, adequate books and records of the
 27 transactions involved in transporting alcoholic beverages from one (1) licensed

- store to another in accordance with standards established in administrative regulations promulgated by the board. The records shall be available to the department[office] and the Department of Revenue upon request.
 - (6) Distilled spirits and wine may be transported by the holder of any retail package or drink license issued under KRS 243.030 from the premises of a licensed wholesaler to the licensed premises of the retail licensee. Any retailer transporting alcoholic beverages under this subsection shall do so in a vehicle marked in conformity with administrative regulations of the <u>department[office]</u>. Both the wholesaler and the retailer engaging in activity under this subsection shall be responsible for maintaining records documenting the transactions.
 - → Section 571. KRS 243.290 is amended to read as follows:

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- A malt beverage special temporary license shall authorize the sale of malt beverages at retail for consumption on the premises of any regularly organized fair or racing association for a particular fair, race, or race meeting conducted by the association, or for special temporary occasions such as picnics, bazaars, and carnivals. The issuance or refusal of a malt beverage special temporary license and the exercise of the privilege granted by the license shall be subject to such regulations as the <u>department{office}</u> may in each particular case deem necessary.
- → Section 572. KRS 243.360 is amended to read as follows:
- Any person, corporation, partnership, or any other entity, except an applicant for the 20 (1) same license for the same premises, or an applicant for an out-of-state brewer's 21 22 license, supplemental bar license, extended hours supplemental license, a special agent or solicitor's license, a bonded warehouse license, a freight forwarding 23 license, a storage warehouse license, an industrial alcohol license, a nonindustrial 24 25 alcohol license, a storage warehouse license, a nonbeverage license, a vendor license, a transporter's license, a Sunday license, or a temporary drink license shall, 26 before applying for a license under KRS 243.030 and 243.040, advertise by 27

- publication under KRS 424.130(1)(b) his or her intention to apply for a license.
- 2 (2) The notice shall conform in all material respects to the following requirements:
- 3 (a) The notice shall state: the name and address of the applicant if the applicant is
 4 an individual, the name and address of each partner and the name of the
 5 business and its address if the applicant is a partnership, and the name and
 6 address of each principal officer and director and the name and business
 7 address of the corporation if the applicant is a corporation;
 - (b) The notice shall specifically state the location of the premises for which the license is sought and the type of license being requested; and
 - (c) The notice shall state the date the application will be filed and shall contain the following statement: "Any person, association, corporation, or body politic may protest the granting of the license by writing the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Alcoholic Beverage Control, 1003 Twilight Trail, Suite A-2, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601, within thirty (30) days of the date of legal publication."
- 15 (3) Any protest received after the thirty (30) day period has expired shall not be 16 considered a valid legal protest by the board.
- → Section 573. KRS 243.380 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) Applications for licenses provided for in KRS 243.030 and 243.050 shall be made 19 to the director of the Division of Distilled Spirits. Applications for licenses 20 provided for in KRS 243.040 shall be made to the director of the Division of Malt 21 Beverages.
 - (2) All applications shall be on forms furnished by the <u>department</u>[office]. They shall be verified and shall set forth in detail such information concerning the applicant and the premises for which the license is sought as the board by regulation requires. Each application shall be accompanied by payment. Payment of the license fee may be by certified check, cash, a postal or express money order, or any other method of payment approved in writing by both the Finance and Administration Cabinet and

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l	the Office of the State Treasurer. Promptly upon receipt thereof the board shall pay
2	the same into the State Treasury, giving the Department of Revenue copies of the
3	pay-in vouchers and such other supporting data as the Department of Revenue may
1	require for revenue control purposes.

→ Section 574. KRS 243.390 is amended to read as follows:

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- 6 (1) In addition to other information as the board may by administrative regulation 7 require, every application for a license under KRS 243.020 to 243.670 shall contain 8 the following information, given under oath:
- 9 (a) The name, age, Social Security number, address, residence, and citizenship of each applicant;
 - (b) If the applicant is a partner, the name, age, Social Security number, address, residence, and citizenship of each partner and the name and address of the partnership;
 - (c) The name, age, Social Security number, address, residence, and citizenship of each person interested in the business for which the license is sought, together with the nature of that interest, and, if the applicant is a corporation, limited partnership company, or limited liability company, the name, age, Social Security number, address, and residence of each officer, director, member, partner, and managerial employee and the citizenship of each, and the state under the laws of which the corporate applicant is incorporated or organized. The <u>department[office]</u> may require the names of all the stockholders and the percentage of stock held by each;
 - (d) The premises to be licensed, stating the street and number, if the premises has a street number, and otherwise such a description that will reasonably indicate the location of the premises;
- 26 (e) A statement that neither the applicant nor any other person referred to in this 27 section has been convicted of; any misdemeanor directly or indirectly

attributable to alcoholic beverages; any violation of KRS 218A.050
218A.060, 218A.070, 218A.080, 218A.090, 218A.100, 218A.110, 218A.120,
or 218A.130 within the two (2) years immediately preceding the application;
any felony, within five (5) years from the later of the date of parole or the date
of conviction; or providing false information to the <u>department</u> of fice
preceding the application; and that the applicant or any other person referred
to in this section has not had any license that has been issued to him under any
alcoholic beverage statute revoked for cause within two (2) years prior to the
date of the application; and

- (f) A statement that the applicant will in good faith abide by every state and local statute, regulation, and ordinance relating to the manufacture, sale, use of, and trafficking in alcoholic beverages.
- 13 (2) If, after a license has been issued, there is a change in any of the facts required to be
 14 set forth in the application, a verified supplemental statement in writing giving
 15 notice of the change shall be filed with the board within ten (10) days after the
 16 change.
 - (3) In giving any notice or taking any action in reference to a license, the board may rely upon the information furnished in the application or in the supplemental statement connected with the application. This information, as against the licensee or applicant, shall be conclusively presumed to be correct. The information required to be furnished in the application or supplemental statement shall be deemed material in any prosecution for perjury.
 - → Section 575. KRS 243.400 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) Every applicant for a brewer's, distiller's, rectifier's, bottling house or vintner's
 25 license shall file with his application a bond to the state in the amount of one
 26 thousand dollars (\$1,000). The bond shall be on a form approved by the board and
 27 shall have corporate surety registered by the <u>Department Office</u> of Insurance. The

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- applicant shall be the principal obligor and the state shall be the obligee. The bond shall be conditioned upon the prompt payment by the obligor to the Department of Revenue of any and all state taxes, with penalties and interest. The applicant may
- 4 file a continuing bond provided that each renewal application is accompanied by:
- 5 (a) An affidavit that the bond remains in force, and
- 6 (b) A copy of consent of surety.

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- An applicant for two (2) or more licenses of the same kind may file a blanket bond covering all of his operations. The amount of such a bond shall be the same as if separate bonds were furnished.
 - Every applicant for a wholesaler's license shall file with his application a corporate surety bond to the state in the minimum amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or an amount equal to three (3) times the monthly tax liability, whichever is less, and up to a maximum amount of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000). It shall be sufficient, in the opinion of the board, which shall consider the financial reputation and rating of the applicant, to insure payment to the state of the amount of any and all taxes and penalties and interest for which the wholesaler may become liable. It shall be on a form to be approved by the board and with surety on the bond approved by the board. The applicant shall be the principal obligor and the state the obligee. The bond shall be conditioned upon the prompt payment by the wholesaler to the Department of Revenue of any and all state taxes, with penalties and interest.
- ≥ Section 576. KRS 243.460 is amended to read as follows:
- If the payment of a license fee was erroneously made or the state director refuses to issue
 the license the *department*[office] shall authorize the payment of the refundable amount,
- 24 if at the expiration of thirty (30) days no appeal has been filed.
- 25 → Section 577. KRS 243.480 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) Upon proceedings for the revocation of any license under KRS 243.520, the
 27 Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, or the local alcoholic beverage administrator,

may in its or his or her discretion order a suspension of the license for any cause for which it may, but is not required to, revoke the license under the provisions of KRS 243.490 and 243.500. However, the licensee may have the alternative, subject to the approval of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board or the local alcoholic beverage administrator, to pay in lieu of part or all of the days of any suspension period, a sum as follows: Distillers, rectifiers, vintners, brewers, and blenders, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per day; wholesale liquor licensees, four hundred dollars (\$400) per day; wholesale beer licensees, four hundred dollars (\$400) per day; retail licensees authorized to sell distilled spirits, wine, or beer by the package or drink, fifty dollars (\$50) per day; and all remaining licensees, fifty dollars (\$50) per day.

- 12 (2) Payments in lieu of suspension or for board-ordered agency server training,
 12 collected on a cost recovery basis, collected by the Alcoholic Beverage Control
 13 Board shall be deposited in the State Treasury and credited to the general
 14 expenditure fund. Payments in lieu of suspension collected by local alcoholic
 15 beverage administrators shall be deposited and used as local alcoholic beverage
 16 license tax receipts are deposited and used.
- 17 (3) In addition to or in lieu of a suspension of a license, the board may order a licensee 18 to pay for and require attendance and completion by some or all of the licensee's 19 alcoholic beverage servers in the <u>department's[agency's]</u> server training program.
- 20 (4) Appeals from orders of suspension and the procedure thereon shall be the same as 21 are provided for orders of revocation in KRS Chapter 13B.
- ⇒ Section 578. KRS 243.490 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) Any license issued under KRS 243.020 to 243.670 may be revoked by the state 24 board if the licensee shall have violated any of the provisions of KRS Chapter 241, 25 243, or 244, or any rule or regulation of the board or of the Department of Revenue 26 relating to the regulation of the manufacture, sale, and transportation or taxation of 27 alcoholic beverages or if the licensee shall have violated or shall violate any Act of

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Congress or any rule or regulation of any federal board, agency, or commission, or
any ordinance now, heretofore, or hereafter in effect relating to the regulation of the
manufacture, sale and transportation or taxation of intoxicating liquors or any rules
or regulations of any local alcoholic beverage authority or any similar body
heretofore in existence or authorized by the terms of KRS Chapters 241, 243, and
244 to be created, or if any clerk, agent, servant, or employee of any licensee shall
violate any of the laws, regulations, or ordinances above referred to, irrespective of
whether the licensee knew of or permitted the violation or whether the violation was
committed in disobedience of his instructions, or any license may be revoked for
any cause which the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board in the exercise of its sound
discretion deems sufficient. A license may be revoked for any of the reasons for
which the administrator would have been required to refuse a license if the facts had
been known.

- (2) If it is determined that an applicant for a license or license renewal under the provisions of this chapter is a delinquent taxpayer as defined in KRS 131.1815, the Department[Office] of Alcoholic Beverage Control may refuse to issue or renew the license to the applicant.
- → Section 579. KRS 243.502 is amended to read as follows:

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- 19 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a person shall not sell, 20 purchase, deliver, give away, possess, use, or offer for sale or use an alcohol 21 vaporizing device or assist another in selling or using an alcohol vaporizing device.
- 22 (2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to:
- 23 (a) A hospital that operates primarily for the purpose of conducting scientific 24 research;
- 25 (b) A public institution that is a member of the postsecondary education system or 26 an independent institution as defined in KRS 164.001 that is conducting bona 27 fide research;

- 1 (c) A pharmaceutical or biotechnology company conducting bona fide research;
- 2 (d) A manufacturer or distributor that sells an alcohol vaporizing device to one (1)
 3 of the entities set out in this subsection; or
- (e) A device used by a manufacturer in the manufacturing process.
- to (d) of this section shall retain the alcohol vaporizing device in a secure location such that it is used only for research purposes. They shall not transfer the device to an entity or institution other than one covered by subsection (2) of this section and shall destroy the device when it is no longer of use. The <u>department of fived</u> may promulgate administrative regulations authorizing additional reports if the <u>department of fived</u> deems the reports reasonably necessary.
- → Section 580. KRS 243.510 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 (1) The <u>department[office]</u> shall print and furnish to each licensee under KRS 243.020
 14 to 243.670 a statement of the causes for which licenses may be revoked. That
 15 statement shall be prepared by the state director and delivered to the licensee with
 16 his license, or as soon after that as may be practical. The director shall take from
 17 each licensee a signed receipt stating that he has received and read the statement.
 - (2) Any changes in or additions to the causes for which licenses may be revoked shall also be sent by the director to each licensee at his address as it appears in his application or the last amendment to his application, as soon as may be practical after such changes in or additions to the causes for which licenses may be revoked become effective.
- 23 (3) Failure of the <u>department</u>[office] to furnish the statement or to send notice of changes, or the failure of the licensee to receive or read the statement, or any error contained in the statement or notice of changes shall not be an excuse or justification for any violation of law, or prevent, remit or decrease any penalty for a violation.

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→ Section 581. KRS 243.540 is amended to read as follows:

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- 2 (1) The provisions of this section shall apply to any licensee who is unable to continue
 in business at the licensed premises because of an act of God; a casualty; an
 acquisition by a federal, state, city, or other governmental agency under the power
 of eminent domain granted to the government or agency; a voluntary or involuntary
 acquisition by any private corporation through the corporation's power of eminent
 domain; a loss of lease because the landlord fails to renew an existing lease; court
 action; or other verifiable business reason.
 - (2) If a license issued by the <u>department[office]</u> has been revoked, the former licensee may, under the supervision of the state director, dispose of and transfer his or her stock to another licensee if the disposition is completed within ninety (90) days and the licensee is a distiller, rectifier, vintner, or brewer. The disposition shall be completed within thirty (30) days if the licensee is a wholesaler or distributor or within twenty (20) days if the licensee is a retailer.
- 15 (3) A retail licensee in good standing with the <u>department</u>[office] who voluntarily
 16 ceases to operate his or her business for any reason other than revocation by the
 17 board or a court order shall dispose of all alcoholic beverage inventory within thirty
 18 (30) days of the event. The following requirements shall apply to the disposition of
 19 the licensee's inventory:
 - (a) If the premises is still open to the public and the licensee has not yet surrendered the license, the licensee shall sell alcoholic beverages only to the public and shall not sell below costs;
 - (b) If a licensee has terminated his or her business and has surrendered his or her license to the <u>department</u>[office], he or she shall submit a written request for approval from the state director within ten (10) days in advance of the sale to dispose of the licensee's remaining inventory. The request shall identify the retailer who is purchasing the inventory, the proposed date of the sale, and the

1 quantity	tvpes.	, and brar	nds of alc	ohol to be	e sold: a	ınd
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- (c) If a licensee has more than one (1) licensed retail premises and closes one (1) or more retail premises and seeks to transfer his or her inventory to another licensed retail premises he or she owns, he or she shall submit a request in writing to the state director at least ten (10) days before the inventory is transferred. The request shall identify the premises to which the alcohol is being transferred, the proposed date of the transfer, and the quantity, types, and brands of alcohol to be sold.
- (4) If a retail licensee files for bankruptcy or is directed by a court to dispose of inventory to satisfy a lien or judgment, the inventory may be sold only to a retail alcoholic beverage licensee. The bankrupt licensee or the licensee subject to the court order shall notify the <u>department[office]</u> of the sale and shall attach a copy of the court order or the judgment directing the sale and a list of the quantity, types, and brands of alcohol to be sold. Any licensee who purchases the inventory shall notify the <u>department[office]</u> within five (5) days after the transfer of the specific inventory sold.
- → Section 582. KRS 243.630 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) For purpose of this section, "transfer" means:
 - (a) The transfer to a new person or entity of ten percent (10%) or more ownership interest in any license issued under KRS 243.020 to 243.670; or
- 21 (b) The transfer in bulk, and not in the ordinary course of business, of a major part
 22 of the fixtures, materials, supplies, merchandise, or other inventory of a
 23 licensee's business.
 - (2) Any license issued under KRS 243.020 to 243.670 to any person for any licensed premises shall not be transferable or assignable to any other person or to any other premises or to any other part of the building containing the licensed premises, unless a transfer or assignment is authorized by the state director in the exercise of

- his sound discretion under KRS 243.640 or 243.650. For the purposes of this section, each railroad dining car shall be deemed premises to be separately licensed.
- A licensee shall not acquire or otherwise dispose of any interest in a licensed premises or any license issued by the <u>department[office]</u>, by sale of assets, stock, inventory, control or right of control, or activities on the licensed premises without prior approval of the state director. The state director shall grant approval if the

person acquiring the interest meets the qualifications for a new applicant.

8 (4) Any acquisition of interest in a license without prior authorization shall be void.

- 9 (5) All applications for approval of a transfer shall be made in writing to the state 10 director having jurisdiction over the license.
- 11 (6) Applications for approval of a transfer shall be made under oath or affirmation,
 12 shall be signed by both the transferor and the transferee, and shall contain such
 13 other information as the *department* of fice may prescribe.
- 14 (7) The appropriate state director shall grant or deny the application within sixty (60)
 15 days of the date the application is substantially complete or on a later date that is
 16 mutually acceptable to the director and the transferee, but it shall not be acted upon
 17 before the end of the public protest period outlined in KRS 243.360.
- 18 (8) No licensee or other person seeking to acquire an interest in an existing license shall
 19 transfer control or assume control of any licensed premises by agreement or
 20 otherwise without the written consent of the state director of malt beverages or the
 21 state director of distilled spirits or both.
- 22 (9) A licensee shall not transfer his or her license or any interest in the license while 23 any proceedings against the license or the licensee for a violation of any statute or 24 regulation which may result in the suspension or revocation of the license are 25 pending.
- 26 (10) A licensee shall not transfer his or her license or any interest he or she has in the 27 license if the licensee owes a debt on the inventory to a wholesaler responsible for

- the collection and payment of the tax imposed under KRS 243.884.
- 2 (11) A licensee shall not transfer his or her license or any interest in the license if the

 licensee owes the Commonwealth of Kentucky for taxes as defined in KRS

 243.500(5). A transfer shall not take place until the <u>department</u>[office] is notified

 by the Kentucky Department of Revenue that the licensee's indebtedness has been

 paid or resolved to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue. This section shall

 not prohibit a transfer of a license or an interest in a license by a trustee in

 bankruptcy if all other requirements of this section are met.
- 9 → Section 583. KRS 243.730 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) (a) Wholesalers of distilled spirits and wine shall pay and report the tax levied by
 11 KRS 243.720(1) and (2) on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month
 12 next succeeding the month in which possession or title of the distilled spirits
 13 and wine is transferred from the wholesaler to retailers or consumers in this
 14 state, in accordance with rules and regulations of the Department of Revenue
 15 designed reasonably to protect the revenues of the Commonwealth.
 - Distributors or retailers of malt beverages, who purchase malt beverages directly from a brewer, shall pay and report the tax levied by KRS 243.720(3) on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month next succeeding the month in which the brewer sells, transfers, or passes title of the malt beverage to the distributor or retailer, in accordance with rules and regulations of the Department of Revenue designed reasonably to protect the revenues of the Commonwealth. The credit allowed brewers in this state, under the provisions of KRS 243.720(3)(b), shall flow through to the distributor or retailer who purchases malt beverages directly from the brewer. If a brewer sells, transfers, or passes title to malt beverages to any of its employees for home consumption or to any charitable or fraternal organization pursuant to the provisions of KRS 243.150, the brewer shall be responsible for paying and

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reporting the tax levied by KRS 243.720(3) in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section.

- (c) Every brewer selling, transferring, or passing title to malt beverages to any person in this state other than a distributor or retailer, and every other person selling, transferring, or passing title of distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages to distributors, retailers, or consumers shall report and pay the tax levied by KRS 243.720(1), (2), or (3) on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month next succeeding the month in which possession or title of distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages is transferred to a distributor, retailer, or consumer in this state, in accordance with rules and regulations of the Department of Revenue designed reasonably to protect the revenues of the Commonwealth.
- (d) Every distributor, retailer, or consumer possessing, using, selling, or distributing distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages in this state upon which the tax levied by KRS 243.720(1), (2), or (3) and KRS 243.884 has not been paid shall be jointly and severally liable for reporting and paying the tax due, in accordance with rules and regulations of the Department of Revenue designed reasonably to protect the revenues of the Commonwealth. Such liability shall not be extinguished until the tax has been paid to the Department of Revenue.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection, every owner of a small farm winery shall pay and report the tax levied by KRS 243.720 (1) and (2) on a quarterly basis, in accordance with administrative regulations of the Department of Revenue designed reasonably to protect the revenues of the Commonwealth.
- (2) Every wholesaler of distilled spirits or wine before using, selling, or distributing by sale or gift distilled spirits and wine shall qualify with the Department of Revenue.

HB039310.100-502 GA

- In order to so qualify, each wholesaler shall furnish to the Department of Revenue a certified copy of the bond required to be filed with the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Alcoholic Beverage Control under the provisions of KRS 243.400(2).
- Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 243.400(1), every brewer before selling or distributing by sale or gift malt beverages, or before importing malt beverages into the state, shall qualify with the Department of Revenue in such manner as the Department of Revenue[department] may require.
 - (4) The Department of Revenue [department] shall have the power to require a bond from any other person liable for Kentucky distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverage taxes provided such person is not otherwise required to post a bond under the provisions of this section. The amount of the bond for persons liable for Kentucky distilled spirits or wine taxes shall be computed as provided in KRS 243.400(2). The amount of the bond for persons liable for Kentucky malt beverage taxes shall be in the minimum amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or an amount equal to three (3) times the person's average monthly Kentucky malt beverage tax liability, whichever is greater. The bond shall be on a form prescribed by the *Department of* Revenue[department] and have corporate surety registered Department Office of Insurance. The person liable for the tax shall be the principal obligor and the state the obligee. The bond shall be conditioned upon the prompt payment by the person to the Department of Revenue of all malt beverage taxes due, with penalties and interest.
 - → Section 584. KRS 243.895 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) All licensed retail vendors of alcoholic beverages shall post in a prominent place
 24 easily seen by patrons a printed sign at least eleven (11) inches by fourteen (14)
 25 inches in size, with letters at least one (1) inch high, supplied by the
 26 <u>Department Office</u> of Alcoholic Beverage Control, and with gender-neutral
 27 language supplied by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, which shall warn

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1		that	drinking alcoholic beverages prior to conception or during pregnancy can cause
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3	(2)	A pe	erson who violates subsection (1) of this section shall be subject to a fine of not
4		less	than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than fifty dollars (\$50).
5		→ S	ection 585. KRS 244.040 is amended to read as follows:
6	(1)	A bi	rewer or distributor shall not sell alcoholic beverages to any person in this state
7		for a	any consideration except for cash paid at or before the time of delivery.
8		For	purposes of this section, "cash" includes the sale of malt beverages by electronic
9		trans	sfers if the following conditions are met:
10		(a)	The use of electronic transfers shall be voluntary and shall be agreed to by the
11			affected brewer, distributor, and retailer;
12		(b)	The brewer shall not pay or credit back in any way to the distributor any share
13			of the cost that is attributable to the electronic transfer;
14		(c)	The distributor shall not pay or credit back in any way to the retailer any share
15			of the cost that is attributable to the electronic fund transfer;
16		(d)	The transfer of funds shall be initiated by the brewer or the distributor;
17		(e)	The distributor may debit the retailer's bank account for the exact amount due
18			based on the amount of alcoholic beverages delivered;
19		(f)	Electronic fund transfers that are rejected or denied at the time of sale for any
20			reason shall be treated in the same manner as checks drawn on insufficient
21			funds; and
22		(g)	Each participating retail licensee and each distributor maintain accurate
23			records of all electronic fund transfers in accordance with <u>department[office]</u>
24			statutes and administrative regulations.
25	(2)	A b	rewer or distributor shall not furnish or deliver any returnable bottled malt
26		bev	erage without collecting a minimum container charge or deposit of sixty cents

(\$0.60) per case of twenty-four (24) twelve-ounce bottles or its equivalent in the

same manner that the price of	of the	malt beverag	ge is collected.
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- 2 (3) This section shall not prohibit a licensee from crediting to a purchaser the actual
- prices charged for packages or containers returned by the original purchaser as a
- 4 credit on any sale, or from refunding to any purchaser the amount paid by the
- 5 purchaser for containers or as a deposit on containers when the title is retained by
- 6 the vendor, if the containers or packages have been returned to the brewer or
- 7 distributor.
- 8 (4) No right of action shall exist to collect any claim for credit extended contrary to this
- 9 section.
- 10 (5) This section shall not apply to sales by wholesalers or distributors to licensees that
- are private clubs or voluntary associations.
- → Section 586. KRS 244.050 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 (1) No retail licensee shall give away any alcoholic beverage in any quantity or deliver
- it in any quantity for less than a full monetary consideration, except as provided by
- 15 KRS 243.155, 243.157, and subsection (2) of this section.
- 16 (2) A retailer licensed to sell distilled spirits and wine under KRS 243.030(7), (8), or
- 17 (26) may, after acquiring a license under KRS 243.030(39), allow customers to
- sample distilled spirits and wine under the following conditions:
- 19 (a) Sampling shall be permitted only on licensed premises and, for licensees
- 20 licensed under KRS 243.030(7), (8), or (26), during regular business hours;
- 21 (b) A licensee shall not charge for the samples provided to customers;
- 22 (c) Sample sizes shall not exceed:
- 23 1. One (1) ounce for wine; and
- 24 2. One-half (1/2) ounce for distilled spirits; and
- 25 (d) A licensee shall limit a customer to:
- 1. Two (2) distilled spirits samples per day; and
- 27 2. Six (6) wine samples per day.

1 (3)	Retailers	licensed	under	KRS	243.	.030(7) or	(8)) sha	11:
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- 2 (a) Notify the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Alcoholic Beverage Control at least seven
 3 (7) days in advance of conducting a sampling event; and
- 4 (b) Limit a sampling event to a period not to exceed four (4) consecutive hours between 12 noon and 8 p.m.
- Section 587. KRS 244.085 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) As used in KRS 244.083 and this section: "Premises" has the meaning it is given in
 8 KRS 241.010 and also means the place of business of a person licensed to sell
 9 alcoholic beverages including, in the case of drive-in establishments, the entire lot
 10 upon which the business establishment is situated.
- 12 (2) A person under 21 years of age shall not enter any premises licensed for the sale of 12 alcoholic beverages for the purpose of purchasing or receiving any alcoholic 13 beverages.
- 14 (3) A person under 21 years of age shall not possess for his or her own use or purchase 15 or attempt to purchase or have another purchase for him or her any alcoholic 16 beverages. No person shall aid or assist any person under 21 years of age in 17 purchasing or having delivered or served to him or her any alcoholic beverages.
- 18 (4) A person under 21 years of age shall not misrepresent his or her age for the purpose 19 of inducing any licensee, or the licensee's agent, servant, or employee, to sell or 20 serve any alcoholic beverages to the underage person.
- 21 (5) A person under 21 years of age shall not use, or attempt to use any false, fraudulent, 22 or altered identification card, paper, or any other document to purchase or attempt to 23 purchase or otherwise obtain any alcoholic beverage.
- 24 (6) Except as provided in KRS 244.087 and 244.090, a licensee, or his or her agents, 25 servants, or employees shall not permit any person under twenty-one (21) years of 26 age to remain on any premises where alcoholic beverages are sold by the drink or 27 consumed on the premises, unless:

1	(a)	The usual and customary business of the establishment is a hotel, motel,
2		restaurant, convention center, convention hotel complex, racetrack, simulcast
3		facility, golf course, private club, park, fair, church, school, athletic complex,
4		athletic arena, theater, small farm winery, distillery or brewery or winery tour,
5		convenience store, grocery store, drug store, or similar establishment;
6	(b)	All alcoholic beverage inventory is kept in a separate, locked department at all
7		times when minors are on the premises;
8	(c)	Written approval has been granted by the <u>department[office]</u> to allow minors
9		on the premises until 10 p.m. where the sale of alcohol is incidental to a
10		specific family or community event including but not limited to weddings,
11		reunions, or festivals. The licensee's request shall be in writing and shall
12		specifically describe the event for which approval is requested. The state
13		director shall approve or deny the request in writing; or
14	(d)	The usual and customary business of the establishment is an entertainment
15		facility where prebooked concerts are held. For the purpose of this paragraph,
16		house bands, disc jockeys, and karaoke are not considered concerts. During
17		the times minors are on the premises under this paragraph, the licensee shall:
18		1. Maintain the responsibility of all ticket sales;
19		2. Sell the concert tickets directly to the patron or have a contractual
20		agreement with a vendor or promoter to sell the concert tickets for the
21		licensee;
22		3. Maintain records of all gross concert ticket sales. The concert tickets
23		shall have the name of a band or performer as well as the date of the
24		concert;
25		4. Permit minors to be in the area where the concert is taking place only
26		during the time of the concert; and

Prohibit minors on the premises until thirty (30) minutes prior to the

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1	concert and prohibit minors from remaining on the premises more than
2	thirty (30) minutes after the concert performance has ended.

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- (7) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, a licensee or the licensee's agent, servant, or employee shall not allow any person under the age of twenty-one (21) to remain on any premises that sells alcoholic beverages by the package unless the underage person is accompanied by a parent or guardian or the usual and customary business of the establishment is a convenience store, grocery store, drugstore, or similar establishment.
- 9 (8) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, a person under the age of
 10 twenty-one (21) shall not remain on any premises that sells alcoholic beverages by
 11 the package unless he or she is accompanied by a parent or guardian or the usual
 12 and customary business of the establishment is a convenience store, grocery store,
 13 drugstore, or similar establishment.
- 14 (9) A violation of subsection (2), (3), (4), (5), or (8) of this section shall be deemed a
 15 status offense if committed by a person under the age of eighteen (18) and shall be
 16 under the jurisdiction of the juvenile session of the District Court or the family
 17 division of the Circuit Court, as appropriate.
 - → Section 588. KRS 244.150 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (1) Each licensee under KRS 243.020 to 243.670 shall keep and maintain upon the
 20 licensed premises, or make readily available upon request of the <u>department[office]</u>
 21 or the Department of Revenue, adequate books and records of all transactions
 22 involved in the manufacture or sale of alcoholic beverages, in the manner required
 23 by regulations of the <u>department[office]</u> and the Department of Revenue.
- 24 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require common carriers to provide 25 information in such form as he or she deems wise respecting all shipments of 26 alcoholic beverages to, from, or between persons in Kentucky.
 - → Section 589. KRS 244.165 is amended to read as follows:

1	(1)	Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, it shall be unlawful for any
2		person in the business of selling alcoholic beverages in another state or country to
3		ship or cause to be shipped any alcoholic beverage directly to any Kentucky resident
4		who does not hold a valid wholesaler or distributor license issued by the
5		Commonwealth of Kentucky.
6	(2)	A small farm winery located in another state may ship wine to a customer in

- 6 (2) A small farm winery located in another state may ship wine to a customer in

 7 Kentucky if:
- 8 (a) The wine is purchased by the customer in person at the winery;
- 9 (b) The wine is shipped by licensed common carrier; and
- 10 (c) The amount of wine shipped is limited to two (2) cases per customer per visit.
- 11 (3) Any person who violates subsection (1) of this section shall, for the first offense, be
 12 mailed a certified letter by the <u>department[office]</u> ordering that person to cease and
 13 desist any shipments of alcoholic beverages to Kentucky residents, and for the
 14 second and each subsequent offense, be guilty of a Class D felony.
- → Section 590. KRS 244.167 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) It is unlawful:
- 17 (a) For any distiller, rectifier, vintner, brewer, or importer to solicit, accept, or fill
 18 any order for any distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverage from any wholesaler
 19 or distributor in the Commonwealth of Kentucky unless the supplier is the
 20 primary source of supply for the brand of alcoholic beverage sold or sought to
 21 be sold.
 - (b) For any wholesaler, distributor, or any other licensee in this Commonwealth to order, purchase, or receive any alcoholic beverage from any supplier unless the supplier is the primary source of supply for the brand ordered, purchased, or received.
- 26 (c) For a retailer to order, purchase, or receive any distilled, vinous, or malt
 27 alcoholic beverage from any source other than any of the following:

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1	1.	A wholesale	r or	distributor	who	has	purchased	the	brand	from	the
2		primary sou	ce o	f supply.							

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- 2. A wholesaler or distributor who is the designated representative of the primary source of supply in this Commonwealth and who has purchased the alcoholic beverage from the designated representative of the primary source of supply within or without this Commonwealth.
- (d) For alcoholic beverages to be transported from a wholesaler's or distributor's warehouse within twenty-four (24) hours of the time they are unloaded.
- 9 (2) The <u>Department[Office]</u> of Alcoholic Beverage Control may suspend for a period 10 not to exceed one (1) year the license of any wholesaler, distributor, or retailer who 11 violates the provisions of this section.
- Upon determination by the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Alcoholic Beverage Control that
 a primary source of supply has violated the provisions of this section, no
 wholesaler, distributor, or retailer may accept any shipment of alcoholic beverages
 from the primary source of supply for a period of one (1) year.
- 16 (4) For the purposes of this section, "primary source of supply" or "supplier" means the
 17 distiller, producer, brewer, owner of the commodity at the time it becomes a
 18 marketable product, bottler, or authorized agent of the brand owner. In the case of
 19 imported products, the primary source of supply means either the foreign producer,
 20 owner, bottler, or agent of the prime importer from, or the exclusive agent in, the
 21 United States of the foreign distiller, producer, bottler, or owner.
- Section 591. KRS 244.190 is amended to read as follows:
 - Any peace officers, state administrators, and field representatives of the <u>department</u>[office] may, upon probable cause, without warrant seize contraband regardless of whether it is in dry territory or not, and hold it subject to the order of the court before which the owner or one in possession of the contraband has been charged with violation of KRS Chapter 242 or KRS 243.020. Upon conviction of the defendant,

- the court shall enter an order for the destruction of all contraband property, except 1
- firearms or ammunition, included in KRS 244.180(1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Contraband 2
- firearms and ammunition shall be transferred to the Department of Kentucky State Police 3
- for disposition as provided in KRS 500.090. 4
- → Section 592. KRS 244.195 is amended to read as follows: 5
- Title to contraband included in KRS 244.180(1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) seized shall be **(1)** 6
- 7 vested in the appropriate court within whose jurisdiction the seizure occurred,
- irrespective of whether such contraband was seized by peace officers of the city or 8
- 9 county or state administrators or field representatives of the *department* of field,
- notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 242.380. 10
- The court shall order the sheriff for the county in which such contraband as 11
- included in subsection (1) of this section was seized to destroy such contraband, 12
- except firearms or ammunition, upon conviction of the defendant. 13
- Contraband firearms and ammunition shall be transferred to the Department of 14 (3)
- Kentucky State Police for disposition as provided in KRS 500.090. 15
- → Section 593. KRS 244.200 is amended to read as follows: 16
- (1) Contraband property included in subsection (6) of KRS 244.180 shall be subject to 17
- 18 the right of any owner or lienor, whose lien is valid and of record, to intervene and
- establish his rights in the property by proving that the property was being used in 19
- connection with traffic in alcoholic beverages without the knowledge, consent or 20
- approval of the owner or lienor. If the owner of the property does so prove, the court 21
- shall order the property restored to him. If the lienor so proves, the court shall order 22
- a sale of the property at public auction, unless an agreement is made between the 23
- lienor and the board, which shall not become final until it has been approved by the 24
- 25 court. The board may deliver any property found to be contraband to a lienor whose
- claim has been established by order of a court of competent jurisdiction, upon 26
- payment to the board of the difference between the fair market value of the property 27

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- so seized and the recorded claim of the lienor.
- Where an agreement has been made between the lienor and the board and approved by the court, a public auction shall not be required. If an agreement is not entered into between the board and the lienor or approved by the court, and a public auction is required to be held, the public auction shall be conducted by the sheriff of the
- 6 county in which the property is seized. The sheriff shall receive and be allowed the
- 7 same fees as allowed for sales under execution.

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- 8 (3) The expenses of keeping and selling such property, and the amount of all valid
 9 recorded liens that are established by intervention as being bona fide, shall be paid
 10 out of the proceeds of the sales, whether they are private or public. The balance
 11 shall be paid into the State Treasury and be credited to the general fund.
- 12 (4) If the defendant is acquitted, no property seized as contraband in connection with
 13 the arrest of the defendant shall be ordered returned or restored unless the person
 14 from whose possession the property was taken proves that he was in lawful
 15 possession of the property, and if no other person appears and proves that he owns
 16 the property or has a valid recorded lien on the property and that the property was
 17 being used without his knowledge and consent, title shall vest in the board at the
 18 end of ninety (90) days.
 - (5) If the owners or lienholders of any contraband seized by state administrators or field representatives of the <u>department[office]</u> or turned over to the <u>department[office]</u> by other officials, cannot be located within ninety (90) days, and during that time fail to appear and claim the contraband, or if the owner or lienholder appears and agrees, title to the contraband shall immediately vest in the board, in which event it may sell the contraband at a private sale.
- 25 → Section 594. KRS 244.230 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) KRS 244.260 and 244.340 notwithstanding, the regulations of the Bureau of
 27 Internal Revenue in the United States Department of the Treasury, as they are now

- or may be hereafter, with respect to the labeling and standards of fill of distilled spirits and wine in their original sealed packages, are adopted and any distilled spirits and wine shall be deemed to be properly labeled under all the laws of this state, if the labels and standards of fill conform to those regulations.
- Distilled spirits not produced or bottled in the United States shall be labeled in the same manner that distilled spirits produced or bottled in this state are required to be labeled.
- 8 (3) Subsections (1) and (2) shall not prevent the <u>department[office]</u> from promulgating
 9 regulations on this subject that are in addition to but not contrary to the regulations
 10 of the Bureau of Internal Revenue in the United States Department of the Treasury.
- → Section 595. KRS 244.370 is amended to read as follows:
 - No whiskey produced in Kentucky, except whiskey the barrel containing which is branded "Corn Whiskey" under the internal revenue laws, shall be bottled in Kentucky or removed from this state unless such whiskey has been aged in oak barrels for a period of not less than one (1) full year; provided, however, that whiskey aged less than one (1) year may be removed from the state and bottled, or bottled in Kentucky, if the word "Kentucky" or any word or phrase implying Kentucky origin does not appear on the front label or elsewhere on the retail container or package except in the name and address of the distiller as required by federal regulation. For violations of this section, the department[office] shall revoke the permit of the licensee from whose warehouse or premises such whiskey shall have been removed or in which such whiskey shall have been bottled.
- 23 → Section 596. KRS 244.440 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) Every resident and nonresident distiller, rectifier, blender, or vintner and
 25 nonresident wholesaler who owns or has an exclusive interest in any particular
 26 brands, which are intended for sale or sold in this state, shall register on a form to
 27 be provided by the <u>department of fice</u>, the names of the wholesalers in this state to

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- whom distributing rights have been granted on one or more or all of the brands of distilled spirits or wine offered for sale or sold in this state.
- No distiller, rectifier, blender, or vintner shall offer to sell or sell, and no wholesaler shall offer to purchase or purchase, any brands which have not been registered as provided by this section.
- Section 597. KRS 244.450 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) No wholesaler shall import, buy, offer for sale, or sell any brands offered for sale or 8 sold by any nonresident distiller, rectifier, blender, vintner, or wholesaler without:
- 9 (a) Having previously been granted distributing rights by the nonresident distiller, 10 rectifier, blender, vintner, or wholesaler; and
- 11 (b) Having previously applied for and received from the <u>department</u>[office] an

 12 importer's permit.
- 13 (2) No wholesaler shall apply for or receive an importer's permit to import, buy, offer to
 14 sell, or sell any brands offered for sale or sold by any nonresident distiller, rectifier,
 15 blender, vintner, or wholesaler until the nonresident distiller, rectifier, blender,
 16 vintner, or wholesaler has granted distributing rights to the wholesaler.
- → Section 598. KRS 244.510 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) The <u>department[office]</u> may in its discretion adopt any regulations of the Bureau of
 19 Internal Revenue in the United States Department of the Treasury relating to
 20 labeling and advertising of malt beverages.
- 21 (2) The adoption of regulations of the Bureau of Internal Revenue in the United States
 22 Department of the Treasury shall not become effective as to any brewer or
 23 distributor having labels on hand that would be outlawed by adoption of the
 24 regulation until a period of ninety (90) days from the date of adoption.
- Section 599. KRS 244.585 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) It shall be unlawful for any distributor to sell any brand of malt beverage in the 27 Commonwealth of Kentucky, except in the territory described in a written

agreement between the supplier or brewer and distributor, authorizing sale by the
distributor of that brand within a designated area, and within that designated area
the distributor shall not refuse to sell or offer reasonable service to licensed retailers
during the normal business hours of the distributor. Where a supplier or brewer sells
several brands, the agreement need not apply to all brands sold by the supplier or
brewer and may apply to only one (1) brand. No supplier or brewer shall provide by
the written agreement for the distribution of a brand of malt beverages to more than
one (1) distributor for all or any part of the designated territory. All territorial
agreements shall be filed with the <u>department[office]</u> .

- 10 (2) Each distributor shall comply with such quality control standards as are specified in
 11 writing from time to time by the owner of the trademark of the brand of malt
 12 beverage, provided those controls are:
- 13 (a) Normal industry practice;

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- (b) Reasonably related to the maintenance of quality control;
- 15 (c) Consistent with the provisions of this chapter and all regulations promulgated 16 pursuant thereto; and
- 17 (d) The distributor has received written notice of them from such owner.
- 18 (3) A distributor may sell to only those licensed retailers, religious, charitable or
 19 fraternal organizations located within his designated geographical territory as
 20 provided in this section and to his employees and to other distributors of the same
 21 brand. No brand of malt beverage may be sold in the Commonwealth of Kentucky
 22 without prior written approval of the brewer and supplier filed with the
 23 department[office].
 - (4) A territorial designation in any agreement between a distributor and brewer or supplier pursuant to this section shall be modified only in accordance with all the rights and duties of the distributor and brewer or supplier contained in any written agreement between them or by such other action of the brewer, supplier or

distributor that is consistent with the terms of their agreement, and such modification shall be filed pursuant to the provisions of this section. The board shall require each party to verify that the level of service within the designated territory will not be adversely affected by such modification. When a distributor is prevented from selling or servicing retailers within his territory due to natural disasters, labor disputes or other such causes beyond his control, the distributor may allow another distributor of the same brand of malt beverages to sell and service that brand within his territory upon approval of the brewer or supplier.

- 9 (5) No provisions of any agreement shall expressly or impliedly establish or maintain 10 the resale price of any brand of malt beverage by the distributor.
 - → Section 600. KRS 247.088 is amended to read as follows:

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- The College of Agriculture of the University of Kentucky, through the agricultural experiment station and the cooperative extension service shall assess the effect of agricultural practices upon groundwater resources, establish basic and applied research programs to determine agricultural management practices which may be necessary to protect groundwater resources, and establish and implement an educational program to encourage the use of agricultural practices which conserve, maintain, and improve soil productivity and to assure protection of groundwater. The college shall seek the cooperation of the Division of Conservation within the Energy and Environment [Environmental and Public Protection] Cabinet, the Kentucky Farm Bureau, and other organizations in implementing the educational program.
- → Section 601. KRS 247.920 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) Application for an alcohol production exemption certificate shall be filed with the
 24 Department of Revenue in such manner and in such form as may be prescribed by
 25 regulations issued by the Department of Revenue and shall contain plans and
 26 specifications of the structure or structures including all materials incorporated and
 27 to be incorporated therein and a descriptive list of all equipment acquired or to be

1	acquired by the applicant for the purpose of producing ethanol for fuel use and any
2	additional information deemed necessary by the Department of Revenue for the
3	proper administration of KRS 247.910 and this section. The Department for
4	Energy Development and Independence[Office of Energy Policy] shall provide
5	technical assistance and factual information as requested in writing by the
6	Department of Revenue. If the Department of Revenue finds that the facility
7	qualifies as an alcohol production facility as defined by KRS 247.910, it shall enter
8	a finding and issue a certificate to that effect. The effective date of the certificate
9	shall be the date of issuance of the certificate.

- 10 Before issuing an alcohol production tax exemption certificate, the Department of 11 Revenue shall give notice in writing by mail to the **Department for Energy** Development and Independence Office of Energy Policy, and shall afford to the 12 applicant the 13 and to Department for Energy Development and Independence Office of Energy Policy an opportunity for a hearing. On like notice 14 and opportunity for a hearing, the Department of Revenue shall on its own initiative 15 revoke the certificate when any of the following appears: 16
 - (a) The certificate was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation;
- 18 (b) The holder of the certificate has failed substantially to proceed with the
 19 construction, reconstruction, installation, or acquisition of the alcohol
 20 production facilities; or
- 21 (c) The structure or equipment or both to which the certificate relates has ceased 22 to be used for the primary purpose of alcohol production for fuel use and is 23 being used for a different purpose.
- 24 (3) If the circumstances so require, the Department of Revenue, in lieu of revoking the 25 certificate, may modify it.
- 26 (4) On mailing of notice of the action of the Department of Revenue revoking or 27 modifying a certificate as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the certificate

- shall cease to be in force or shall remain in force only as modified as the case may require.
- An alcohol production tax exemption certificate, when issued, shall be sent by 3 certified mail to the applicant and the notice of issuance in the form of certified 4 copies thereof shall be sent to the Department for Energy Development and 5 Independence Office of Energy Policy. Notice of an order of the Department of 6 7 Revenue denying, revoking, or modifying a certificate in the form of certified copies thereof shall be sent by certified mail to the applicant or the holder and shall 8 9 be sent to the **Department for Energy Development and Independence** Office of Energy Policy. The applicant or holder and the Department for Energy 10 **Development and Independence**[Office of Energy Policy] shall be deemed parties 11 12 for the purpose of the review afforded by subsection (6) of this section.
- 13 (6) Any party aggrieved by the issuance, refusal to issue, revocation, or modification of 14 an alcohol production tax exemption certificate may appeal from the final ruling of 15 the Department of Revenue to the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals as provided in 16 KRS 131.340.
- In the event of the sale, lease, or other transfer of an alcohol production facility, not 17 involving a different location or use, the holder of an alcohol production tax 18 exemption certificate for the facility may transfer the certificate by written 19 instrument to the person who, except for the transfer of the certificate, would be 20 21 obligated to pay taxes on the facility. The transferee shall become the holder of the certificate and shall have all rights pertaining thereto, effective as of the date of 22 transfer of the certificate. The transferee shall give written notice of the effective 23 date of the transfer, together with a copy of the instrument of transfer to the 24 Department for Energy Development and Independence Office of Energy Policy 25 and the Department of Revenue. 26
- 27 (8) In the event an alcohol production facility for which an exemption certificate is held

- ceases to be used for the primary purpose of alcohol production for fuel use or is
 used for a different purpose other than that for which the exemption certificate was
 granted, the holder of the certificate shall give written notice by certified mail of the
 change to the <u>Department for Energy Development and Independence</u>[Office of
 Energy Policy] and to the Department of Revenue.
- The alcohol production facility exemption certificate, upon approval, shall exempt said facilities from taxes outlined in the provisions of KRS 247.910 and this section and included in KRS Chapters 132, 136, 138, and 139. Each exemption certificate shall remain in force for a period of eight (8) years from the date of issuance and at the end of said period shall lapse. Any alcohol production facility previously exempted under the terms of KRS 247.910 and this section shall not be eligible for recertification upon completion of the eight (8) year certificate period.
- → Section 602. KRS 250.482 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 As used in KRS 250.483 to 250.488:
- 15 (1) "Department" ["Office"] means the Department [Office] of Insurance;
- 16 (2) "Division" means the Division of Fire Prevention in the <u>Department[Office]</u> of
 17 Housing, Buildings and Construction.
- 18 (3) "Anhydrous ammonia" refers to the compound formed by the combination of the
 19 two (2) gaseous elements, nitrogen and hydrogen, in the proportion of one (1) part
 20 nitrogen to three (3) parts of hydrogen by volume. Anhydrous ammonia is ammonia
 21 gas in compressed or liquefied form, and is not aqueous ammonia.
- 22 (4) "Approved container" means a container for anhydrous ammonia which meets or 23 exceeds the requirements of the Federal law or regulation for the storage and 24 handling of anhydrous ammonia.
- Section 603. KRS 250.483 is amended to read as follows:
- The Division of Fire Prevention in the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Housing, Buildings and Construction shall make, promulgate, and enforce administrative regulations setting forth

minimum general standards covering the design, construction, location, installation, and 1 operation of equipment for storing, handling, transporting by tank truck, tank trailer, and 2 utilizing anhydrous ammonia. The administrative regulations shall be such as are 3 reasonably necessary for the protection and safety of the public and persons using such 4 materials, and shall be in substantial conformity with the generally-accepted standards of 5 safety concerning the same subject matter. Administrative regulations in substantial 6 7 conformity with the published standards of the Fertilizer Institute and the Compressed Gas Association for the design, installation, and construction of containers and equipment 8 9 for the storage and handling of anhydrous ammonia shall be deemed to be in substantial conformity with the generally-accepted standards of safety concerning the same subject 10 11 matter.

→ Section 604. KRS 262.906 is amended to read as follows:

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- (1) There is hereby created the Purchase of Agricultural Conservation Easement Corporation which shall oversee all issues involving purchases of agricultural conservation easements. The corporation shall be a de jure municipal corporation and political subdivision of the Commonwealth. The corporation shall be a public agency within the meaning of KRS 61.805 and 61.870 and shall be attached for administrative purposes to the Department of Agriculture.
 - (2) (a) The corporation shall be governed by a board of directors, consisting of the following eleven (11) members: four (4) public directors who shall be the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, the secretary of the *Energy and Environment*[Environmental and Public Protection] Cabinet, the dean of the University of Kentucky College of Agriculture, and the chair of the Soil and Water Conservation Commission, or their designees; and seven (7) private directors who shall be appointed by the Governor, as follows:
 - 1. One (1) private director from each of the six (6) congressional districts; and

1			2. One (1) private director from a list of three (3) persons suggested by the
2			Kentucky Farm Bureau Federation, Inc.
3		(b)	Initial appointment of the private directors by the Governor shall be for
4			staggered terms.
5		(c)	No more than four (4) of the private directors shall be from the same political
6			party. Members shall serve a term of four (4) years, with the exception of the
7			initial members, and may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same
8			manner as the appointment is made.
9	(3)	(a)	Any member who has an ownership interest in any of the lands eligible for the
10			purchase of an agricultural conservation easement or other property interest
11			and who wishes to apply to sell an easement while serving on the board of
12			directors shall withdraw himself from all board activities prior to application
13			and until the transaction is complete. The Governor shall appoint an interim
14			member to fill the vacancy until the transaction is complete.
15		(b)	Any person who has previously applied for or sold an agricultural
16			conservation easement may serve on the board.
17	(4)	Mer	nbers shall not be compensated for their services but shall be reimbursed for
18		ехре	enses incurred in the performance of their duties.
19		→ S	ection 605. KRS 278.702 is amended to read as follows:
20	(1)	The	re is hereby established the Kentucky State Board on Electric Generation and
21		Tran	nsmission Siting. The board shall be composed of seven (7) members as
22		follo	ows:
23		(a)	The three (3) members of the Kentucky Public Service Commission;
24		(b)	The secretary of the Energy and Environment [Environmental and Public
25			Protection] Cabinet or the secretary's designee;
26		(c)	The secretary of the Cabinet for Economic Development or the secretary's
27			designee;

1	(d)	1.	If the facility subject to board approval is proposed to be located in one
2			(1) county, two (2) ad hoc public members to be appointed by the
3			Governor from a county where a facility subject to board approval is
4			proposed to be located:
5			a. One (1) of the ad hoc public members shall be the chairman of the
6			planning commission with jurisdiction over an area in which a
7			facility subject to board approval is proposed to be located. If the
8			proposed location is not within a jurisdiction with a planning
9			commission, then the Governor shall appoint either the county
10			judge/executive of a county that contains the proposed location of
11			the facility or the mayor of a city, if the facility is proposed to be
12			within a city; and
13			b. One (1) of the ad hoc public members shall be appointed by the
14			Governor and shall be a resident of the county in which the facility
15			is proposed to be located.
16		2.	If the facility subject to board approval is proposed to be located in more
17			than one (1) county, two (2) ad hoc public members to be chosen as
18			follows:
19			a. One (1) ad hoc public member shall be the county judge/executive
20			of a county in which the facility is proposed to be located, to be
21			chosen by majority vote of the county judge/executives of the
22			counties in which the facility is proposed to be located; and
23			b. One (1) ad hoc public member shall be a resident of a county in
24			which the facility is proposed to be located, and shall be appointed
25			by the Governor.
26			If a member has not been chosen by majority vote, as provided in
27			subdivision a. of this subparagraph, by thirty (30) days after the filing of

Page 859 of 2553.
HB039310.100-502

1		the application, the Governor shall directly appoint the member.
2		3. Ad hoc public members appointed to the board shall have no direct
3		financial interest in the facility proposed to be constructed.
4	(2)	The term of service for the ad hoc members of the board shall continue until the
5		board issues a final determination in the proceeding for which they were appointed.
6		The remaining members of the board shall be permanent members.
.7	(3)	The board shall be attached to the Public Service Commission for administrative
8		purposes. The commission staff shall serve as permanent administrative staff for the
9		board. The members of the board identified in subsection (1)(a) to (d) of this section
10		shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to
11		implement KRS 278.700 to 278.716.
12	(4)	No member of the board shall receive any salary or fee for service on the board or
13		shall have any financial interest in any facility the application for which comes
14		before the board, but each member shall be reimbursed for actual travel and
15		expenses directly related to service on the board.
16	(5)	The chairman of the Public Service Commission shall be the chairman of the board.
17		The chairman shall designate one (1) member of the board as vice chairman. A
18		majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction
19		of business. No vacancy on the board shall impair the right of the remaining
20		members to exercise all of the powers of the board. The board shall convene upon
21		the call of the chairman.
22		→ Section 606. KRS 278.704 is amended to read as follows:
23	(1)	No person shall commence to construct a merchant electric generating facility until
24		that person has applied for and obtained a construction certificate for the facility
25		from the board. The construction certificate shall be valid for a period of two (2)

years after the issuance date of the last permit required to be obtained from the

Energy and Environment [Environmental and Public Protection] Cabinet after

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which the certificate shall be void. The certificate shall be conditioned upon the
applicant obtaining necessary air, water, and waste permits. If an applicant has not
obtained all necessary permits and has not commenced to construct prior to the
expiration date of the certificate, the applicant shall be required to obtain a valid
certificate from the board.

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- Except as provided in subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section, no person shall **(2)** commence to construct a merchant electric generating facility unless the exhaust stack of the proposed facility is at least one thousand (1,000) feet from the property boundary of any adjoining property owner and two thousand (2,000) feet from any residential neighborhood, school, hospital, or nursing home facility.
- If the merchant electric generating facility is proposed to be located in a county or a municipality with planning and zoning, then setback requirements from a residential neighborhood, school, hospital, or nursing home facility may be established by the 14 planning and zoning commission. Any setback established by a planning and zoning commission for a facility in an area over which it has jurisdiction shall: 15
 - Have primacy over the setback requirement in subsections (2) and (5) of this (a) section; and
- Not be subject to modification or waiver by the board through a request for 18 deviation by the applicant, as provided in subsection (4) of this section. 19
- 20 (4) The board may grant a deviation from the requirements of subsection (2) of this section on a finding that the proposed facility is designed and located to meet the 21 22 goals of KRS 224.10-280, 278.010, 278.212, 278.214, 278.216, 278.218, and 278.700 to 278.716 at a distance closer than those provided in subsection (2) of this 23 24 section.
- If the merchant electric generating facility is proposed to be located on a site of a 25 former coal processing plant in the Commonwealth where the electric generating 26 facility will utilize on-site waste coal as a fuel source, then the one thousand (1,000) 27

1	foot property boundary requirement in subsection (2) of this section shall not be
2	applicable; however, the applicant shall be required to meet any other setback
3	requirements contained in subsection (2) of this section.

- Section 607. KRS 286.01-011 is amended to read as follows:
- There is created within the Department of Public Protection in the Environmental

 and Public Protection Cabinet <u>a Department an Office</u> of Financial Institutions,

 which shall be headed by <u>a commissioner an executive director</u> of financial

 institutions, who shall be the executive head of the <u>department of fice</u> and shall be

 charged with the administration of the <u>department of fice</u>.
- 10 (2) The <u>Department[Office]</u> of Financial Institutions shall exercise all administrative
 11 functions of the state in relation to the regulation, supervision, chartering and
 12 licensing of banks, trust companies, savings and loan associations, consumer loan
 13 companies, investment and industrial loan companies, and credit unions, and in
 14 relation to the regulation of securities.
- 15 (3) There <u>are[is]</u> established within the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Financial Institutions 16 the following divisions:
 - (a) The Division of <u>Depository</u>[Financial] Institutions, which shall be headed by a director appointed by the secretary of the <u>Environmental and</u> Public Protection Cabinet[, subject to prior written approval of the <u>Governor</u>] in accordance with KRS 12.050. The division shall consist of entities deemed appropriate by the <u>[executive]</u> director;
 - (b) The Division of <u>Non-Depository Institutions</u>[Securities], which shall be headed by a director appointed by the secretary of the <u>Environmental and</u>] Public Protection Cabinet in accordance with KRS 12.050. The division shall consist of entities deemed appropriate by the <u>executive</u> director; and
- 26 (c) The Division of <u>Securities[Administrative Services]</u>, which shall be headed 27 by a director appointed by the <u>secretary of the Public Protection</u>

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1	<u>Cabinet</u> [executive director] in accordance with KRS 12.050. The division
2	shall <u>consist</u> [be composed] of [organizational] entities deemed appropriate by
3	the [executive] director.

- The <u>department[office]</u> may accept any application or other document required to be filed with the <u>department[office]</u> in electronic format or in any other technology acceptable to the <u>department[office]</u>.
- 7 → Section 608. KRS 286.01-012 is amended to read as follows:
- The [secretary of the Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet, with the approval of
 the—]Governor, in accordance with KRS <u>12.040</u>[12.050], shall appoint as
 commissioner[executive director] of financial institutions a person knowledgeable in
 banking with not less than three (3) years' banking experience. For this purpose, "banking
 experience" means service as an executive officer in a bank with its principal office
 located in Kentucky or service in a supervisory capacity in a state or federal agency
 having regulatory authority over banks or other financial institutions.
 - → Section 609. KRS 286.01-013 is amended to read as follows:

- 16 (1) There is created a Financial Institutions Board. The board shall consist of twelve
 17 (12) members appointed by the Governor who shall serve terms of four (4) years,
 18 except the initial terms shall be established as hereafter provided. It is
 19 recommended that the board appointments made by the Governor be selected from
 20 the following:
- 21 (a) Three (3) members selected from the banking industry regulated by the
 22 <u>department[office]</u> with appropriate recognition as to bank size and
 23 geographic diversity;
- 24 (b) Three (3) members selected from the broker/dealer securities industry
 25 regulated by the *department* of fice;
- 26 (c) One (1) member selected from the credit union industry regulated by the
 27 department[office];

1	(d)	One (1) member selected from the consumer finance or industrial loan
2		industry regulated by the department office;

- (e) Three (3) members selected from the public at large who are knowledgeable concerning financial institutions, the legislative process and consumer interests, two (2) of whom are not employees, officers, or directors of any financial institution; and
- 7 (f) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, who shall also serve as chairman of the board.
- 9 (2) All members of the board from the banking industry, securities industry, credit
 10 union industry, consumer finance, or industrial loan industry shall be persons with
 11 practical experience in the industry so represented and currently serving at the
 12 executive level of that industry at the time of their appointment.
- 13 (3) At the first meeting of the board, a drawing by lot shall be conducted to determine
 14 the length of each original member's term. Initially, there shall be four (4) four (4)
 15 year terms, five (5) three (3) year terms, and two (2) two (2) year terms. Vacancies
 16 in the membership of the board shall be filled in the same manner as original
 17 appointments. Appointments to fill vacancies occurring before the expiration of a
 18 term shall be for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- 19 (4) No member of the board, other than the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, shall serve more than two (2) consecutive terms on the board.
- 21 (5) The board shall first meet at the call of the Governor and thereafter as the chairman
 22 shall determine at a time and place determined by the chairman. The board may
 23 elect other officers for the conduct of its business. A majority of board members
 24 shall constitute a quorum, and a decision shall require the majority vote of those
 25 present. Each board member shall have one (1) vote, and voting by proxy shall be
 26 prohibited.
- 27 (6) Board members shall receive one hundred dollars (\$100) per diem for each board

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1	meeting	which	they	attend	and	shall	be	reimbursed	for	other	reasonable	and
2	necessar	y expen	ses in	curred v	while	engag	ed i	n carrying ou	it the	e dutie	s of the boar	d.

3 (7) The board shall:

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- 4 (a) Prepare and submit at the Governor's request a list of candidates qualified to
 5 serve as <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] and recommend to the Governor a
 6 proposed salary for each nomination for <u>commissioner</u>[executive director];
- 7 (b) Recommend to the Governor a proposed salary structure for other
 8 department[office] staff in order to provide competitive salaries for
 9 recruitment and retention of staff;
- 10 (c) Receive and comment on various reports relating to the <u>department[office]</u>
 11 and its activities as submitted to the board by the <u>commissioner[executive]</u>
 12 director] or the Governor; and
 - (d) Review, consider and make recommendations to the <u>commissioner[executive</u> director] on any matters referred to the board by the <u>commissioner[executive</u> director] or the Governor.
- 16 (8) In no event shall the board or its members interfere with the statutory duties of the

 17 commissioner[executive director] whose decisions shall be governed by law.
- → Section 610. KRS 286.01-020 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may promulgate, amend, and repeal any
 20 administrative regulations, forms, and orders as are necessary to interpret and carry
 21 out the provisions and intent of this chapter. <u>The commissioner[He]</u> shall devise a
 22 seal for <u>the[his]</u> department, a description of which, together with an impression
 23 thereof and a certificate of approval by the Governor, shall be filed in the office of
 24 the Secretary of State. The seal shall be renewed whenever necessary.
- 25 (2) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of financial institutions and his <u>or her</u>
 26 deputies shall be allowed their necessary traveling and other expenses of conducting
 27 their office.

- (3) The commissioner[executive director] of financial institutions may issue a finding 1 of permissible activities, services, or products to authorize banks to engage in any 2 banking activity in which the banks could engage were they operating as national 3 banks at the time the authority is granted. Any finding shall be specifically limited to the activity, service, or products contained therein and shall be mailed to all 5 banks. This section shall not apply to activities prohibited under Subtitle 9 of KRS 6 7 Chapter 304.
- Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal, modify, or alter the 8 9 restrictions of KRS 286.3-105 relative to the leasing of motor vehicles, or of KRS 286.3-180 relative to the establishment of branches. 10
- 11 (5) The commissioner[executive director] may designate the deputy commissioner [director], division directors, general counsel, or branch managers to 12 sign documents under his or her instructions. 13
- → Section 611. KRS 286.01-025 is amended to read as follows: 14
- The secretary of the [Environmental and | Public Protection Cabinet may appoint a deputy commissioner director of financial institutions with the prior written approval of the Governor. The deputy <u>commissioner</u> director shall, during the absence or inability of the 17 commissioner executive director or under his or her instructions, or in the event of a 18 vacancy in the office of the *commissioner*[executive director] and until the vacancy is filled, be vested with all the powers and perform all the duties of the 20 commissioner[executive director].
- → Section 612. KRS 286.01-440 is amended to read as follows: 22
- The commissioner executive director shall appoint a sufficient number of 23 examiners and assistant examiners to examine all institutions coming under the 24 25 supervision of the department office. A salary schedule for examiners and assistant examiners shall be prepared by the commissioner executive director and 26 27 presented to the secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet for approval.

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- In the event an advisory state banking board is established by law, the appointment and compensation of examiners and assistant examiners shall be with the advice of such board.
- 4 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, the deputy <u>commissioner[director]</u>, and 5 each examiner shall take the constitutional oath of office.
- 6 (3) Neither the commissioner[executive director], nor the deputy 7 commissioner [director], nor any examiner or assistant examiner shall be indebted directly or indirectly either as borrower, indorser, surety, or guarantor, to any bank 8 9 or trust company under his supervision or subject to his examination, nor shall he or she be a director, officer or employee in such bank or trust company, nor engage or 10 become interested in the sale of securities as a business or in the negotiation of 11 12 loans for others.
- 13 (4) No person shall be assigned to examine the affairs of any bank or trust company in a 14 county in which he holds stock in either a state or national bank or trust company.
- 15 (5) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may enter into contracts with any bank
 16 supervisory agency that has concurrent jurisdiction over a state bank or the branch
 17 of an out-of-state state bank operating in this state to engage the services of the
 18 agency's examiners at a reasonable rate of compensation, or to provide the services
 19 of the <u>commissioner's[executive director's]</u> examiners to the agency at a reasonable
 20 rate of compensation. Any contract entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be
 21 deemed a sole source contract under the provisions of KRS 45A.095.
- ≥ Section 613. KRS 286.01-485 is amended to read as follows:
- All fees collected and paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of KRS Chapters
 24 292 and 366 and of Subtitles 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of KRS Chapter 286, or any industry
 25 regulated by the <u>department</u>[office] shall be credited to a revolving trust or agency fund
 26 account, as provided in KRS 45.253, for the <u>Department</u>[Office] of Financial Institutions
 27 and shall be separately accounted for and shall be used solely for the administration and

- enforcement of said KRS chapters. 1
- → Section 614. KRS 286.2-015 is amended to read as follows: 2
- All political subdivisions of the Commonwealth shall be prohibited from enacting 3 and from enforcing ordinances, resolutions, and regulations pertaining to the 4
- financial or lending activities of persons or entities which: 5
- Are subject to the jurisdiction of the department of the provisions of 7 this chapter;
- Are subject to the jurisdiction or regulatory supervision of the Board of 8 (b) 9 Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Office of Thrift Supervision, the National Credit Union 10 Administration, the Farm Credit Administration, the Federal Deposit 11 Insurance Corporation, or the United States Department of Housing and Urban 12 13 Development; or
 - Originate, purchase, sell, assign, securitize, assist, facilitate, or service (c) property interests or obligations created by financial transactions or loans made, executed, or originated by persons or entities referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- The requirements of this section shall apply to all ordinances, resolutions, or 18 **(2)** regulations pertaining to lending activities, including any ordinances, resolutions, or regulations which limit or disqualify persons or entities from doing business with a 20 political subdivision based upon financial or lending activities or the imposition of 21 22 additional reporting requirements or other obligations on such persons or entities seeking to do business with a political subdivision. 23
- Any provision of this chapter preempted by federal law with respect to a national 24 bank or federal savings association shall not apply to the same extent to an 25 operating subsidiary of a national bank or federal savings association. 26
- 27 (4) The provisions of this chapter shall be interpreted and applied to the fullest extent

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- practicable in a manner consistent with applicable federal laws and regulations and with applicable policies and orders of federal regulatory agencies and shall not be deemed to constitute an attempt to override federal law.
- 4 (5) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as preventing the enforcement of 5 ordinances, regulations, or resolutions of political subdivisions of the 6 Commonwealth pertaining to civil rights.
- 7 → Section 615. KRS 286.2-990 is amended to read as follows:
- Unless otherwise specifically provided for in this subtitle, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may levy a civil penalty against any person who violates any provision of this subtitle, any administrative regulation promulgated under this subtitle, or any order issued by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] under this subtitle. The civil penalty shall be not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation, plus the state's costs and expenses for the examination, investigation, and
- → Section 616. KRS 286.3-010 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 As used in this subtitle, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 17 (1) "Bank or state bank" means any bank which is now or may hereafter be organized
 18 under the laws of this state or a combined bank and trust company;

prosecution of the matter, including reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.

- 19 (2) "National bank" or "national bank association" means a bank created by Congress
 20 and organized pursuant to the provisions of federal law, including savings and loan
 21 associations;
- 22 (3) "Out-of-state bank" means a bank chartered under the laws of any state other than
 23 Kentucky;
- 24 (4) "Home state" means:

- 25 (a) With respect to a state bank or out-of-state state bank, the state by which the 26 bank is chartered; and
- 27 (b) With respect to a national bank, the state in which the main office of the bank

1		is located;							
2	(5)	"Home state regulator" means, with respect to an out-of-state state bank, the bank							
3		supervisory agency of the state in which such bank is chartered;							
4	(6)	"Host state" means a state, other than the home state, in which the bank maintains,							
5		or seeks to establish and maintain, a branch;							
6	(7)	" <u>Commissioner</u> [Executive director]" means the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director]							
7		of financial institutions;							
8	(8)	'Department[Office]" means the Department[Office] of Financial Institutions;							
9	(9)	'Population" means the population as indicated by the latest regular United States							
10		census;							
11	(10)	'Trust company" includes every corporation authorized by this subtitle to do a trust							
12		business;							
13	(11)	"Undivided profits" means the composite of the bank's net retained earnings from							
14		current and prior years' operations;							
15	(12)	"Capital stock" shall mean, at any particular time, the sum of:							
16		(a) The par value of all shares of the corporation having a par value that have							
17		been issued;							
18		(b) The amount of the consideration received by the corporation for all shares of							
19		the corporation that have been issued without par value except such part of the							
20		consideration as has been allocated to surplus in a manner permitted by law;							
21		and							
22		(c) Such amounts not included in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection as have							
23		been transferred to stated capital of the corporation, whether through the							
24		issuance of stock dividends, resolution of the bank's board of directors under							
25		applicable corporate law or otherwise by law;							
26	(13)	"Surplus" means the amount of consideration received by the corporation for all							
27		shares issued without par value that has not been allocated to capital stock or the							

- amount of consideration received by the corporation in excess of par value for all
- 2 shares with a par value, or both;
- 3 (14) "Municipality" means a county, city, or urban-county government;
- 4 (15) "Political subdivision" means a municipality, school district, or other municipal
- 5 authority;
- 6 (16) "Corporation" means either a for-profit corporation or limited liability company;
- 7 (17) "Share" means the shares of stock or the unit of equity into which the proprietary
- 8 interests in a corporation are divided;
- 9 (18) "Stock" means the corporation's shares;
- 10 (19) "Stockholder" or "shareholder" means an owner of the corporation's shares;
- 11 (20) "Board of directors" means the governing body of a corporation elected or
- otherwise chosen by the shareholders, including the managers of a limited liability
- 13 company;
- 14 (21) "Director" means a member of the board of directors;
- 15 (22) "Articles of incorporation" means the organizing documents of a corporation filed
- with the Secretary of State in accordance with KRS Chapter 271B or 275; and
- 17 (23) "Dividends" means a distribution of money, stock, or other property to shareholders
- of a corporation.
- → Section 617. KRS 286.3-050 is amended to read as follows:
- 20 (1) Before filing the articles of incorporation of any financial institution mentioned in
- 21 KRS 286.3-040, the organizers shall present a copy of their proposed articles to the
- 22 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] who shall investigate the financial standing,
- 23 moral character, and capability of each of the organizers and proposed executive
- 24 officers and directors, if known, and determine whether there is reasonable
- assurance of sufficient volume of business for the proposed corporation to be
- successful, and whether the public convenience and advantage will be promoted by
- 27 the opening of the proposed corporation.

1	(2)	In the event that the institution for which a charter is sought is to be created solely
2		for the purpose of effectuating a merger or consolidation to facilitate the formation
3		of a bank holding company, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may waive all or
4		any part of the requirements of this subtitle.

- If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] determines that it is expedient and desirable to permit the proposed corporation to engage in business, <u>the</u>

 commissioner[he] shall approve the articles of incorporation in writing, and the articles then may be filed and recorded as provided in the general corporation or limited liability company law.
- 10 (4) All amendments to the articles of incorporation of any financial institution
 11 mentioned in KRS 286.3-040 shall be approved by the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 12 director] before filing with the Secretary of State.
- → Section 618. KRS 286.3-060 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) Before any financial institution mentioned in KRS 286.3-040 may transact any
 15 banking or trust business, it shall file a written oath with the
 16 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. The oath shall be taken by each director of the
 17 institution, and shall state in substance:
- 18 (a) That such director is a citizen of the United States, and the State of Kentucky, 19 or, if not, the place of his residence;
- 20 (b) That he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office and administer the 21 affairs of the institution, so far as the duties of his office require;
- 22 (c) That he will uphold the laws of the state, and particularly the banking and trust laws.
- 24 (2) The oath shall be taken before any officer authorized to administer oaths, and shall 25 be taken upon the election of any subsequent director or reelection of any director. 26 The oath shall be maintained by the bank and be subject to review at examinations.
- 27 (3) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall issue to the institution a certificate

1	entit	ling it to transact the business for which it was organized after the following
2	requ	irements have been met:
3	(a)	The oath mentioned in subsections (1) and (2) of this section has been filed;
4		and
5	(b)	The <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] has received satisfactory proof that the
6		accounts of the banking institution's depositors will be insured by the Federal
7		Deposit Insurance Corporation; and
8	(c)	The <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] has received satisfactory proof that the
9		institution has subscribed and paid in the required capital and has otherwise
10		fully complied with all pertinent laws and regulations; and
11	(d)	A period of thirty (30) days has elapsed since the rendition by the
12		<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] of a final order, as defined in KRS
13		13B.010, and an appeal to the appropriate court has not been taken from such
14		order.
15	(e)	If an appeal from a final order of the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] has
16		been timely filed, no certificate shall be issued until all the requirements of
17		paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection have been met and until:
18		1. The appeal has been finally disposed of by the last possible court of
19		review, including the United States Supreme Court; or
20		2. All further opportunities for appeal have expired as a result of the failure
21		to timely file an appeal.
22	→ S	ection 619. KRS 286.3-070 is amended to read as follows:
23	The minir	num capital stock of any bank or trust company organized after May 30, 1938
24	shall be to	wo million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000). Additional capital may
25	be require	ed depending upon an investigation of the application, at the discretion of the
26	<u>commissi</u>	oner[executive director].

Page 873 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

→ Section 620. KRS 286.3-090 is amended to read as follows:

- No reduction in the capital stock of a bank or trust company shall be made to an amount
- less than is required for organization, nor shall any reduction be valid until it has been
- approved by the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> upon his finding that the interest of
- 4 creditors of the bank or trust company will not be prejudiced thereby.
- Section 621. KRS 286.3-095 is amended to read as follows:

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- 6 (1) At least sixty (60) days prior to a change occurring in the outstanding voting stock
 7 of any bank or trust company which will result in control or in a change in the
 8 control of the bank or trust company, the proposed acquiring party or parties shall
 9 report such facts to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> for approval unless the
 10 commissioner[executive director] finds that:
- 11 (a) The terms of the acquisition are not in accordance with the laws of this state; 12 or
 - (b) The financial condition, or the competence, experience, and integrity of the acquiring party or parties are such as will jeopardize the financial stability of the bank; or
 - (c) The public convenience and advantage will not be served by the acquisition.
 - directly or indirectly direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of the bank or trust company. A change in ownership of voting stock which would result in direct or indirect ownership by a stockholder or an affiliated group of stockholders of less than twenty-five percent (25%) of the outstanding voting stock shall not be considered a change of control. If there is any doubt as to whether a change in the outstanding voting stock is sufficient to result in control thereof or to effect a change in the control thereof, such doubt shall be resolved in favor of reporting the facts to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 26 (3) Whenever a bank makes a loan or loans, secured, or to be secured, by twenty-five 27 percent (25%) or more of the outstanding voting stock of a bank, the president or

HB039310.100-502 GA

1		othe	chief executive officer of the lending bank shall promptly report such fact to
2		the g	commissioner[executive director] upon obtaining knowledge of such loan or
3		loan	s, except that no report need be made in those cases where the borrower has
4		been	the owner of record of the stock for a period of one (1) year or more, or the
5		stocl	is that of a newly organized bank prior to its opening.
6	(4)	The	reports required by subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section shall contain the
7		follo	wing information to the extent that it is known by the person making the report:
8		(a)	The number of shares involved;
9		(b)	The names of the sellers (or transferors);
10		(c)	The names of the purchasers (or transferees);
11		(d)	The names of the beneficial owners if the shares are registered in another
12			name;
13		(e)	The purchase price;
14		(f)	The total number of shares owned by the seller (or transferors), the purchasers
15			(or transferees) and the beneficial owners both immediately before and after
16			the transaction; and in the case of a loan:
17			1. The name of the borrower;
18			2. The amount of the loan; and
19			3. The name of the bank issuing the stock securing the loan and the number
20			of shares securing the loan.
21		In a	ldition to the foregoing, such reports shall contain such other information as
22		may	be available to inform the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of the effect of the
23		tran	saction upon control of the bank or trust company whose stock is involved.
24	(5)	Whe	enever such a change as described in subsection (1) of this section occurs, each
25		banl	or trust company shall report promptly to the commissioner[executive
26		dire	eter] any changes or replacement of its chief executive officer or of any director

occurring in the next twelve (12) month period, including in its report a statement of

1	the past and current business and professional affiliations of the new chief executive
2	officer or directors.

- → Section 622. KRS 286.3-100 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 A bank may:

- 5 (1) Hold personal property that has been transferred to it as collateral for the payment 6 of any debt;
- 7 (2) Acquire and hold title to real estate, provided:
- 8 (a) The real estate is necessary or appropriate for the transaction of legitimate
 9 business; and
- 10 (b) The cost of the real estate, including furniture and fixtures, shall not exceed
 11 forty percent (40%) of the total paid-in capital, unimpaired surplus and
 12 undivided profits (determined on accrual basis). The investment may exceed
 13 the bank's forty percent (40%) limit with prior written approval of the
 14 commissioner[executive director];
- 15 (3) Acquire and hold for not longer than ten (10) years, any real estate conveyed to it in 16 satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its business, or that it 17 may purchase under a judgment in its favor. A bank acquiring real estate in 18 satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of business shall write 19 down the acquisition at ten percent (10%) per year;
- 20 (4) Invest in the bonds of any federal home loan bank;
- Invest in obligations issued separately or collectively by or for federal land banks, federal intermediate credit banks and banks for cooperatives under the Act of Congress known as the Farm Credit Act of 1971, 85 Stat. 583, 12 U.S.C. sec. 2001 and amendments thereto;
- 25 (6) Invest, subject to the approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, in the 26 capital stock or bonds or both of any domestic realty corporation organized or 27 existing for the sole purpose of acquiring and holding title to real property used by

1		the bank, through lease or otherwise, for the transaction of the bank's legitimate
2		business;
3	(7)	Purchase, hold, and convey the shares of any open end registered investment
4		company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or a series of the

- company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or a series of the company, whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and whose investments are limited to:
- Bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States, or those for the payment of the principal and interest on which the faith and credit of the United States is pledged;
 - (b) Stocks, bonds, or other interest-bearing or dividend-yielding obligations issued or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest or dividend by any instrumentality presently or hereafter incorporated by authority of an Act of Congress;
 - (c) General obligation bonds or revenue bonds issued and guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by any state, county, or municipal governments legally authorized to issue these instruments of indebtedness;
 - (d) Any other obligations in which national banking associations organized under the laws of the United States are permitted to invest in directly;
- 19 (8) Purchase and hold shares of a bank service corporation as that term is used in the 20 Bank Service Corporation Act (12 U.S.C. sec. 1861) and any amendments thereto;
- 21 (9) Invest in:

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- 22 (a) Bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States, or those for 23 the payment of the principal and interest on which the faith and credit of the 24 United States is pledged;
- 25 (b) Stocks, bonds, or other interest-bearing or dividend-yielding obligations 26 issued or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest or dividend by 27 any instrumentality presently or hereafter incorporated by authority of an Act

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- 2 (c) General obligation bonds or revenue bonds issued and guaranteed as to
 3 payment of principal and interest by any state, county, or municipal
 4 governments legally authorized to issue such instruments of indebtedness;
- Invest in other real estate in the bank's generally accepted banking market. For purposes of this section, "the bank's generally accepted banking market" means the geographic banking market at the time the investment is made as defined by the Federal Reserve Bank in the Federal Reserve District in which the bank is located. The investment shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the bank's actual paid-in capital and surplus, calculated at the time the investment is made, for each real estate investment; and
 - (b) Investment in other real estate not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the bank's actual paid-in capital and surplus, calculated at the time the investment is made, for each real estate investment, if the bank has acquired the real estate in satisfaction of a debt previously contracted and the investment is for the purpose of improving the real estate for sale. Any real estate acquired in satisfaction of a debt previously contracted and improved by the bank shall be disposed of within five (5) years of the date of acquisition, with the commissioner[executive director] authorized to extend the disposition upon written request of the bank for good cause shown on a year-to-year basis not exceeding an additional five (5) years;
- 22 (11) Own or operate a discount brokerage service either through the bank or a bona fide 23 subsidiary of the bank;
- 24 (12) Own or operate a travel agency either through the bank or a bona fide subsidiary of 25 the bank;
- 26 (13) Invest, with the prior approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, in the 27 capital stock or bonds of a trust company; and

- 1 (14) Own or operate a courier service, either through the bank or a bona fide subsidiary
- of the bank, in any county where the bank has its principal office or a branch.
- 3 Investments in accordance with subsections (7) and (9) of this section are subject to KRS
- 4 286.3-280 and 286.3-290. For purposes of computing the maximum investment of a bank
- 5 in bonds, notes, and other investments, book value shall be used. For deep discount bonds
- or zero coupon bonds, accreted book value shall be used.
- 7 → Section 623. KRS 286.3-102 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) As used in this section, a CAMEL rating means a system of rating used by
- 9 examiners of financial institutions to rate the institutions in five (5) categories:
- capital adequacy, asset quality, management effectiveness, quantity and quality of
- 11 earnings, and liquidity.
- 12 (2) In addition to all other banking activities permitted by this subtitle, a state bank
- receiving a CAMEL rating of 1 or 2 at its most recent state or federal bank
- regulatory examination may engage in any banking activity in which the bank could
- engage and is exempted from any statutes or administrative regulations which
- would be preempted if:
- 17 (a) It was operating as a national bank in Kentucky;
- 18 (b) It was operating as a state bank, state thrift, or state savings bank in any state;
- 19 or
- 20 (c) It meets the qualified thrift lender test as determined by the Office of Thrift
- Supervision or its successor, or was operating as a federally chartered thrift or
- 22 federal savings bank in any state.
- 23 (3) Before a state bank may engage in any of the banking activities permitted by
- subsection (2) of this section, the state bank shall obtain a legal opinion specifying
- 25 the statutory or regulatory provisions that permit the activity in which the state bank
- 26 intends to engage and the conditions under which such activity is allowed. This
- legal opinion shall be maintained by the bank and provided to the

- 1 <u>department</u>[office] upon request.
- 2 (4) This section shall not apply to exempt any laws which regulate Kentucky state
- banks pertaining to deferred deposit transactions in Subtitle 9 of this chapter, title
- 4 pledge lending in Subtitle 10 of this chapter, visitorial or examination powers, and
- 5 interest rates.

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- 6 → Section 624. KRS 286.3-115 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 With the approval of the *commissioner* [executive director] a bank or trust company may, at any time, by resolution of its board of directors, which resolution shall have 8 9 been approved at a stockholders' meeting by two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding 10 capital stock of the bank, issue and sell its capital notes or debentures in an amount 11 not in excess of one hundred percent (100%) of its unimpaired paid-in capital stock 12 plus fifty percent (50%) of its unimpaired surplus. The aggregate amount of such 13 capital notes or debentures issued or sold by a bank or trust company shall be 14 exempt from the limitations and restrictions on indebtedness, as may be provided in its articles of incorporation. 15
 - (2) Such capital notes and debentures shall be subordinate to the claims of creditors and depositors, and shall be provided in any such capital notes or debentures that in the event of liquidation all depositors and other creditors of the bank shall be entitled to be paid in full, with such interest as may be provided by law, before any payment shall be made on account of principal of or interest on said capital notes or debentures, and may provide that after payment in full of all sums owing to such depositors and creditors the holders of such capital notes shall be entitled to be paid from the remaining assets of the bank, the unpaid principal amount of the capital notes or debentures, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon, before any payment or other distribution, whether in cash, property or otherwise, shall be made on account of any capital stock of the bank.
 - (3) The capital notes or debentures shall in no case be subject to any assessment. The

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1	holders of such capital notes or debentures shall not be liable for any debts,
2	contracts, or engagements of such bank, nor for assessments to restore impairments
3	in the capital of such bank, unless the holder is a stockholder in such bank.

- 4 (4) Such capital notes or debentures issued or sold by a bank or trust company shall be
 5 considered as a portion of the capital and unimpaired surplus or capital structure of
 6 the issuing bank or trust company and shall be considered as such in determining
 7 the bank's legal lending or investment limits, and for other purposes, when based
 8 upon the capital and unimpaired surplus of the bank or trust company; except that
 9 such capital notes and debentures shall not be considered in determining the amount
 10 of ad valorem taxes payable by the bank or trust company.
- 11 (5) No such capital notes or debentures may be retired or paid by the bank or trust
 12 company if at the time of retirement or payment or immediately after, there be an
 13 existing deficiency of the bank's or trust company's capital stock, as determined by
 14 the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
 - (6) No such capital notes or debentures shall be issued or sold by a bank or trust company except for cash, and no bank or trust company which issues such capital notes or debentures shall acquire or hold any of its capital notes or debentures in its own assets or in fiduciary capacity. Any of its own notes or debentures acquired by a bank contrary to the provisions of this section shall be forthwith disposed of by sale or charged to its undivided profits account.
- Wherever the terms "capital," "capital stock," or "capital structure" are used in this section, they shall be construed to have reference only to capital actually paid in and capital stock actually issued.
- ≥ Section 625. KRS 286.3-135 is amended to read as follows:

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25 (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, any bank doing business in the
26 Commonwealth, whether state or nationally chartered, may purchase for its own
27 account shares of a bank or bank holding company which owns or controls such a

bank 1	provided:
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- (a) The stock of such bank or bank holding company is owned exclusively (except to the extent director's qualifying shares are required by law) by depository institutions; and
- 5 (b) Such bank or bank holding company and all subsidiaries thereof are engaged
 6 exclusively in providing services for depository institutions, their parent
 7 companies, their subsidiaries, the officers, directors, and employees of each.
- 8 (2) In no event shall the total amount of stock held by a bank in any bank or bank
 9 holding company described in subsection (1) above exceed at any time ten percent
 10 (10%) of a bank's capital stock and paid in and unimpaired surplus and in no event
 11 shall the purchase of such stock result in a bank acquiring more than five percent
 12 (5%) of any class of voting securities of such bank or bank holding company.
- 13 (3) The <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> is authorized to receive applications, hold
 14 hearings on such applications, and issue charters for a banker's bank.
- → Section 626. KRS 286.3-140 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) A bank may, with the consent of a majority in number and interest of its
 17 stockholders, amend its articles of incorporation or reorganize to permit it to engage
 18 in a trust business. The stock of the old corporation, if unimpaired, may be
 19 converted into stock in the new corporation.
- 20 (2) Any bank or trust company may consolidate and the consolidated corporation shall
 21 issue stock for an equivalent amount in value of the stock of the constituent
 22 corporations.
- Upon written approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, a bank or trust company may transfer one (1) or more fiduciary accounts under its administration to an affiliate of the trust company or bank, as defined in KRS 286.3-230(6), located in the Commonwealth, if the transferring bank or trust company shall also:
- 27 (a) Not later than thirty (30) days prior to the date of the transfer of the fiduciary

- accounts, send written notice to the person or entity that was the recipient of the last report of the status of the account. The notice shall include notification of the recipient's rights to object to the transfer in the probate division of District Court and shall be deemed effective when mailed by the bank or trust company; and
- (b) Within ten (10) days after the date of a transfer of the fiduciary accounts, file an affidavit recording the transfer in the District Court, probate division, of the county in which its main office is located.
- → Section 627. KRS 286.3-172 is amended to read as follows:

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- 10 (1) A national banking association may convert into or merge with a state bank under a 11 state charter, provided that the action taken complies with federal law.
 - In the case of each conversion, a written plan of conversion shall be submitted, in duplicate, to the commissioner executive director. Such plan shall be in form satisfactory to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], shall prescribe the terms and conditions of the conversion and the mode of carrying it into effect, and shall have annexed thereto and forming a part thereof the proposed articles of incorporation of the state bank which is to result from the conversion. Such articles of incorporation shall be in the form prescribed by law for the organization of state banks, with such variations, if any, as shall be satisfactory to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>. With such plan of conversion there shall be submitted, in duplicate, to the commissioner[executive director] a certificate of the president, secretary, or cashier of the national banking association certifying that all steps have been taken which are necessary under federal law to the consummation of the conversion. The commissioner executive director shall approve or disapprove such plan of conversion within sixty (60) days of the submission thereof to him. In considering the approval or disapproval of the conversion plan the commissioner executive director shall take into account:

1 (a) Any pending administrative or judicial action to which the bank or any officer 2 or director of the bank is a party;

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- (b) The performance of the converting national bank for the five (5) years preceding the application for conversion as compared to similarly situated state-chartered banks; and
 - (c) The proposed name of the bank after conversion which shall not be the same as or deceptively similar to any existing state-chartered bank.

If the *commissioner*[executive director] shall approve such plan, he shall file one (1) duplicate thereof, together with one (1) duplicate of such certificate submitted therewith and the original of the approval of the commissioner executive director, in the office of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], and the other duplicate of such plan, together with a duplicate of such certificate and a duplicate of the commissioner's executive director's approval, shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the principal office of the state bank is to be located. After such filing in the office of the commission, the conversion shall become effective upon the filing and recording of the articles of incorporation as provided in KRS 286.3-050, unless a later date is specified in the plan, in which event the conversion shall become effective upon such later date. If commissioner executive director shall disapprove the conversion plan, he shall state his reasons for such disapproval in writing to which the converting national bank shall have the right of appeal as permitted by law.

(3) In the case of each merger, a written plan of merger shall be submitted, in duplicate, to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. Such plan shall be in form satisfactory to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] and shall prescribe the terms and conditions of the merger and the mode of carrying it into effect. Such plan may provide the name to be borne by the state bank, as receiving corporation, if such name is to be changed. Such plan may also name the persons who shall constitute the first board

of directors of the state bank after the merger shall have been accomplished, provided that the number and qualifications of such person shall be in accordance with the provisions of Subtitle 3 of KRS Chapter 286 relating to the number and qualifications of directors of a state bank; or such plan may provide for a meeting of the stockholders to elect a board of directors within sixty (60) days after such merger, and may make provision for conducting the affairs of the state bank meanwhile. With such plan of merger there shall be submitted, in duplicate, to the commissioner[executive director] the following:

- (a) By the national banking association, a certificate of the president, secretary, or cashier of such association certifying that all steps have been taken which are necessary under federal law to the consummation of their merger;
- (b) By the state bank, a certificate of the president, secretary, or cashier certifying that such plan of merger has been approved by the board of directors of the state bank by a majority vote of all the members thereof, that such plan has been submitted to the stockholders of the state bank at a meeting thereof held; upon notice of at least fifteen (15) days, specifying the time and place and object of such meeting and addressed to each stockholder at the address appearing upon the books of the state bank and published pursuant to KRS Chapter 424, and that such plan of merger has been approved at such meeting by the vote of the stockholders owning at least two-thirds (2/3) in amount of the stock of the state bank.
- (4) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall approve or disapprove such plan of merger within sixty (60) days of such submission thereof to him. If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall approve such plan, he shall file one (1) duplicate thereof, together with one (1) duplicate of each of such certificates and the original of the approval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], in the office of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], and the other duplicate of such plan, together

with a duplicate of each of such certificates and a duplicate of the commissioner's executive director's approval, shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the principal office of the state bank is to be located. Upon such filing in the office of the commissioner executive director, the merger shall become effective, unless a later date is specified in the plan, in which event the merger shall become effective upon such later date.

7 (5) At the time when such conversion or merger becomes effective:

- (a) The resulting state bank shall be considered the same business and corporate entity as the national banking association, although as to rights, powers, and duties, the resulting bank is a state bank;
- (b) All of the property, rights, and powers and franchises of the national banking association shall vest in the resulting state bank and the resulting state bank shall be subject to and deemed to have assumed all of the debts, liabilities, obligations, and duties of the national banking association and to have succeeded to all of its relationships, fiduciary or otherwise, as fully and to the same extent as if such property, rights, powers, franchises, debts, liabilities, obligations, duties, and relationships had been originally acquired, incurred, or entered into by the resulting state bank; provided, however, that the resulting state bank shall not, through such conversion or merger, acquire power to engage in any business or to exercise any right, privilege, or franchise which is not conferred by the provisions of Subtitle 3 of KRS Chapter 286 upon such resulting state bank;
- (c) Any reference to the national banking association in any contract, will, or document, whether executed or taking effect before or after the conversion or merger, shall be considered a reference to the resulting state bank if not inconsistent with the other provisions of the contract, will, or document;
- (d) A pending action or other judicial proceeding to which the national banking

HB039310.100-502 GA

association is a party, shall not be deemed to have abated or to have discontinued by reason of the conversion or merger, but may be prosecuted to final judgment, order, or decree in the same manner as if the conversion or merger had not been made; or the resulting state bank may be substituted as a party to such action or proceeding, and any judgment, order, or decree may be rendered for or against it that might have been rendered for or against the national banking association if the conversion or merger had not occurred.

→ Section 628. KRS 286.3-180 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Banks authorized under the laws of this state may, except as provided in subsections (2) or (3) of this section, exercise, only at their principal office, powers necessary to carry on the business of banking by discounting and negotiating notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other evidences of debt, and by purchasing bonds, receiving deposits and allowing interest on these items, buying and selling exchange, coin, and bullion, and lending money on personal or real security.
 - A bank may establish within any state, the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States a branch and may exercise all of the powers conferred in subsection (1) of this section at the branch. A bank, except for a bank that the commissioner[executive director] may designate by the promulgation of administrative regulations, shall apply to the <a href="mailto:commissioner[executive director] for permission to establish a branch. Before the <a href="mailto:commissioner[executive director] shall approve or disapprove any application made under this subsection the <a href="mailto:commissioner[executive director] shall ascertain and determine that the public convenience and advantage will be served and promoted and that there is reasonable probability of the successful operation of the branch based upon the financial and managerial impact of the branch on the bank establishing the branch. The following conditions shall apply to applications for branches:
 - (a) The permission to open a branch shall lapse one (1) year after the

Page 887 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] has rendered a final order as defined in
KRS 13B.010, unless it shall have been opened and business actually begun in
good faith. If, for reasons beyond the control of the applicant, the branch is not
opened within this time period, permission to open the branch may, with the
approval of the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director], be extended for any period
of time the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> deems to be necessary; and

- (b) An application to establish a branch office shall be approved or disapproved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] based upon the facts existing at the date of filing of the application, except for the financial condition of the bank proposing to establish a branch office, which condition shall be subject to review until an order ruling on the application is made.
- (3) Any corporation which on January 1, 1966, was engaged in operating an agency or branch bank may continue to retain and operate the agency or branch bank under the general banking laws, and the requirements set forth in this section in respect to capital shall not apply to any existing agency or branch bank but only as to those agencies or branch banks which may be established in the future in accordance with the terms of this section.
 - The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prohibit the merger of banks in the same county and the operation by the merged corporation of the banks, nor to prohibit the sale of any bank to, and the purchase by, any other bank in the same county and the operation of the bank by the purchasing bank as a branch, provided the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall determine that the public convenience and necessity will be served by the operation. The bank which does not survive the merger shall surrender its charter.
- (5) Any national banking association or any state bank member of the Federal Reserve system whose principal office is located in this state may do all things and perform all acts which state banks are permitted to do or perform under this section, subject

- to the conditions and restrictions provided for banks as to exercise of these powers.
- When a branch or agency bank has once been established any operation of the branch or agency bank shall not be discontinued, and the branch or agency bank shall not be closed until after ninety (90) days' notice in writing to the commissioner[executive director]. In the discretion of the commissioner[executive director]. In the discretion of the commissioner[executive director] the branch or agency bank proposing to discontinue operation may be required to give notice of the date when its operation will cease.
- Section 629. KRS 286.3-185 is amended to read as follows:
- A bank may move its principal office or a branch from one (1) location to another. A 9 bank, except for a bank that the *commissioner*[executive director] may designate through 10 the promulgation of administrative regulations, shall apply the 11 commissioner [executive director] for approval to relocate its principal office or a branch. 12 Before the commissioner executive director shall approve or disapprove any change of 13 location, he shall ascertain and determine that the public convenience and advantage will 14 be served and promoted and that there is a reasonable probability of the successful 15 operation of the branch or principal office at the new location. 16
- → Section 630. KRS 286.3-187 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) Except as set forth in subsection (7) of this section, with prior approval of the

 19 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and upon compliance with the requirements of

 20 this section, any state bank may agree to receive deposits, renew time deposits,

 21 close loans, service loans, receive payments on loans and other obligations, and

 22 perform other services as may be authorized by administrative regulations, as an

 23 agent for any national bank, savings and loan, or savings bank having its principal

 24 office in Kentucky or any state bank.
- 25 (2) A state bank that proposes to enter into an agency agreement under this section shall
 26 file with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, at least thirty (30) days before the
 27 effective date of the agreement:

1	(a)	A notice of intention to enter into an agency agreement with a national bank,
2		savings and loan, or savings bank having its principal office in Kentucky or a
3	•	state bank;

- (b) A description of the services to be performed under the agency agreement; and
- 5 (c) A copy of the agency agreement.

- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall decide whether to approve the agency agreement within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the notice required by subsection

 (2) of this section; except if the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] requests additional information after receiving such notice, the time limit for the <u>commissioner's</u>[executive director's] decision shall be thirty (30) days after receiving the additional information.
- 12 (4) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may order a state bank to cease acting as an
 13 agent or principal under any agency agreement with a state bank or a national bank,
 14 savings and loan, or savings bank having its principal office in Kentucky that the
 15 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] finds to be inconsistent with safe and sound
 16 banking practices.
- 17 (5) A state bank acting as an agent for a state bank or a national bank, savings and loan, 18 or savings bank having its principal office in Kentucky in accordance with this 19 section shall not be considered to be a branch of that institution.
- 20 (6) Except as set forth in subsection (7) of this section, a state bank may act as an agent
 21 for a national bank, savings and loan, or savings bank having its principal office
 22 outside Kentucky to the same extent it could act were it operating as a national bank
 23 at the time.
- Nothing in this section authorizes a state bank to conduct any activity as an agent under this section which the bank is not permitted to conduct as a principal under any applicable federal or state law.
- → Section 631. KRS 286.3-199 is amended to read as follows:

1 (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:

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- 2 (a) "<u>Commissioner</u>[Executive director]" means the <u>commissioner</u>[executive
 3 director] of financial institutions and any other person lawfully exercising the
 4 powers of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
 - (b) "Officers" means the person or persons designated by the board of directors of a bank to act for the bank in carrying out the provisions of this section.
 - (c) "Emergency" means any condition which interferes with the conduct of normal business operations at one (1) or more or all offices of a bank or banks, or which poses an imminent or existing threat to the safety and security of persons or property, or both. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing an emergency may arise as a result of any one (1) or more of the following: fire, flood, wind, rain or snowstorms, labor disputes, power failures, transportation failures, war and riots, civil commotions, and other acts of lawlessness or violence.
 - (d) "Office" means any place at which a bank transacts business or conducts operations related to the transaction of business.
 - (e) "Person" includes natural persons, corporations, partnerships and associations.
- 18 (2) Whenever the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] is of the opinion that an
 19 emergency exists in this state or in any part or parts of this state, <u>the</u>
 20 <u>commissioner</u>[he] shall, by proclamation, authorize those banks which, in the
 21 opinion of their officers, are directly or indirectly affected by such emergency to
 22 close one (1) or more or all their offices.
 - (3) Whenever the officers of a bank are of the opinion that an emergency exists which affects one (1) or more or all the bank's offices, they shall have authority to close one (1) or more or all such offices even though the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> has not issued a proclamation of emergency, and they may provide that the business normally transacted at a closed office will be transacted at another office

- designated by the bank until further notice. The office or offices so closed shall remain closed until the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> proclaims that the emergency has ended, or until such earlier time as the officers of the bank determine that one (1) or more offices, theretofore closed because of the emergency, should reopen, or, if the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> has issued no proclamation of emergency, until the officers of the bank determine that such office or offices should reopen. The discretion of the officers in acting pursuant to this section, when exercised in good faith, shall not be questioned in any court or place.
- 9 (4) A bank closing an office or offices pursuant to this section shall give prompt notice 10 to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> as conditions will permit.
 - No bank and no director, officer or employee of a bank shall be liable to any person for any direct or indirect loss suffered by reason of the bank's failure or inability to make access to the bank's premises and facilities available to such person or by reason of the bank's failure or delay in performing any contractual, statutory or other duty assumed by or imposed upon the bank in any capacity when such failure, inability or delay is caused by an emergency as defined by this section. The immunity from liability provided for herein shall endure during the period of such emergency and for such time thereafter as may reasonably be necessary to afford such access or perform such duty.
- 20 (6) The provisions of this section shall be construed and applied as being in addition to
 21 any other law of this state or United States excusing delays by banks in the
 22 performance of duties or obligations, or authorizing the closing of banks because of
 23 emergencies or conditions beyond the bank's control, or otherwise.
- 24 (7) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may make such orders and regulations, not 25 inconsistent with this section, as he <u>or she</u> shall deem necessary during an 26 emergency to provide for the uninterrupted continuance of business by banks to the 27 extent consistent with the safety and security of persons and property.

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→ Section 632. KRS 286.3-212 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any bank, when acting as a fiduciary or 2 when holding securities as custodian for a fiduciary, is authorized to deposit, or 3 arrange for the deposit, with the federal reserve bank in its district of any securities, the principal and interest of which the United States or any department, agency or 5 6 instrumentality thereof has agreed to pay, or has guaranteed payment, to be credited to one (1) or more accounts on the books of said federal reserve bank in the name of 7 such bank, to be designated fiduciary for safekeeping accounts, to which account 8 other similar securities may be credited. A bank so depositing securities with a 9 federal reserve bank shall be subject to such rules and regulations with respect to 10 the making and maintenance of such deposit as, in the case of a bank organized 11 under the laws of this state, the commissioner [executive director], and, in the case 12 of the national banking associations, the comptroller of the currency, may from time 13 to time issue. The records of such bank shall at all times show the ownership of the 14 securities held in such account. Ownership of, and other interests in, the securities 15 credited to such account may be transferred by entries on the books of said federal 16 reserve bank without physical delivery of any securities. A bank acting as custodian 17 for a fiduciary shall, on demand by the fiduciary, certify in writing to the fiduciary 18 the securities so deposited by such bank with such federal reserve bank for the 19 account of such fiduciary. A fiduciary shall, on demand by any party, to its 20 accounting or on demand by the attorney for such party, certify in writing to such 21 party the securities deposited by such fiduciary with such federal reserve bank for 22 its account as such fiduciary. 23
- 24 (2) This section shall apply to any fiduciary, and any custodian for fiduciaries, acting on
 25 June 21, 1974, or who thereafter may act regardless of the date of the agreement,
 26 instrument or court order by which it is appointed.
- 27 (3) As used in this section, "fiduciary" includes an executor, administrator, trustee

- under any trust, express, implied, resulting or constructive, guardian, conservator, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for the benefit of creditors, partner, agent,
- officer of a corporation, public or private, public officer or any other person acting
- in a fiduciary capacity for any person, trust or estate.
- 5 → Section 633. KRS 286.3-230 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) Any trust company or bank empowered to act as a fiduciary under the laws of this
 7 state and subject to examination by state or federal banking authorities may
 8 establish and maintain one (1) or more common trust funds for the collective
 9 investment of funds held in any fiduciary capacity by such trust company or bank or
 10 by an affiliate of the trust company or bank including, without limitation, funds held
 11 as agent where the trust company, bank, or affiliate exercises investment discretion
 12 and assumes fiduciary responsibilities.
- 13 (2) Before establishing a common trust fund as provided in subsection (1) of this
 14 section, the trust company or bank shall file with the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 15 <u>director]</u> a statement of the plan under which it proposes to establish, maintain,
 16 operate, and ultimately liquidate the trust fund, and shall secure the written approval
 17 of the plan by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 18 (3) After such a trust fund has been established, it may be modified or amended by
 19 filing with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a statement setting forth the
 20 proposed modification or amendment, and securing the written approval of the
 21 change by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
- 22 (4) The bank, trust company, or affiliate shall at all times maintain definite records 23 showing all securities and properties held in such fund.
- 24 (5) The trust company, bank, or affiliate may invest funds held by it in any fiduciary
 25 capacity in one (1) or more common trust funds established as provided in
 26 subsection (1) of this section, or one (1) or more common trust funds wherever
 27 located established, owned, or controlled by an affiliate of the trust company, bank,

or affiliate so long as:

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- 2 (a) The investment is not specifically prohibited by the instrument, judgment
 3 decree, or order creating the fiduciary relationship; and
 - (b) In the case of cofiduciaries, the trust company, bank, or affiliated bank procures the written consent of its cofiduciary or cofiduciaries to the investment, which consent the cofiduciary or cofiduciaries are hereby authorized to grant.
- 8 (6) As used in subsection (1) of this section, "affiliate of the trust company or bank"
 9 means any trust company, bank, or other entity that controls, is controlled by, or is
 10 under common control with the trust company, bank, or other entity.
- → Section 634. KRS 286.3-290 is amended to read as follows:
- In the case of obligations to banks and trust companies, the limitations and restrictions of KRS 286.3-280 shall not apply to:
- 14 (1) Obligations of the United States or of the State of Kentucky;
- Obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States or the State 15 **(2)** of Kentucky; or all obligations to the extent secured or covered by guarantees or by 16 commitments or agreements to take over or to purchase the same made by any 17 federal reserve bank or by the United States or by any department, bureau, board, 18 19 commission or establishment of the United States, including any corporation wholly owned directly or indirectly by the United States; or consolidated bonds issued by or 20 for federal land banks or consolidated debentures issued by or for federal 21 intermediate credit banks under the Act of Congress known as the "Federal Farm 22 Loan Act," and amendments thereto; or consolidated debentures issued by or for 23 banks for cooperatives under the Act of Congress known as the "Farm Credit Act of 24 1933," and amendments thereto; or obligations issued by the federal home loan 25 banks; or obligations which are insured by the federal housing administrator 26 pursuant to Title 12, Section 12, Section 1713, United States Code, if the 27

1	debentures to be issued in payment of such insured obligations are guaranteed as to
2	the principal and interest by the United States; or obligations of national mortgage
3	associations; except that the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may make, alter and
4	repeal regulations respecting the total liabilities of any person which:

- (a) Are secured by direct obligations of the United States or the State of Kentucky, and
 - (b) Have a face value at least equal to the amount of such liabilities, and
- 8 (c) Will mature within five (5) years from the date such liabilities were incurred.
- 9 (3) Obligations of Kentucky counties and school districts incurred through borrowing in anticipation of the current year's tax receipts as authorized by KRS 68.320 and 160.540.
- → Section 635. KRS 286.3-330 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 (1) Banks, subject to statutory or charter limitations, may pledge such portion of their
 14 assets or provide surety bonds as may be required by law as collateral security for
 15 government deposits made with them, or any of them, by or under the authority of
 16 the United States, or for any other deposit required by law to be secured.
- Notwithstanding any law requiring security for deposits in the form of collateral, surety bond, or in any other form, security for such deposits shall not be required to the extent said deposits are insured under the provisions of Section 12B of the Federal Reserve Act (38 Stat. 251) as amended.
 - (3) If a bank proposes to sell its assets and transfer its deposit liability to another bank and the purchasing bank is unwilling to accept a sufficient amount of the assets to cover the liability to depositors and other creditors, the selling bank may, with the consent of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, pledge all or a part of its remaining or unacceptable assets to secure a loan for an amount sufficient to cover the remaining liability to the depositors and other creditors.
- 27 → Section 636. KRS 286.3-350 is amended to read as follows:

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- 1 (1) The board of directors of any bank or trust company organized under the laws of
 2 this state may declare a dividend of so much of the net profits as they deem
 3 expedient. The net profits shall be computed by deducting all expenses, losses, and
 4 interest and taxes accrued or due from the bank.
- The approval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall be required if the total of all dividends declared by such institution in any calendar year shall exceed the total of its net profits of that year combined with its retained net profits of the preceding two (2) years, less any required transfers to surplus or a fund for the retirement of preferred stock or debt.
- Description 10 → Section 637. KRS 286.3-375 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 (1) Every bank shall retain its business records for such periods as are or may be 12 prescribed by or in accordance with the terms of this section.
- 13 (2) Each bank shall retain permanently the minute book of meetings of its stockholders
 14 and directors, its capital stock ledger and capital stock certificate ledger or stubs, its
 15 general ledger, its daily statements of condition, its general journal, its investment
 16 ledger, its copies of bank examination reports, and all records which the
 17 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall, in accordance with the terms of this
 18 section, require to be retained permanently.
- 19 (3) All other bank records shall be retained for such periods as the
 20 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall, in accordance with the terms of this
 21 section, prescribe.
- 22 (4) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall from time to time issue regulations
 23 classifying all records kept by banks and prescribing the period for which records of
 24 each class shall be retained. Such periods may be permanent or for a lesser term of
 25 years. Such regulations may from time to time be amended or repealed. Prior to
 26 issuing any such regulation the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall consider:
- 27 (a) Actions at law and administration proceedings in which the production of

1	bank records might	be necessary	or desirable;
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- 2 (b) State and federal statutes of limitation applicable to such actions or proceedings;
 - (c) The availability of information contained in bank records from other sources;
 - (d) Such other matters as the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall deem pertinent in order that its regulations will require banks to retain their records for as short a period as is commensurate with the interests of bank customers and shareholders and of the people of this state in having bank records available.
- 10 (5) Any bank may dispose of any record which has been retained for the period 11 prescribed by or in accordance with the terms of this section for retention of records 12 of its class, and shall thereafter be under no duty to produce such record in any 13 action or proceeding.
- 14 (6) Any bank, including the <u>Department</u>[Office] of Financial Institutions, may cause
 15 any or all records at any time in its custody to be reproduced by the
 16 microphotographic process, nonerasable optical image discs (CD's), or other records
 17 retention technology approved by the <u>department</u>[office], and any reproduction so
 18 made shall have the same force and effect as the original thereof and be admitted in
 19 evidence equally with the original.
- 20 (7) To the extent that they are not in contravention of any law of the United States, the 21 provisions of this section shall apply to all banks doing business in this state.
- ≥ Section 638. KRS 286.3-420 is amended to read as follows:
- Within ten (10) days after the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] calls upon a bank or trust company, it shall publish pursuant to KRS Chapter 424 on a form furnished by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], a condensed statement of its financial condition, at the close of business on the date named in the call. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive-director] may make the call at any time he <u>or she</u> desires. Such published statement shall contain

- all information as the commissioner[executive director] shall require. The reports shall be
- 2 signed and sworn to either by the president, vice president, cashier, or one (1) of the
- directors. A copy of the report, certified to by the publisher, shall be kept in the files of
- 4 the bank or trust company for review by the <u>department{office}</u>.

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- Section 639. KRS 286.3-450 is amended to read as follows:
- Every state bank, branch of an out-of-state state bank, or trust company doing 6 business under the laws of this state shall be subject to inspection by the 7 commissioner[executive director] or by an examiner appointed by the 8 commissioner[executive director]. Examination shall be made of each institution at 9 least once every twenty-four (24) months, unless other examinations are accepted as 10 11 provided in subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section, and not more than twice unless it appears from examination or from the reports of the institution that it has 12 failed to comply with laws or regulations relating to banks or trust companies, or 13 has engaged in unsafe or unsound banking practices. 14
- 15 (2) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, deputy <u>commissioner[director]</u>, and each
 16 examiner may compel the appearance of any person for the purpose of the
 17 examination, which shall be made in the presence of one (1) of the officers of the
 18 institution being examined.
 - (3) Any bank that becomes a member of a Federal Reserve Bank shall be subject to the examination required by the Federal Reserve Act, (38 Stat. 251) as amended, and the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may, in his discretion, accept examinations made by the Federal Reserve authorities in lieu of examinations made under state laws. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall furnish to the Federal Reserve agent of the district in which the member bank is situated, copies of reports and examinations made of the member bank.
- 26 (4) The <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> may, in his discretion, accept examinations
 27 made by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation in lieu of examinations made

- 1 under state laws.
- 2 The commissioner [executive director] may, in his discretion, enter into cooperative, coordinating, and information-sharing agreements with any other bank supervisory 3 agencies or any organization affiliated with or representing one (1) or more bank supervisory agencies with respect to the periodic examination or other supervision 5 of any branch of an out-of-state state bank, or any branch of a state bank in any host 6 state. The commissioner executive director may accept reports of examinations 7 and reports of investigation from other bank supervisory agencies and home state 8 9 regulators in lieu of examinations made under state law. The commissioner[executive director] may enter into joint examinations or joint 10 11 enforcement actions with other bank supervisory agencies having concurrent jurisdiction over any bank, bank holding company, branch of an out-of-state state 12 13 bank or any branch of a state bank located in any host state. Information produced or provided under this section shall be considered confidential as provided in KRS 14 286.3-470. 15
- Section 640. KRS 286.3-460 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 In examinations under KRS 286.3-450 the examining officer shall investigate:
- 18 (1) The cash, bills, collateral, securities, other assets, books of account, and all other
 19 papers and books of the bank or trust company;
- 20 (2) The condition and resources of the bank, the mode of conducting and managing its
 21 affairs, the actions of its directors, the investment and disposition of its funds, the
 22 safety and prudence of its management and the security afforded to those by whom
 23 its engagements are held;
- 24 (3) Whether the requirements of its charter and of the laws of this state have been complied with in the administration of its affairs; and
- 26 (4) Such other matters as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> deems necessary.
- ⇒ Section 641. KRS 286.3-470 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) Reports of examination, and correspondence that relates to the report of
 2 examination, of a bank or trust company shall be considered confidential
 3 information. No officer or director of a bank or trust company, employee of the
 4 department[office], or employee of a state or federal regulatory authority shall
 5 release any information contained in the examination, except when:
 - (a) Required in a proper legal proceeding in which a subpoena and protective order insuring confidentiality has been issued by a court of competent jurisdiction; or
 - (b) The information is referred to an appropriate prosecuting attorney for possible criminal proceedings, to outside persons providing professional services to the bank, or to outside persons for the purpose of evaluating the bank for possible acquisition. Reports of examination released to outside persons providing professional services to the bank or for the purpose of evaluating the bank for possible acquisition, shall require a written request from such outside persons and prior approval by the board of directors or an executive committee of the bank.
- The <u>department</u>[office] may furnish to and exchange information and reports with officials and examiners of other properly authorized state or federal regulatory authorities, including the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board, and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.
- 21 (3) Every official report concerning a bank or trust company, and every report of
 22 examination, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated for all
 23 purposes in any action in which the <u>department[office]</u>, bank, or trust company is a
 24 party.
- Section 642. KRS 286.3-480 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) The following fees shall be paid to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> by 27 corporations engaged in a banking or trust business:

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- (a) For the investigation incident to the approval of articles of incorporation, applications for branch banks and loan production offices, and applications to relocate a main or branch office, the fee shall be sufficient to cover the cost of the investigation based upon fair compensation for time and actual expense;
- (b) For each state bank and branch of an out-of-state state bank subject to inspection and examination by the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u>, an annual assessment based on the assets of the banks and branches, other than assets held by it in a fiduciary capacity, as reported to the <u>department[office]</u> by the banks and branches as of the thirty-first day of December of the previous year. The assessment schedule shall be at the rates the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall determine to be necessary to carry out the duties of the <u>department[office]</u> and shall be reasonably related to the costs incurred by the <u>department[office]</u> in regulating banks and branches. The assessment schedule shall be set by administrative regulation;
- (c) For the examination of the assets held by the institution in a fiduciary capacity, the fee shall be sufficient to cover the cost of the investigation based upon fair compensation for time and actual expense. The commissioner [executive director] may accept examinations made of the trust department in combined banks and trust companies by examiners for the Federal Reserve System, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or a certified public accountant; and
- (d) Extraordinary services performed, in addition to examinations, for any financial institution, including institutions in liquidation under the supervision of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, shall be paid for by the institution upon the basis of fair compensation for time and actual expense.
- (2) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, in his discretion, may enter into cooperative agreements with other bank supervisory agencies having concurrent jurisdiction

- over any bank, bank holding company, branch of an out-of-state state bank or any branch of a state bank located in any host state, or any organization affiliated with one (1) or more bank supervisory agencies for the collection, remittance, and sharing of fees authorized in subsection (1) of this section.
- Section 643. KRS 286.3-490 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) Every institution under the supervision of the <u>department</u>[office] shall make a
 7 report to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] whenever required by <u>the</u>
 8 <u>commissioner</u>[him] to do so. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall not
 9 require more than five (5) reports from any one (1) institution in any one (1) year,
 10 unless he <u>or she</u> deems it necessary in order to obtain complete information.
- 11 (2) The reports shall show the actual condition of the bank making the report at the
 12 close of business on a date designated by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and
 13 shall specify any information required by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 14 (3) Any officer, director, or board of directors of a bank or trust company shall
 15 immediately notify the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> concerning any
 16 information relating to that financial institution of which they have personal
 17 knowledge, involving fraud, defalcation, misfeasance, or violations of this subtitle.
 18 Failure to so notify the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall be grounds for
 19 officer or director removal pursuant to KRS 286.3-690.
- Section 644. KRS 286.3-530 is amended to read as follows:

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The <u>department</u>[office] shall examine banks and trust companies in the hands of a receiver, as other banks and trust companies, until its affairs are wound up, and a copy of the examination shall be filed with the circuit clerk in the county where the bank is located. The receiver or person in charge of the insolvent bank or trust company shall make reports to the <u>department</u>[office], and shall submit the affairs of the institution under his control to examination in the same manner as required in the case of other banks and trust companies.

Page 903 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

- Section 645. KRS 286.3-660 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 Each June, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall make a report to the Governor
- 3 setting forth:
- 4 (1) A summary of the condition of every bank or trust company organized and doing
- business under the laws of this state, subject to examination and inspection under
- 6 this subtitle, and such other information relating to such banks and trust companies,
- as, in <u>the commissioner's [his]</u> judgment, may be useful;
- 8 (2) A statement of every bank or trust company whose business has been closed during
- 9 the year, that has failed or voluntarily retired during the year;
- 10 (3) The name of banks or trust companies placed in the commissioner's his hands in
- process of liquidation, and the amount of dividends paid thereon;
- 12 (4) Any proposed amendment of the laws relating to banks and trust companies, by
- which the system, in *the commissioner's*[his] judgment, may be improved, and by
- which the security of creditors, depositors, and stockholders may be increased.
- → Section 646. KRS 286.3-690 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> has knowledge or reasonable cause to
- believe that any bank or trust company, or any director, officer, employee, agent, or
- other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of the bank or trust company
- has engaged in violations of law, or charter, or administrative regulation
- 20 promulgated by the *department* of five, or in unsafe or unsound business practices,
- 21 the commissioner[he] may issue and serve upon the bank, trust company, director,
- officer, employee, agent, or other person a notice of charges containing a statement
- of facts with respect to alleged violations or practices, and shall fix the time and
- place at which an administrative hearing shall be held to determine whether an order
- 25 to cease and desist should issue against the bank, trust company, director, officer,
- 26 employee, agent, or other person. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance
- with KRS Chapter 13B.

- Unless the party or parties so served shall appear at the hearing personally or by a duly-authorized representative, they shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of the cease and desist order.
- 4 (3) If the parties consent, or if upon the record made at the hearing the

 commissioner[executive director] shall find that any violation or unsafe or unsound

 practice specified in the notice of charges has been established, the

 commissioner[he] may issue and serve upon the bank, trust company, director,

 officer, employee, agent, or other person an order to cease and desist from any

 violation or practice and, further, to take affirmative action to correct the conditions

 resulting from any violation or practice.

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- (4) If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall determine that the violation or practice, as specified in the notice of charges pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, or the continuation thereof, is likely to cause insolvency or substantial dissipation of assets or earnings of the bank or trust company, or is likely to otherwise seriously prejudice the interests of its depositors or investors, <u>the commissioner[he]</u> may issue an emergency order pursuant to KRS 13B.125 requiring the bank or trust company, director, officer, employee, agent, or other person to cease and desist from any violation or practice.
- 19 (5) A cease and desist order or an emergency cease and desist order shall become 20 effective upon service upon the bank or trust company. Unless set aside, limited or 21 suspended, as provided by subsection (6) of this section, a cease and desist order 22 shall remain effective and enforceable pending completion of an administrative 23 hearing conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- 24 (6) Within ten (10) days after service of an emergency cease and desist order, the party
 25 or parties served may apply to the Circuit Court for the county in which the bank is
 26 located, or the Circuit Court of Franklin County, for an injunction setting aside,
 27 limiting, or suspending the enforcement, operation, or effectiveness of the order

- pending completion of the administrative hearing, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue an injunction.
- In the case of violation or threatened violation of, or failure to obey, an emergency cease and desist order or a cease and desist order issued pursuant to this section, the commissioner[executive director] may apply to the Circuit Court for the county in which the bank or trust company is located, or the Circuit Court of Franklin County, for an injunction to enforce the order, and it shall be the duty of the court to issue the injunction.
 - If the commissioner executive director shall determine that any officer or director of a bank or trust company has committed any violation of law, of an administrative regulation, or of a cease and desist order which has become final, or has engaged in or participated in any unsafe or unsound practice in connection with the bank or trust company, or has committed or engaged in any act, omission, or practice which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as officer or director, and the commissioner executive director determines that the bank or trust company has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damages or that the interests of its depositors or investors could be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation or practice of breach of fiduciary duty or that the director or officer has received financial gain by reason of the violation or practice or breach of fiduciary duty, the commissioner executive director may serve upon the director or officer a written notice of intention to remove him or her from office. The violation, practice, or breach shall be one (1) involving personal dishonesty on the part of the director or officer, or one (1) which demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the bank. The written notice shall serve to suspend the officer or director from office. The suspension shall become effective upon service of the notice and, unless stayed by a court in proceedings authorized by subsection (10) of this section, shall remain in effect pending the completion of the

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1	administrative hearing under subsection (9) of this section. The resignation of an
2	officer or director from the bank shall not prohibit the <u>commissioner</u> [executive
3	director] from pursuing an action for removal of the officer or director.

- 4 (9) A notice of intention to remove an officer or director from office shall contain a 5 statement of the facts constituting grounds therefor, and shall fix a time and place at 6 which an administrative hearing shall be held in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- 7 (10) Within ten (10) days after an officer or director has been suspended from office, the
 8 officer or director may apply to the Circuit Court for the county in which the bank
 9 or trust company is located for a stay of the suspension pending the completion of
 10 the administrative hearing pursuant to the notice served upon the officer or director,
 11 and the court shall have jurisdiction to grant the stay.
- 12 (11) The bank, trust company, or person assessed shall be afforded an opportunity for an
 13 administrative hearing upon request made to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]
 14 within ten (10) days after issuance of the assessment notice. The hearing shall be
 15 conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- 16 (12) Any person aggrieved by a final order of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]
 17 under subsections (9) or (11) of this section may obtain a review of the order by
 18 filing in the Circuit Court for the county in which the bank or trust company is
 19 located a petition of appeal in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- in which the bank or trust company is located for an injunction to enforce any final order issued under subsection (9) of this section or any assessment made under subsection (11) of this section, and it shall be the duty of the court to issue the injunction.
- Section 647. KRS 286.3-820 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) For the purpose of this section:
- 27 (a) "Loan production office" means a bank office located at a place other than the

1			principal or branch office, at which bank employees solicit and originate loans
2			for final approval and disbursement of funds at the principal or branch office;
3			and
4		(b)	"Disbursement of funds" is the process by which a bank officer in a principal
5			or branch office issues a negotiable instrument at the principal or branch
6			office.
7	(2)	A ba	ank, except for a bank that the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> may designate
8		by	the promulgation of administrative regulations, shall apply to the
9		com	missioner[executive director] for permission to establish a loan production
10		offic	ce. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall approve the application unless
11		he <u>o</u>	<u>r she</u> finds that:
12		(a)	The proposed operation of the loan production office is not in accordance with
13			this section;
14		(b)	The financial standing, moral character, and capability of the bank and its
15			management which proposes to operate a loan production office will
16			jeopardize the financial stability of the bank;
17		(c)	There is no reasonable assurance of sufficient volume of business for the
18			proposed loan production office to be successful; and
19		(d)	The public convenience and advantage will not be promoted by the opening of
20			the proposed loan production office.
21	(3)	All	extensions of credit originated in a loan production office shall be in accordance
22		with	disclosure provisions, usury rates, and other fees and charges authorized by
23		law	for banks.
24	(4)	Loa	n production offices shall not accept deposits or conduct any other banking
25		func	ctions except those enumerated in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section.
26	(5)	The	commissioner[executive director] may examine the operations of any loan
27		proc	duction office for the purpose of determining that the scope of its activities does

1	not exceed that allowed in this section. Banks operating loan production offices
2	shall maintain copies of records relating to extensions of credit originated in loan
3	production offices at the principal office for examination purposes.

- The application and appeal process set forth in KRS Chapter 13B and the cease and desist powers of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> set forth in KRS 286.3-690 shall apply to loan production offices.
- 7 → Section 648. KRS 286.3-854 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may take possession and close a bank for
 9 purposes of liquidation in any case in which <u>the commissioner[he]</u> finds that the
 10 bank:
- 11 (a) Is insolvent;

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- 12 (b) Has permitted capital to become impaired to a level which does not permit the 13 bank to operate in a safe and sound manner;
 - (c) Has had insurance of depositors' accounts terminated by the FDIC; or
 - (d) Has requested through its board of directors that the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] take possession for the benefit of depositors, other creditors and shareholders.
 - (2) If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] has taken possession of and closed a bank for purpose of liquidation, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall forthwith issue a written finding of one (1) or more of the grounds for closing provided in this section and shall appoint a receiver for the bank. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall immediately thereafter apply to the receivership court for confirmation of the appointment of a receiver. The court shall act upon the application forthwith and may proceed without notice to any person.
- Section 649. KRS 286.3-856 is amended to read as follows:
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall tender appointment as receiver to the FDIC if any deposits in the closed bank are insured by the FDIC. Upon acceptance of the

- appointment as receiver, the FDIC shall not be required to post bond.
- 2 Section 650. KRS 286.3-860 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 Immediately after closing any state bank for purposes of liquidation under the provisions
- 4 of KRS 286.3-854, the *commissioner* executive director shall post an appropriate notice
- of closing at the main entrance of the bank, and thereafter no judgment lien, attachment
- 6 lien or any voluntary lien shall attach to any asset of said bank, nor shall the directors,
- officers or agents of such bank thereafter have authority to act on behalf of said bank or to
- 8 convey, transfer, assign, pledge, mortgage or encumber any assets thereof.
- 9 → Section 651. KRS 286.3-900 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) For purposes of this section and KRS 286.3-905:
- 11 (a) "Bank" means any institution organized under this subtitle, the banking laws
 12 of another state, or the National Bank Act, as amended, to do a banking
 13 business;
 - (b) "Bank holding company," "company," and "control" have the meanings accorded them in the Federal Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended (12 U.S.C. secs. 1841 et seq.). "Control" may be acquired by acquisition of voting securities, by purchase of assets, by merger or consolidation, by contract, or otherwise;
 - (c) "Individual" means a natural person, partnership, association, business trust, voting trust, or similar organization. "Individual" does not include a corporation; and
 - (d) "Deposit" has the meaning accorded it in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended, and regulations promulgated thereunder; excluded, however, from deposits are all interbank deposits and all deposits in foreign branches and international banking facilities, as shown in the reports made by all federally insured depository institutions to their respective supervisory authorities.

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No individual or bank holding company wherever located may acquire control of any bank or bank holding company if, upon the acquisition, the individual or bank holding company would control banks in this state holding more than fifteen percent (15%) of the total deposits and member accounts in the offices of all federally insured depository institutions in this state as reported in the most recent June 30 quarterly report made by the institutions to their respective supervisory authorities which are available at the time of the acquisition.

- (3) The limitations set forth in this section or any other provision of this subtitle or any administrative regulation promulgated thereunder, as now in effect or amended after July 13, 1984, shall not apply to the acquisition of a bank if, in his or her discretion, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], if the bank is organized under the laws of this state, or the comptroller of the currency, if the bank is a national bank, determines that an emergency exists and the acquisition is appropriate in order to prevent the probable failure of the bank which is closed or is in danger of closing.
 - (4) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prohibit or restrict the merger or consolidation of banks or bank holding companies having their principal places of business in the same county and the operation by the merged or consolidated corporation of the banks, nor to prohibit the sale of any bank or bank holding company to, and the purchase thereof by, any other bank or bank holding company with its principal place of business in the same county and the operation of the bank as a branch so long as the provisions of KRS 286.3-180(4) have been satisfied.
 - → Section 652. KRS 286.3-905 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) Any bank holding company which proposes to acquire control of a bank chartered
 25 in this state or a bank holding company which includes a bank chartered in this
 26 state, shall concurrently file with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> copies of
 27 the application filed with the federal reserve board under applicable federal law.

Page 911 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

1	The commissioner [executive director] shall approve such acquisition within ninety
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- 2 (90) days of acceptance of a complete application if <u>the commissioner</u>[he] finds
- 3 that:

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- 4 (a) The terms of the acquisition are in accordance with the laws of this state;
- 5 (b) The financial condition, or the competence, experience, and integrity of the
 6 acquiring company or its principals are such as will not jeopardize the
 7 financial stability of the acquired bank or bank holding company;
- 8 (c) The public convenience and advantage will be served by the acquisition; and
 - (d) No federal regulatory authority whose approval is required has disapproved the transaction because it would result in a monopoly or substantially lessen competition.
- 12 (2) A nonrefundable fee shall accompany each application and shall be set by the

 13 commissioner[executive director] in accordance with KRS 286.3-480.
- 14 (3) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may examine or elect to participate in a joint
 15 examination, with the applicable federal or state regulatory agency, of any holding
 16 company or nonbank subsidiary of the holding company that controls or is affiliated
 17 with a state-chartered bank. The provisions of KRS 286.3-690 apply to the holding
 18 company or nonbank subsidiary of the holding company that controls or is affiliated
 19 with a state-chartered bank.
 - (4) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may enter into cooperative agreements with federal or state regulatory authorities to examine an out-of-state bank that is controlled by a Kentucky bank holding company or is controlled by a bank holding company which includes a state-chartered bank, or accept reports of examinations of such out-of-state banks from federal or state regulatory authorities in lieu of conducting examinations.
- 26 (5) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may enter into cooperative agreements with
 27 federal or state regulatory authorities to exchange confidential information and

- reports of examination relating to interstate acquisitions of banks and bank holding companies.
- The cost of an examination shall be assessed against and paid by the company examined. The assessment for the examination shall be calculated in the same manner as that used for bank examinations.
- Section 653. KRS 286.3-915 is amended to read as follows:

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- 7 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of Subtitle 1, 2, or 3 of KRS Chapter 286:
 - (a) An individual or bank holding company that controls two (2) or more banks having their principal offices in this Commonwealth may, from time to time, combine any or all of the commonly controlled banks in this Commonwealth into and with any one (1) of the banks, and thereafter the surviving bank, which shall have its principal office in this Commonwealth, shall continue to operate its principal office and may operate the other authorized offices of the banks so combined as branches of the surviving bank; and
 - (b) Any combination authorized by this section shall not require the approval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of financial institutions, but on or before thirty (30) days prior to consummation of any combination, the proposed surviving bank shall notify the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of the combination, and on the effective date of any such combination the charter of any combined bank organized under the laws of this Commonwealth shall be surrendered.
- 22 (2) Following any combination authorized by this section:
- 23 (a) The surviving bank may, subject to the approval of the commissioner executive director as provided in KRS 286.3-180(2), establish 24 and operate additional branches in any county where any bank involved in the 25 combination had established a branch or main office: 26
- 27 (b) Any combined bank which is being operated as a branch of the surviving bank

1			shall have a board of directors, a majority of which shall be residents of the
2			combined bank's community, which shall meet not less often than quarterly to
3			advise the branch in a nonfiduciary capacity with respect to the branch's
4			community activities and affairs, customer relations, and local charitable
5			activities;
6		(c)	The surviving bank shall maintain a record of the deposits in each of its
7			offices resulting from such combination or thereafter established as provided
8			in paragraph (a) of this subsection; and
9		(d)	With the approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> , all of a bank's
10			offices in a county may be transferred, by a purchase and assumption or other
11			transaction, by the bank to a newly chartered bank having its principal office
12			in the same county, or to an existing bank.
13	(3)	For	purposes of this section:
14		(a)	The term "combine" or "combination" includes a merger or the acquisition of
15			all or substantially all of the assets of a bank already controlled by an
16			individual or bank holding company;
17		(b)	An individual or bank holding company "controls" a bank if that individual or
18			company, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, or has the power to vote at
19			least eighty percent (80%) of the issued and outstanding voting securities of
20			the bank;
21		(c)	"Combined bank" means any bank participating in a combination authorized
22			by this section other than the surviving bank;
23		(d)	"Surviving bank" means a bank into which a combined bank has been
24			combined;
25		(e)	"Bank" includes a national bank, savings and loan association, and federal
26			savings bank; and
27		(f)	"Individual," "bank holding company," and "deposit" shall have the same

meanings attributed to them in KRS 286.3-900(1).

- 2 → Section 654. KRS 286.3-920 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 4 (a) "Interstate merger transaction" means the merger or consolidation of banks
 5 with different home states, and the conversion of branches of any bank
 6 involved in the merger or consolidation into branches of the resulting bank;
 7 and
- 8 (b) "Resulting bank" means a bank that has resulted from an interstate merger
 9 transaction under this section.
 - A Kentucky state bank may establish, maintain, and operate one (1) or more branches in a state other than Kentucky in accordance with an interstate merger transaction in which the Kentucky state bank is the resulting bank, or if the other state permits, by acquisition of a branch or branches in the other state. Not later than the date on which the required application for the interstate merger transaction or branch acquisition is filed with the responsible federal bank supervisory agency, the applicant shall file an application on a form prescribed by the commissioner[executive director] and pay the fee prescribed by KRS 286.3-480. The applicant shall also comply with the applicable provisions of KRS 286.3-180(2) and the commissioner[executive director] shall base his or her approval or disapproval in the same manner as prescribed in KRS 286.3-180(2).
 - An out-of-state state bank may establish, maintain, and operate one (1) or more branches in Kentucky in accordance with an interstate merger transaction in which the out-of-state state bank is the resulting bank in accordance with the requirements of Kentucky laws and administrative regulations. If the laws of the home state of the out-of-state bank place more restrictive terms or requirements on Kentucky state banks seeking to acquire and merge with a bank in that state, the interstate merger of the out-of-state bank may be allowed only under substantially the same terms and

on which the required application for the interstate merger transaction is filed with the responsible federal bank supervisory agency, the applicant shall file an application on a form prescribed by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, pay the fee prescribed by KRS 286.3-480, and agree in writing to comply with the laws of this state applicable to its operation of branches in Kentucky. The applicant shall also comply with the applicable provisions of KRS 286.3-180(2) and the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall base his or her approval or disapproval in the same manner as prescribed in KRS 286.3-180(2).

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- 10 (4) No interstate merger transaction under subsection (2) or (3) of this section shall be
 11 approved if the transaction would result in a bank holding company having control
 12 of banks or branches in this state holding more than fifteen percent (15%) of the
 13 total deposits and member accounts in the offices of all federally insured depository
 14 institutions in this state as reported in the most recent June 30 quarterly report made
 15 by the institutions to their respective supervisory authorities which are available at
 16 the time of the transaction.
- 17 (5) An individual or bank holding company that controls two (2) or more banks may,
 18 from time to time, combine any or all of the commonly controlled banks in this
 19 Commonwealth into and with any one (1) of the banks, and thereafter the surviving
 20 bank shall continue to operate its principal office and may operate the other
 21 authorized offices of the banks so combined as branches of the surviving bank.
- 22 (6) A branch of an out-of-state state bank may conduct any activities that are authorized 23 under the laws of this state for state banks. Additionally, the branch of an out-of-24 state state bank is authorized to conduct any activities relating to the administration 25 of trusts that are authorized under the laws of its home state, if the activities are 26 conducted in conformity with the laws of its home state.
- 27 (7) A branch of a Kentucky state bank located in a host state may conduct any activities

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- 2 (a) Authorized under the laws of the host state for banks chartered by the host 3 state; or
- 4 (b) Authorized for branches of national banks located in the host state, but whose principal location is in a state other than the host state.
- Section 655. KRS 286.3-990 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) Any person who violates KRS 286.3-030(2) may be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day he *or she* is engaged in the private banking business.
- 10 (2) Any institution that fails to make the report required by KRS 286.3-420 to the

 11 commissioner[executive director] within five (5) days after the report is due or

 12 demanded, or that fails to have the report published as required by KRS 286.3-420,

 13 may be assessed and, if assessed, shall pay a penalty of two hundred dollars (\$200).
- 14 (3) If any person violates KRS 286.3-440(3) his <u>or her</u> office shall ipso facto become
 15 vacant. The president or cashier of any bank or trust company to which any person
 16 becomes indebted in violation of KRS 286.3-440(3) shall immediately report such
 17 fact to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, who may remove the person so
 18 offending.
- 19 (4) Any receiver of an insolvent institution who fails to comply with the provisions of 20 this subtitle shall be subject to the same penalties provided for solvent institutions 21 and officers so offending.
 - (5) Any directors of a bank who knowingly violate, or knowingly permit any officer or employee of the bank to violate, any of the laws relating to banks, shall be jointly and severally liable to the creditors and stockholders for any loss or damage resulting from such violation. If the loss or damage is not made good within a reasonable time, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, with the consent of the Attorney General, shall institute proceedings to revoke the corporate powers of the

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- 2 (6) Any deputy <u>commissioner[director]</u> or any examiner who has knowledge of the
 3 insolvency or unsafe condition of a state bank or trust company, or that it is
 4 inexpedient to permit the bank or trust company to continue business, and who fails
 5 to immediately present a signed report of such facts to the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 6 director], or who violates any of the provisions of this subtitle, shall forfeit his <u>or</u>
 7 <u>her</u> office and shall be fined not less than one hundred (\$100) nor more than two
 8 thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each offense.
- 9 (7) Any <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> who has knowledge of the insolvency or
 10 unsafe condition of a state bank or trust company, or that it is inexpedient to permit
 11 the bank or trust company to continue business, and who willfully fails to take the
 12 action prescribed by this subtitle, or who violates any of the provisions of this
 13 subtitle, shall forfeit his <u>or her</u> office and shall be fined not less than five hundred
 14 (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each offense.
 - (8) Any bank or trust company that knowingly fails to make a report required by law or by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] within the time designated for the making thereof, or fails to include in such report any matter required by law or by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], or fails to publish a report within thirty (30) days after it should have been published, or fails to pay when due the fees for filing reports or for an examination of the bank, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day of delinquency, but the aggregate penalty for each kind of offense shall not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
 - (9) Each person, bank, or trust company that willfully makes or transmits a false report or refuses to submit its books, papers, and assets for examination, or any officer of a bank who refuses to be examined under oath concerning the affairs of the bank, shall be severally fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

- 1 (10) Whenever any fine imposed by subsection (1), (2), (4), (6), (7), (8), (9), (15), (16),
- 2 (17), or (18) of this section is not paid, the Attorney General shall institute an
- action, in the name of the state, in the Franklin Circuit Court or the Circuit Court of
- 4 the county in which the offense was committed, for the recovery of the fine.
- 5 (11) Any person violating any of the provisions of KRS 286.3-225 shall be guilty of a
- 6 misdemeanor and fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than two thousand
- 7 dollars (\$2,000).
- 8 (12) Any person who willfully makes charges in excess of those permitted by KRS
- 9 286.3-720 to 286.3-770 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall
- be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500) or by imprisonment
- for not more than six (6) months, or both.
- 12 (13) Any bank which violates any provision of KRS 286.3-720 to 286.3-770, except as a
- result of an accidental or bona fide error, shall be barred from the recovery of any
- finance charges permitted by KRS 286.3-740 and 286.3-750, and the debtor, or *the*
- debtor's [his] legal representatives, may recover back, in an action against the bank,
- any amounts paid to the bank on account of such finance charge; provided such
- action is commenced within two (2) years from the date such violation first
- 18 occurred; but the bank may nevertheless recover from the debtor an amount equal to
- the principal of extensions of credit made pursuant to a revolving credit plan and
- any charges not prohibited by KRS 286.3-760.
- 21 (14) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (12) and (13) of this section, any
- failure, other than a willful and intentional failure, to comply with any provisions of
- 23 KRS 286.3-710 to 286.3-770 may be corrected during the billing cycle next
- succeeding the receipt by the bank of written notice thereof from the debtor, and if
- so corrected, the bank shall not be subject to any penalty under KRS 286.3-710 to
- 26 286.3-770.
- 27 (15) Any bank or trust company which violates or any officer, director, employee, agent,

Page 919 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of a bank who violates the
terms of any order issued under KRS 286.3-690 which has become final shall forfeit
and pay a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per day for each day
such violation continues. The fine shall be assessed by the <u>commissioner</u> [executive
director] by written notice. As used in this subsection, the term "violates" includes
any action causing, participating in, counseling, aiding, or abetting a violation. In
determining the amount of the fine the commissioner [executive director] shall
consider the financial resources and good faith of the bank or person charged, the
gravity of the violation, the history of previous violations and such other factors as
justice requires.

- 11 (16) Any bank which violates the provisions of KRS 286.3-065 may be fined not less
 12 than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500). The
 13 fines may be assessed by the *commissioner*[executive director] by written notice.
- 14 (17) Any bank which violates any provisions of KRS 286.3-100(10) may be fined not
 15 less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than two thousand dollars
 16 (\$2,000) for the first violation, and may be fined not less than two thousand dollars
 17 (\$2,000) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for any subsequent
 18 violations.
- 19 (18) Any officer or director who violates the provisions of KRS 286.3-280(1) or (2) may
 20 be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars
 21 (\$500) for each violation, and any officer or director who violates the provisions of
 22 KRS 286.3-280(3) may be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more
 23 than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each violation. The fine may be assessed by
 24 the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> by written notice.
- Section 656. KRS 286.4-410 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) As used in this subtitle, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 27 (a) "Commissioner[Executive director]" means the commissioner[executive

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- 2 (b) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this subtitle; and
- 3 (c) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, trust, corporation and
 4 any other legal entity.
 - (2) This subtitle shall not apply to any person doing business under and as permitted by any law of this state or of the United States relating to banks, savings banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, cooperative marketing associations, credit unions, loan and investment companies, or licensed pawnbrokers. This subtitle does not apply to the purchase or acquisition, directly or indirectly, of notes, chattel mortgages, installment or conditional sales contracts, embodying liens or evidencing title retention arising from the bona fide sale of goods or services by a seller of such goods or services.
- → Section 657. KRS 286.4-420 is amended to read as follows:
 - No person shall, without first obtaining a license from the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], engage in the business of making loans in the amount or of the value of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or less at a greater rate of interest, or consideration therefor than otherwise permitted by law. All persons licensed under the provisions of this subtitle on July 15, 1982, are licensed to make loans pursuant to this subtitle, and the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall, upon request, deliver evidence of licensing within ninety (90) days of such request.
- ≥ Section 658. KRS 286.4-430 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 (1) Each application for a license under this subtitle shall be made in writing, under
 23 oath or affirmation, in such form as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 24 prescribes.
- 25 (2) The application shall contain:
- 26 (a) In the case of an individual, his name and the address of his residence and place of business;

- 1 (b) In the case of a partnership or association, the name and address of every
 2 member thereof and the address of the place where the business is to be
 3 conducted;
- (c) In the case of a corporation, the names and addresses of the principal officers
 and directors thereof and the address of the place where the business is to be
 conducted; and
- 7 (d) Such additional information as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>
 8 prescribes.
- 9 → Section 659. KRS 286.4-440 is amended to read as follows:
- Each applicant at the time of making application shall pay two hundred fifty dollars 10 (\$250) to the *commissioner*[executive director] as a fee for investigating the 11 application for the initial location in Kentucky, or a fee of one hundred fifty dollars 12 (\$150) for additional locations, and the additional sum of four hundred dollars 13 (\$400) as an annual license fee for each location for the period terminating on the 14 15 last day of the current calendar year. If the application is filed after June 30 in any year, the payment shall be two hundred dollars (\$200) as a license fee in addition to 16 the fee for investigation. 17
- If any person regulated by the department of desires to purchase an existing 18 licensed location or locations, the person shall submit an application to the 19 containing the information the 20 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] 21 commissioner[executive director] may prescribe. The fee for this application shall 22 be one hundred dollars (\$100) per location not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000). 23
- → Section 660. KRS 286.4-450 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall, after investigation, issue to the
 26 applicant a license to make loans in accordance with this subtitle, if the
 27 commissioner[executive director]:

(a) Approves the form of the application;

- 2 (b) Finds that the financial responsibility, experience, character, and general
 3 fitness of the applicant, and of the members thereof if the applicant is a
 4 partnership or association, and of the officers and directors thereof if the
 5 applicant is a corporation, command the confidence of the community and to
 6 warrant the belief that the business of the applicant will be operated honestly,
 7 fairly, and efficiently in accordance with the purposes of this subtitle; and
- 8 (c) Finds that the applicant has complied with KRS 286.4-440.
- 9 (2) If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] does not so find, he or she shall not issue a
 10 license and shall notify the applicant of the denial and return the sum paid by the
 11 applicant as a license fee, retaining the two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)
 12 investigation fee to cover the cost of investigating the application.
- 13 The commissioner[executive director] shall approve or deny every application for license within sixty (60) days from the filing thereof with the fees unless the time is 14 extended written 15 bv agreement between the applicant commissioner executive director. If the commissioner executive director denies a 16 license, the applicant may appeal, and upon appeal an administrative hearing shall 17 be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B. 18
- 19 (4) The official record of the hearing shall be filed in the office of the
 20 <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> as public records, open to public inspection.
- ≥ Section 661. KRS 286.4-470 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 (1) No licensee shall conduct the business authorized by this subtitle in any office,
 23 room, or place of business in which any other business, except purchase of retail
 24 and installment sales contracts and motor club memberships, is solicited or engaged
 25 in, or in association or conjunction therewith, except upon a written authorization
 26 from the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 27 (2) Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to limit the loans of any licensee to

1		resid	ents of the community in which the licensed place of business is situated, nor
2		to pr	ohibit the making and collecting of loans by mail.
3	(3)	Noth	ning in this subtitle shall be construed to limit the ability of any licensee to
4		mak	e a loan or loans in the principal amount greater than fifteen thousand dollars
5		(\$15	,000) at the licensed location at the same rates as provided in KRS 360.010.
6		→ Se	ection 662. KRS 286.4-480 is amended to read as follows:
7	Each	ı licen	se shall remain in full force and effect until it is surrendered by the licensee or
8	susp	ended	or revoked as provided in this subtitle. Each licensee shall, on or before each
9	Dec	ember	20, pay to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> the annual license fee for the
10	next	succe	eeding calendar year.
11		→ S	ection 663. KRS 286.4-490 is amended to read as follows:
12	(1)	The	<u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may revoke any license issued under this
13		subt	itle if the commissioner[he] finds:
14		(a)	That the licensee has failed to pay his annual license fee; or
15		(b)	That the licensee has violated any provision of this subtitle or has failed to
16			comply with any administrative regulation lawfully promulgated pursuant
17			thereto; or
18		(c)	That any fact or condition then exists which clearly would have warranted the
19			<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] in refusing to issue a license on an original
20			application; or
21		(d)	That the licensee has failed to open an office for business within one hundred
22			twenty (120) days from the date the license is granted, or has failed to remain
23			open for business for a period of one hundred twenty (120) days, unless in
24			each case good cause be shown.
25	(2)	The	commissioner[executive-director] may suspend any license for a period no

under paragraphs (b) or (c) of subsection (1) of this section.

exceeding thirty (30) days, pending investigation of possible grounds for revocation

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- Before the revocation of a license under subsection (1), or suspension under subsection (2), the licensee shall be given ten (10) days' written notice of the contemplated revocation or suspension of his license, the grounds therefor stated specifically, and an opportunity for an administrative hearing to be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may reinstate suspended licenses or issue new licenses to a licensee whose license has been revoked if no fact or condition then exists which clearly would have warranted him <u>or her</u> in refusing originally to issue such license under this subtitle.
- 10 (5) Any licensee may surrender any license by delivering it to the

 11 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> together with written notice that he <u>or she</u>

 12 thereby surrenders his license.
- → Section 664. KRS 286.4-500 is amended to read as follows:
- Whenever the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> denies any application for a license 14 under the provisions of this subtitle or revokes any license issued pursuant to this subtitle, 15 the commissioner[he] shall forthwith file in his or her office a written order to that 16 effect, stating his or her findings with respect thereto and the reasons for the his action. 17 18 The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall also forthwith serve upon the applicant for license or licensee a copy of the order, and the applicant or licensee may appeal to the 19 20 Circuit Court of Franklin County, within thirty (30) days after the service of a copy of the 21 order.
- ⇒ Section 665. KRS 286.4-560 is amended to read as follows:
- Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other law:
- 24 (1) A licensee may request a borrower to insure tangible personal property, except
 25 household goods, offered as security for a loan exceeding three hundred dollars
 26 (\$300) under this subtitle against any substantial risk of loss, damage, or destruction
 27 for an amount not to exceed the actual value of such property or the approximate

amount of the loan, whichever is greater, and for a term and upon conditions which are reasonable and appropriate considering the nature of the property and the maturity and other circumstances of the loan; provided such insurance is sold by a

4 licensed agent, broker, or solicitor.

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A licensee may also request, provide, obtain, or take as security for any loan obligation insurance on the life, unemployment, health, or disability, or all, of the borrower, or two (2) of them if there are two (2) or more. Life insurance shall be in the approximate amount of the indebtedness scheduled to be due the licensee under the loan contract. Not more than one (1) policy of life insurance may be written in connection with any loan transaction under this subtitle. The aggregate amount of periodic benefits payable by any unemployment, health, or disability insurance provided, obtained, or requested by the licensee in the event of unemployment or disability, as defined in the policy, shall not exceed the aggregate of the scheduled installments and the waiting period provided in such policy must be fourteen (14) days or longer. The premium rate for insurance provided under this section shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits provided and shall be filed with the commissioner executive director of insurance. The commissioner executive director of insurance shall, within thirty (30) days after the filing of any premium rate, disapprove such premium rate if it is excessive in relation to the benefits. In determining whether to approve or disapprove any premium rate, the commissioner[executive director] of insurance shall give due consideration to the unemployment, mortality, and morbidity costs with respect to such insurance on borrowers under this subtitle or similar acts in other states, a reasonable margin for underwriting expenses and profit and contingencies to the insurer, and cost and compensation to the licensees for providing and servicing such insurance, plus the premium taxes payable on such insurance.

(3) In accepting any insurance provided for by this section as security for a loan the

licensee, its officers, agents, or employees may deduct the premiums or identifiable charge therefor from the proceeds of the loan, which premium or identifiable charge shall not exceed the rate filed with the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u> of insurance and not disapproved and remit such premiums to the insurance company writing such insurance and any gain or advantage to the licensee or any employee, officer, director, agent, affiliate, or associate from such insurance or its sale shall not be considered as additional or further charge in connection with any loan made under this subtitle. The arranging for and collecting of an identifiable charge shall not be deemed the sale of insurance.

- (4) Every insurance policy or certificate written in connection with a loan transaction pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall provide for cancellation of coverage and a refund of the premium or identifiable charge unearned upon the discharge of the loan obligation for which such insurance is security without prejudice to any claim. Such refund shall be under a formula filed by the insurer with the commissioner[executive director] of insurance.
- (5) Whenever insurance is written in connection with a loan transaction pursuant to this section the licensee shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the borrower a policy, certificate, or other memorandum which shall show the coverages and the cost thereof, if any, to the borrower within thirty (30) days from the date of the loan.
- 20 (6) All such insurance shall be written by a company authorized to conduct such
 21 business in this state and the licensee shall not require the purchase of such
 22 insurance from any agent or broker designated by the licensee nor shall the licensee
 23 decline existing coverages which equal or exceed the standards of this section.
- ≥ Section 666. KRS 286.4-590 is amended to read as follows:
 - Each licensee shall annually on or before January 30, file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall give information with respect to the financial condition of the licensee and other

GA

- relevant information as the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may reasonably require. In
- the event any person or affiliated group of corporations holds more than one (1) license in
- the state, he, she, or they may file a composite annual report in lieu of separate reports for
- 4 each licensed office. The report shall be made under oath in the form prescribed by the
- 5 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, who shall make and publish annually an analysis and
- 6 recapitulation of the reports.
- 7 → Section 667. KRS 286.4-600 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 Each licensee shall keep and use in his <u>or her</u> business and shall preserve for at least two
- 9 (2) years after making the final entry therein, such books, accounts, records, or card
- 10 systems in accordance with sound accounting principles and practices to enable the
- 11 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> to determine whether the licensee is complying with
- the provisions of this subtitle, and with the regulations made pursuant thereto, and for at
- least three (3) years on loans secured by residential property.
- → Section 668. KRS 286.4-610 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) The provisions of this subtitle shall be enforced by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive
- director, who may, after notice to licensees and a hearing, promulgate regulations,
- 17 referenced to the section or sections which set forth the legislative standards they
- interpret or apply, for the proper conduct of the business licensed under this subtitle.
- 19 All regulations of general application shall state the date of promulgation and the
- 20 effective date. A copy of every such regulation shall be sent to all licensees before
- 21 the effective date thereof and a copy shall be kept in an indexed permanent book in
- 22 the office of the *commissioner*[executive director] as a public record.
- 23 (2) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall make an annual examination of the
- 24 affairs, business, office, and records of every licensee, and such further
- examinations or investigations as the commissioner [he] deems necessary for the
- 26 purpose of discovering violations of this subtitle or of securing information
- 27 necessary for its proper enforcement. Every licensee shall pay a fee sufficient to

- cover the cost of each examination based upon fair compensation for time and actual expenses.
- 3 (3) For the purpose of making such examinations or investigations the

 commissioner[executive director] and his or her representatives may require the

 attendance of and examine under oath all persons whose testimony he or she may

 require, relative to the loans or business of any such licensee, and shall have free

 access to the accounts, papers, records, files, safes, vaults, offices, and places of

 business used in connection with any business conducted under any license issued

 in accordance with this subtitle.
- → Section 669. KRS 286.4-613 is amended to read as follows:
- No licensee shall be subject to any liability for any act or omission made in conformity
 with a written notice, opinion, or interpretation issued by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive
 director].
- → Section 670. KRS 286.4-615 is amended to read as follows:

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- In undertaking the examination of a consumer loan company neither the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Financial Institutions, nor any examiner employed by the Commonwealth shall become liable to any depositor, investor, or other obligor of said consumer loan company by reason of said examination or omission of said examination to fully and effectively disclose the financial condition of said consumer loan company, it being the policy of the Commonwealth of Kentucky that such examinations as are required by KRS 286.4-610 are for the purpose of determining compliance with state law and not for the purpose of protecting or guaranteeing the depositors, investors, or other obligors of said consumer loan companies.
- Section 671. KRS 286.4-630 is amended to read as follows:
- In addition to any other available remedy, any person considering himself aggrieved by any act or omission of the *commissioner*[executive director] may, within thirty (30) days

- from the date of such act or failure to act, bring an action in the Circuit Court in and for
- 2 Franklin County to review such act or omission. The hearing before the court shall be
- 3 based on the record before the commissioner executive director and the
- 4 <u>commissioner's[his]</u> findings, if any, and on such new evidence as may be introduced.
- 5 → Section 672. KRS 286.4-991 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) Any person who shall engage in the business regulated by this subtitle without first
 7 securing a license therefor shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction
 8 thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor
 9 more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000). Any loan contract made in violation of
 10 this subtitle shall be void and the lender shall have no right to collect any principal,
 11 charges or recompense whatsoever.
- 12 (2) Any person who willfully violates any rule or order of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] authorized under this subtitle, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, but no person may be imprisoned for violation of any rule or order of which that person did not have actual knowledge. This section shall not be deemed to limit the power of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] to revoke any license as provided in KRS 286.4-490.
- → Section 673. KRS 286.5-011 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 As used in this subtitle, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 20 (1) "Association" means a savings and loan association subject to the provisions of this 21 subtitle and as used in KRS 136.290, 136.300 and 136.310.
- 22 (2) "Combination home and business structure" means a building or buildings, 23 including residences for not more than four (4) families, which are used in part for 24 business purposes. The residential use of such a building must be substantial and
- permanent, not merely transitory. The business use may predominate.
- 26 (3) "Commissioner[Executive director]" means the commissioner[executive director]
 27 of financial institutions.

- "Direct-reduction loan" means a loan repayable in consecutive weekly, monthly or semiannual installments, equal or unequal, sufficient to retire the debt, interest, and principal; provided, however, that the initial loan contract shall not provide for any subsequent monthly installment of an amount larger than any previous monthly installment; and, provided further, that in the case of construction loans the first payment under said contract shall be made not later than twelve (12) months after the date of the first advance. Any such loan is an amortized loan.
- 8 (5) "Dividend" or "earnings" means that part of the net income of an association which
 9 is declared payable on savings accounts and savings certificates from time to time
 10 by the board of directors, and is the cost of savings money to the association.
 11 Dividend or earnings also may be referred to as "interest."
- 12 (6) "Gross income" means the sum for an accounting period of the following:
- 13 (a) Operating income.
- 14 (b) Real estate income.
- 15 (c) All profits actually received during such accounting period from the sale of 16 securities, real estate, or other property.
- 17 (d) Other nonrecurring income.
- 18 (7) "Home" means a dwelling or dwellings for not more than four (4) families, the 19 principal use of which is for residential purposes. A home on a farm is a home.
- 20 (8) "Home loan" means a real estate loan the security for which is home property.
- 21 (9) "Home property" means real estate on which there is located, or will be located 22 pursuant to a home loan, a home or a combination home and business structure.
- 23 (10) "Impaired condition" means a condition in which the assets of an association in the 24 aggregate do not have a fair value equal to the aggregate amount of liabilities of the 25 association to its creditors, including its members and all other persons.
- 26 (11) "Improved real estate" means real estate on which there is a structure or an 27 enclosure, or which is cultivated, reclaimed, used for the purpose of agriculture in

1		any f	form, or otherwise occupied, made better, more useful, or of greater value by
2		care s	so as to produce an enjoyment thereof.
3	(12)	"Insu	red association" means an association the savings accounts of which are
4		insur	ed in accordance with the provisions of this subtitle.
5	(13)	"Mer	nber" means a person holding a savings account or a savings certificate of an
6		assoc	ciation, or a person borrowing from or assuming or obligated upon a loan or
7		intere	est therein held by an association, or purchasing property securing a loan or
8		intere	est therein held by an association. A joint and survivorship relationship,
9		whet	her of investors or borrowers, constitutes a single membership.
10	(14)	"Net	income" means gross income for an accounting period less the aggregate of the
11		follo	wing:
12		(a)	Operating expenses.
13		(b)	Real estate expenses.
14		(c)	All losses actually sustained during such accounting period from the sale of
15			securities, real estate or other property, or such portion of such losses as shall
16			not have been charged to reserves, pursuant to the provisions of this subtitle.
17		(d)	All interest paid, or due but unpaid, on borrowed money.
18		(e)	Other nonrecurring charges.
19	(15)	"Net	income available for dividends or earnings" means net income for an
20		acco	unting period less amount transferred to reserves as provided in this subtitle.
21	(16)	"Оре	trating expenses" means all expenses actually paid, or due but unpaid, by an
22 ·		assoc	ciation during an accounting period, excluding the following:
23		(a)	Real estate expenses.
24		(b)	Interest on borrowed money.
25		(c)	Other nonrecurring charges.
26		That	portion of prepaid expenses which is not apportionable to the period may be

excluded from operating expenses, in which event operating expenses for future

- periods shall include that portion of such prepaid expenses apportionable thereto.
- 2 (17) "Operating income" means all income actually received by an association during an accounting period, excluding the following:
- 4 (a) Foreclosed real estate income.
- 5 (b) Other nonrecurring income.
- 6 (18) "Other real estate loan" means a real estate loan the security for which is real estate
 7 other than home property.
- 8 (19) "Real estate expenses" means all expenses actually paid, or due but unpaid, in
 9 connection with the ownership, maintenance, and sale of real estate (other than
 10 office building or buildings and real estate held for investment) by an association
 11 during an accounting period, excluding capital expenditures and losses on the sale
 12 of real estate.
- 13 (20) "Real estate income" means all income actually received by an association during an
 14 accounting period from real estate owned (other than from office building or
 15 buildings and real estate held for investment) excluding profit from sale of real
 16 estate.
- 17 (21) "Real estate loan" means any loan or other obligation secured by real estate, whether 18 in fee or in a leasehold.
- 19 (22) "Savings account" means that part of the savings liability of the association which is 20 credited to the account of the holders thereof.
- 21 (23) "Savings certificate" means that part of a savings account which is fully paid and is 22 represented by a certificate.
- 23 (24) "Savings liability" means the aggregate amount of savings accounts and savings
 24 certificates of members, including dividends credited to such accounts, less
 25 redemptions and withdrawals. Savings liability also may be referred to as "deposit."
- 26 (25) "Withdrawal value" means the amount credited to a savings account and savings 27 certificate of a member, less lawful deductions therefrom, as shown by the records

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- of the association.
- 2 (26) "Minor" means a person over fourteen (14) years of age and under eighteen (18)
- 3 years of age.
- 4 (27) "Capital stock" as used in this subtitle may be used interchangeably with the term
- 5 savings account and savings certificate.
- Section 674. KRS 286.5-021 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 Any five (5) or more residents of this state (hereinafter referred to as the "incorporators")
- 8 may form an association to promote thrift and home financing, subject to approval as
- 9 provided in this subtitle, by signing and acknowledging, before an officer competent to
- take acknowledgements of deeds, two (2) copies of a petition for a certificate of
- incorporation in the form prescribed by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, and of the
- bylaws in a form approved by the commissioner executive director, which shall be filed
- with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, accompanied by the incorporation fee.
- → Section 675. KRS 286.5-024 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 286.5-451(13) any state savings and loan
- association which has not become insured by December 31, 1974, must furnish
- proof satisfactory to the *commissioner*[executive director] of financial institutions
- prior to June 30, 1975, that it has:
- 19 (a) Obtained insurance of its savings accounts and share accounts by the Federal
- 20 Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, any agency of this state or other
- 21 federal agency established for the purpose of insuring savings accounts in
- 22 associations, or with any other insurer approved by the
- 23 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and meeting the qualifications prescribed in
- this subsection; provided that no association subject to the provisions of this
- 25 subtitle shall have the power to obtain insurance of accounts from, or
- represent in any way its accounts are insured by, any insurer other than the
- Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or other federal agency or

1			state agency, unless the <u>commissioner</u> executive director, after application to
2			him for approval and after reasonable notice and an opportunity to be heard
3			the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] shall have determined:
4			1. That the contract of insurance contemplated is written upon substantially
5			the same basis as to form, amount, coverage, maturity, voluntary and
6			involuntary termination and other provisions as the insurance contract
7			provided at that time by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance
8			Corporation, and complies with the further requirements for protection
9			as the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] in his discretion may deem
10			reasonably necessary; and
11			2. That the contract is underwritten by an insurer having a net worth
12			reasonably commensurate with the risk underwritten, which is licensed
13			in this state and authorized to do business in this state, and the
14			commissioner[executive director] shall have issued a certificate of
15			approval of such application; or
16		(b)	Become a federal savings and loan association member of the Federal Home
17			Loan Bank Board; or
18		(c)	Merged into an existing insured savings and loan association, either state or
19			federal; or
20		(d)	Entered into voluntary liquidation.
21		Any	merger into an insured savings and loan association or any voluntary
22		liqui	dation must have the prior written approval of the commissioner executive
23		direc	stor] .
24	(2)	Any	state savings and loan association which has not by the close of business June
25		30, 1	1975, accomplished any one of the four steps prescribed in subsection (1) shall
26		on a	nd after July 1, 1975, be prohibited from:

(a) Making any loans pursuant to this subtitle; and

- 1 (b) Accepting any savings accounts, payments on share accounts or membership
 2 fees.
 - (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of state law to the contrary, if any state savings and loan association has not accomplished one of the four steps prescribed in subsection (1) of this section by December 31, 1974, the commissioner [executive director] shall apply to a court of general jurisdiction in the county in which the home office of such association is located for the appointment of a liquidating receiver for purposes of liquidating the assets and winding up the business affairs of such association. However, if such state savings and loan association shall furnish to the commissioner [executive director] proof satisfactory to him that a definite plan of accomplishment of one of said four conditions prescribed in subsection (1) of this section has been substantially completed, the commissioner [executive director] may, in his sole discretion, extend the time for taking action for the appointment of such receiver. The commissioner [executive director] in granting such extension may permit the acceptance of savings account payments on share accounts, membership fees or the making of loans.
- → Section 676. KRS 286.5-025 is amended to read as follows:
- No certificate of incorporation as provided for under this subtitle shall be granted or approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> after June 16, 1972, unless the applicant for such certificate:
- 21 (1) Submits sufficient evidence of being fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan
 22 Insurance Corporation or other federal agency; or
- 23 (2) Submits sufficient evidence of commitment by the Federal Savings and Loan
 24 Insurance Corporation or other federal agency that the applicant will be issued
 25 federal insurance immediately subsequent to the execution of the certificate of
 26 incorporation by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 27 → Section 677. KRS 286.5-031 is amended to read as follows:

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(1) Upon receipt of the articles of incorporation, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall first determine whether or not the articles comply with the provisions of this subtitle and, if he so finds, he shall promptly notify any state or federal savings and loan association in the locality in which the proposed office or offices are to be located specifying a time in which they must file objections. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall then inquire into the advisability of approving the application by investigating:

- (a) The moral character and the financial responsibility of the incorporators and the principles of the applicant.
 - (b) The public necessity of such an association in the community to be served, and
 - (c) The reasonable probability of its usefulness and success. In so doing he shall determine whether or not the savings and loan association can be established without undue injury to properly conducted existing savings and loan associations, in connection with which the incorporators and principals shall furnish such information as they may desire and as the commissioner[executive director] may require.
 - After allowing the specified time for filing objections, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall approve the application if he finds that the moral character and financial responsibility of the incorporators and principals are sound and such as to justify public confidence and to insure the reasonable probability of the success of the association; that the incorporators and principals have complied with the provisions of this subtitle, that the incorporation is advisable and, after investigation there is reason to believe that no undue injury to properly conducted existing savings and loan associations, either state or federal, will result. Unless the application, after investigation, meets all the above requirements the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall disapprove it.

- 1 (3) If approved, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall at the same time execute in 2 triplicate a certificate of incorporation in the form prescribed by him.
 - (4) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall file one (1) signed copy of such certificate of approval and of the certificate of incorporation with the Secretary of State. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall indorse upon the two (2) copies of the petition for certificate of incorporation filed with him <u>or her</u> such certificate of approval and return the duplicate original and a copy of the certificate of incorporation to the association, addressed to the chairman of the incorporators, and shall retain the original petition for certificate of incorporation and a copy of the certificate of incorporation in the permanent files of <u>the department</u>[his office]. The certificate of incorporation shall not be filed or recorded in any other state or county office. The failure of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] to file, return, or retain any such document shall not affect the validity of the incorporation of any association.
 - → Section 678. KRS 286.5-041 is amended to read as follows:
- The name of every association incorporated shall include the words "Savings 16 (1) and Loan Association." These words shall be preceded by an appropriate 17 descriptive word or words approved by the commissioner[executive director] 18 of financial institutions. An ordinal number may not be used as a single 19 descriptive word preceding the words, "Savings and Loan Association," unless 20 such word is followed by the words "of" the blank being filled by the name 21 22 of the town, city, or county in which the association has its home office. An ordinal number may be used together with another descriptive word, 23 24 preceding the words "Savings and Loan Association," provided the other descriptive word has not been used in the corporate name of any other 25 association in the state, in which case the suffix mentioned above is not 26 required to be used. An ordinal number may be used, together with another 27

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descriptive word, preceding the words "Savings and Loan Association," even when such other descriptive word has been used in the corporate name of an association in the state, provided the suffix "of," as provided above, is also used. The suffix provided above may be used in any corporate name.

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- (b) The use of the words, "National," "Federal," "United States," "Insured," "Guaranteed," or any form thereof, separately or in any combination thereof with other words or syllables, is prohibited as part of the corporate name of an association. No certificate of incorporation of a proposed association having the same name as a corporation authorized to do business under the laws of this state or a name so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive shall be issued by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- (a) No person, unless lawfully authorized to do business in this state under the provisions of this subtitle, and is actually engaged in carrying on a savings and loan association business, shall do business under any name or title which contains the terms "savings association," "savings and loan association," "building and loan association," "building association," or any combination employing either or both of the words "building" or "loan" with one or more of the words "saving," "savings," "thrift," or words of similar import, or any combination employing one or more of the words "saving," "savings," "thrift," or words of similar import with one or more of the words "association," "institution," "society," "company," "corporation" or words of similar import, or use any name or sign or circulate or use any letterhead, billhead, circular or paper whatever, or advertise or represent in any manner which indicates or reasonably implies that his or its business is the character or kind of business carried on or transacted by an association or which is calculated to lead any person to believe that his or its business is that of an association.
- (b) Upon application by the *commissioner*[executive director] or any association,

- a court of competent jurisdiction may issue an injunction to restrain any such entity from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of this subsection.
- (c) The prohibitions of this subsection shall not apply to any corporation or association formed for the purpose of promoting the interests of savings associations, the membership of which is comprised of savings associations, their officers or other representatives.
- 8 → Section 679. KRS 286.5-051 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 (1) Without the prior approval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], as provided in
 10 this subtitle, no association shall establish any office other than its home office,
 11 which shall be in the city and county named in the certificate of incorporation. No
 12 office of an association shall be moved from its immediate vicinity unless approved
 13 by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
 - The name or the location of the home office of any association fixed in the certificate of incorporation may be changed in the following manner: The proposed new name or the new location of the home office of the association shall be approved by a resolution adopted by the board of directors. Immediately preceding application to the commissioner[executive director] for approval, notice of intention to change the name or the location of the home office, signed by two (2) officers, shall be published once a week for two (2) successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the home office is located, and a copy of such notice shall be displayed during such consecutive two (2) weeks' period in a conspicuous place in the home office of the association. Five (5) copies of an application to the *commissioner*[executive director] for approval shall be signed by two (2) officers of the association, acknowledged before an officer take acknowledgments of deeds and filed with competent to commissioner[executive director]. Upon approval of an application for change of

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name, the commissioner[executive director] shall indorse on each copy of the application therefor a certificate of approval thereof, and the change of name of such association shall be effective immediately. Upon approval of an application for of location of the home office of an commissioner[executive director] shall indorse on each copy of such application a certificate of approval. provided in this subtitle. When the as commissioner[executive director] shall have indorsed such approval upon the copies of an application for approval of change of name or change of location of the home office, he shall file one copy thereof with the secretary of state, two (2) copies with the federal home loan bank of which the association is a member, return one (1) copy to the applicant association and retain the original copy in the permanent files of the department[his office].

→ Section 680. KRS 286.5-061 is amended to read as follows:

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- 14 (1) A branch office is a legally established place of business of the association other
 15 than the home office authorized by the board of directors and approved by the
 16 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, at which savings accounts and loan payments
 17 may be accepted and applications for loans may be received, and at which account
 18 books and membership certificates may be issued.
- 19 (2) No association may establish or maintain a branch office without the prior written
 20 approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 21 (3) Each application for approval of the establishment and maintenance of a branch
 22 office shall state the proposed location, the need, the functions to be performed, the
 23 estimated annual expense, and the mode of payment therefor. Each such application
 24 shall be accompanied by a budget of the association for the current dividend period
 25 and for the next succeeding semiannual period, which reflects the estimated
 26 additional expense of the maintenance of such a branch office. Upon the receipt by
 27 the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> of such an application, he shall determine

1	whether the establishment and maintenance of such office will unduly injure any
2	properly conducted existing association or federal savings and loan association in
3	the community where such branch office or agency is proposed to be established. If
4	he finds that no undue injury is likely to result, that the establishment and
5	maintenance of such branch office is advisable, and in the public interest, the
6	<u>commissioner</u> [he] may approve the application.

- 7 (4) No branch shall be established in any county other than the county in which is located the principal office of the association.
- 9 → Section 681. KRS 286.5-071 is amended to read as follows:
- The corporate existence of an association shall begin when the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall issue the certificate of incorporation of the association, and such existence shall be perpetual unless terminated in accordance with the provisions of this subtitle.
- → Section 682. KRS 286.5-091 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) Every association shall keep at the home office correct and complete books of
 15 account and minutes of the proceedings of members and directors. Complete
 16 records of all business transacted at the home office shall be maintained at the home
 17 office. Control records of all business transacted at each branch office shall be
 18 maintained at the home office.
- 19 (2) Each branch office shall keep detailed records of all transactions at such branch
 20 office and shall furnish full control records to the home office.
- 21 (3) No association by any system of accounting or any device of bookkeeping shall, 22 either directly or indirectly, enter any of its assets upon its books in the name of any 23 other person, partnership, association, or corporation or under any title or 24 designation that is not truly descriptive of such assets.
- 25 (4) The bonds or other interest-bearing obligations purchased by an association shall not be carried on its books at more than the actual cost.
- 27 (5) An association shall not carry any real estate on its books at a sum in excess of the

- total amount invested by such association on account of such real estate, including advances, costs, and improvements.
- 3 (6) Every association shall appraise each parcel of real estate at the time of acquisition.
- The report of each such appraisal shall be submitted in writing to the board of
- 5 directors and shall be kept in the records of the association. The
- 6 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require the appraisal of real estate securing
- 7 loans which are delinquent more than twelve (12) months.
- 8 (7) Every association shall maintain membership records, which shall show the name 9 and address of the member, the status of the member as a savings account holder, or 10 an obligor, or a savings account holder and obligor, and the date of their
- 11 membership.

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- (8) Any association may cause any or all records kept by such association to be copied or reproduced by any photostatic, photographic or microfilming process which correctly and permanently copies, reproduces or forms a medium for copying or reproducing the original record on a film or other durable material, and such association may thereafter dispose of the original record. Any such copy or reproduction shall be deemed to be an original record for all purposes and shall be treated as an original record in all courts or administrative agencies for the purpose of its admissibility in evidence. A facsimile, exemplification or certified copy of any such copy or reproduction reproduced from a film record shall, for all purposes, be deemed a facsimile, exemplification or certified copy of the original record.
 - → Section 683. KRS 286.5-111 is amended to read as follows:
- Savings and loan associations, their officers, employees or agents, savings accounts, and the sale, issuance or offering of savings accounts of any association or federal savings and loan associations are exempted from all laws of this state, other than this subtitle, which provide for supervision, registration or regulation in connection with the sale, issuance or offering of securities, and the sale, issuance or offering of any such accounts shall be legal

- without any action or approval whatsoever on the part of any official, other than the
- 2 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, authorized to license, regulate, or supervise the sale,
- 3 issuance or offering of securities.
- Section 684. KRS 286.5-121 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 Every association shall prepare and publish annually in a newspaper of general circulation
- 6 in the county in which the home office of such association is located, and shall deliver to
- 7 each member upon application therefor, a statement of its financial condition in the form
- 8 prescribed or approved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
- 9 → Section 685. KRS 286.5-131 is amended to read as follows:
- In each January every association shall file with the commissioner executive director a
- statement of its condition at the close of business on December 31 preceding. The
- statement shall be signed and sworn to by the president, manager or secretary and attested
- by at least two (2) directors, and shall show the amount of paid-up capital, the amount of
- all cash receipts and disbursements and such other facts as the commissioner executive
- 15 director requires.
- → Section 686. KRS 286.5-141 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 The chairman of the incorporators shall procure from a surety company or other surety
- acceptable to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], a surety bond in form approved by
- 19 the commissioner[executive director] in an amount at least equal to the amount
- 20 subscribed by the incorporators plus the expense fund. Such bond shall name the
- 21 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> as obligee and shall be delivered to him. It shall assure
- 22 the safekeeping of the funds subscribed and their delivery to the association after the
- 23 issuance of the certificate of incorporation and after the bonding of the officers. In the
- event of the failure to complete organization, such bond shall assure the return of the
- amounts collected to the respective subscribers or their assigns, less reasonable expenses
- which shall be deducted from the expense fund.
 - → Section 687. KRS 286.5-151 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) The number of shares into which the capital stock of an association is divided shall
 2 be at least two hundred (200) in cities having less than five thousand (5,000)
 3 population and at least five hundred (500) in other cities.
- The capital stock to be accumulated shall be divided into shares of the ultimate value fixed by the articles of incorporation, except associations in operation on March 20, 1918, in which case a copy of the bylaws, attested by the secretary of such association, shall be filed with the *commissioner*[executive director].
- 8 (3) The shares may be issued at such times and in such classes as the bylaws designate,
 9 and they may be issued upon the continuing or permanent plan, if so provided in the
 10 bylaws.
- 11 (4) Nothing within this subtitle shall be interpreted to permit the establishment of an
 12 association which could issue a type of capital stock which in essence would
 13 destroy the mutuality concept of a savings, building and loan association as
 14 presently existing.
- Section 688. KRS 286.5-171 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) Every domestic association shall set aside at least one percent (1%) of the net
 17 income each year as a reserve fund to provide against contingent losses, until the
 18 total amount of the fund so set aside equals twelve percent (12%) of the assets of
 19 the association. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may require other specific
 20 reserves in his <u>or her</u> discretion.
- 21 (2) Any losses from sale of real estate may be charged against this fund and in the event 22 of any such charges then any profits from the sale of real estate shall, to the extent 23 of losses charged, be credited to the said fund.
- → Section 689. KRS 286.5-181 is amended to read as follows:
- Within thirty (30) days after the corporate existence of an association begins, the directors of the association shall hold an organization meeting and shall elect officers pursuant to the provisions of this subtitle. At the organization meeting the directors shall take such

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- other action as is appropriate in connection with beginning the transaction of business by
- 2 the association. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may extend by order the time
- within which the organization meeting shall be held.
- Section 690. KRS 286.5-191 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 Any association, which does not commence business within six (6) months after the date
- 6 of its corporate existence, shall forfeit its corporate existence, unless the
- 7 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], before the expiration of such six (6) months' period,
- shall have approved the extension of time within which it may commence business, upon
- 9 a written application stating the reasons for such delay. Upon such forfeiture the
- 10 certificate of incorporation shall expire, and all action taken in connection with the
- incorporation thereof except the payment of the incorporation fee, shall become void.
- 12 Amounts credited on savings accounts, less expenditures authorized by law, shall be
- 13 returned pro rata to the respective holders thereof.
- → Section 691. KRS 286.5-271 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) Every member shall have the right to inspect such books and records of an
- association as pertain to his loan or savings account. Otherwise, the right of
- inspection and examination of the books and records shall be limited:
- 18 (a) To the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or <u>the commissioner's[his]</u> duly
- 19 authorized representatives as provided in this subtitle;
- 20 (b) To persons duly authorized to act for the association; and
- 21 (c) To any federal instrumentality or agency authorized to inspect or examine the
- books and records of an insured association.
- 23 (2) Except as otherwise authorized by KRS 205.835, the books and records pertaining
- to the accounts and loans of members shall be kept confidential by the association,
- 25 its directors, officers and employees, and by the commissioner and the
- 26 <u>commissioner's[executive director, his]</u> examiners and representatives, except
- where the disclosure thereof shall be compelled by a court of competent

- jurisdiction, and no member or any other person shall have access to the books and records or shall be furnished or shall possess a partial or complete list of the members except upon express action and authority of the board of directors.
- Section 692. KRS 286.5-451 is amended to read as follows:

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- Associations may make loans on the direct reduction plan. The board of directors may or the bylaws of the association shall prescribe interest rates which may be variable and may prescribe the duration of the loan, and the loan shall be payable in equal weekly or monthly installments.
 - The applicant for such loan shall subscribe for and shall pledge one (1) or more shares of stock of the association or the association may require the applicant for such loan to subscribe for and pledge shares or fractional shares of stock, equal, when paid up, to the amount of the loan. Payment of dues and interest shall be credited upon the loan and shares in accordance with the direct reduction plan adopted. In consideration of making loans upon such plan no dividend shall be declared or paid or credited upon amounts credited as dues or principal upon such loans, but all payments, made on the loans shall be first applied to interest due to the date of respective payments and the balance applies as dues on principal, and interest shall be collected only on the balance. When the amount paid in as dues and credited as payment on the shares as calculated equals the value of a share or shares, such shares shall be considered paid in full and automatically canceled but such cancellation shall in no manner affect or reduce the stipulated weekly or monthly installment payments provided to be paid in the note or mortgage given to evidence and secure the payment of the loan. No borrower shall be permitted more than one (1) vote for any and all shares owned by him, which are pledges as security for a loan.
 - (3) When any such installment becomes due and remains unpaid for six (6) weeks after it has become due and payable, then all the balance of such installments, both due

and to become due, shall immediately become due and payable at the option of the
holder of the note, and the borrower shall be notified of the delinquency, and
payments shall be demanded, by mail with postage prepaid to the address of the
borrower as it appears on the books of the association. If the delinquent payments of
principal and interest are not paid within thirty (30) days from the mailing of the
notice, then all money paid in as dues or principal and such shares, may be forfeited
by the association and applied first to the payment of interest due and the balance on
principal and suit may be brought to enforce payment of the note and mortgage.

- Associations may make loans on the sole security of savings accounts or savings certificates. No such loan shall exceed the withdrawal value of the accounts owned or savings certificates or otherwise pledged for or by the borrower. No such loan shall be made when an association has applications for withdrawal which have been on file more than sixty (60) days and not reached for payment.
- (5) (a) Associations may make loans on a reduction plan where the reduction of loan or credit upon loan shall be made at the end of every semiannual period. The applicants for such loans shall subscribe for shares equal, when paid up, to the amount of such loans.
 - (b) The bylaws shall prescribe the interest rate and duration of the loan, and the loan shall be payable in equal weekly or monthly installments. Payment of dues, interest, and premium, shall be credited upon the semiannual reduction plan. At the end of each semiannual period, the dues paid, and any dividends credited, shall be credited upon the loan.
 - (c) All payments made on the loan shall first be credited to payment of interest and premium, and the balance, with dividends credited, shall be applied on principal at the end of every semiannual period. After such credit, interest shall be charged on the balance. When the amount paid is as dues together with dividends credited, equals the par value of the shares, such shares shall

1	automatically be	canceled, and	the mortgage	released.

- 2 (d) All loans made under this plan shall be subject to the provisions relating to repayment of loans, and relating to default in payment of dues and interest as provided in this subtitle.
- Associations may make without regard to the foregoing any loan, secured or unsecured, which is insured or guaranteed in any manner and in any amount by the United States or any instrumentality thereof.
 - In the case of loans made under subsections (4), (5), and (6) of this section, in the event the ownership of the real estate security or any part thereof becomes vested in a person other than the party or parties originally executing the security instruments, and provided there is not an agreement in writing to the contrary, an association may, without notice to such party or parties, deal with such successor or successors in interest with reference to said mortgage and the debt thereby secured in the same manner as with such party or parties, and may forbear to sue or may extend time for payment of or otherwise modify the terms of the debt secured thereby, without discharging or in any way affecting the original liability of such party or parties thereunder or upon the debt thereby secured.
 - Associations may make property improvement loans to home owners and other property owners for maintenance, repair, modernization and improvement of their properties and loans for the financing of mobile homes with or without security, provided that no such loans made at rates in excess of those permitted by KRS 360.010 shall exceed the rate provided by Title I of the Federal Housing Act of 1934, as amended and the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, and provided, further, that not in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of assets of the association shall be so invested.
- 26 (9) The power to make loans shall include:
- 27 (a) The power to purchase loans of any type that the association may make and

HB039310.100-502

- (b) The power to make loans upon the security of loans of any type that the association may make.
- (10) Associations may participate with other lenders in loans of any type that such an association may otherwise make, provided that the other participants are instrumentalities of or corporations owned wholly or in part by the United States or this state, or are associations organized under the laws of this state, or are associations or corporations insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or are life insurance companies with assets in excess of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000), or are employees' or self-employed persons' trusts qualified and exempt from federal income tax under the provisions of the laws of the United States.
 - (11) Associations may sell without recourse any loan, including any participating interests therein, at any time, provided that the total dollar amount of such loans sold, including such sale, within the calendar year beginning January 1 immediately preceding the date of such sale, does not exceed a sum equivalent to twenty-five percent (25%) of the dollar amount of all loans and participating interests in loans held by such association at the beginning of such calendar year; provided, further, that the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u>, upon application of the association showing good cause, may authorize the sale of a greater amount during a calendar year. Notwithstanding the limitations of this subsection, loans may be assigned with recourse to any federal home loan bank of which the association is a member.
- 22 (12) Associations may service mortgages. The maximum principal amount of mortgages 23 thus serviced by an association at any one (1) time shall not exceed two-thirds (2/3) 24 of the amount of the savings liability of such association.
- 25 (13) Provided, however, that the ability of savings and loan associations to make such 26 loans as set forth in this section, which are not insured or guaranteed as herein set 27 forth, shall be contingent and conditioned upon the savings and loan association

- being fully insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation as provided by Title IV of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended.
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] is authorized and directed to prescribe such rules, regulations, and forms as are deemed to be necessary and appropriate to accomplish the basic purposes of and the provisions contained within this subtitle.
- Section 693. KRS 286.5-571 is amended to read as follows:
- If conversion, merger or consolidation as provided in KRS 286.5-561 is authorized, a copy of the resolutions adopted with respect thereto, verified by the affidavit of the president or a vice president and the secretary or assistant secretary of the association, shall be filed in the office of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> within ten (10) days from the date of the meeting.
- → Section 694. KRS 286.5-581 is amended to read as follows:

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- If conversion, merger or consolidation under KRS 286.5-561 is authorized, the 13 14 officers and directors shall, within six (6) months from the date of the adoption of the resolution, take the steps necessary to effect a conversion, merger or 15 16 consolidation of the association into a federal savings and loan association, and upon such terms as may then be agreed upon between the board of directors of the 17 association and the federal home loan bank board, or other proper federal authority. 18 The conversion, merger or consolidation shall be void if not consummated within 19 eighteen (18) months. 20
 - (2) Upon the filing in the office of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of a certified copy of the charter or authorization issued to the association by the federal home loan bank board, or other proper federal authority, or of a certificate showing the organization of the association as a federal association, certified to by the federal home loan bank board, or its authorized representative, the association shall cease to be a state association and shall be a federal association, except that the corporate existence of the state association shall continue for three (3) years for the purpose of

Page 951 of 2553
HB039310.100-502

- prosecuting or defending suits by or against it, and enabling it to close its affairs.
- 2 Section 695. KRS 286.5-611 is amended to read as follows:
- Any federal savings and loan association may convert itself into a state-chartered 3 (1) association upon a vote of two-thirds (2/3) or more of the votes of members of such federal savings and loan association cast at an annual meeting or at any special 5 meeting called to consider such action. Copies of the minutes of the proceedings of 6 such meeting, verified by the affidavit of the secretary or an assistant secretary, shall 7 be filed in the office of the commissioner executive director and mailed to the 8 federal home loan bank board, Washington, D. C., within ten (10) days after such 9 meeting. The verified copies of the proceedings of the meeting when so filed shall 10 be presumptive evidence of the meeting and action taken at such meeting. 11
- 12 (2) At the meeting at which conversion is voted upon, the members shall also vote upon 13 the directors who shall be the directors of the state-chartered association after 14 conversion takes effect. Such directors then shall execute two (2) copies of the 15 petition for certificates of incorporation provided for in this subtitle and two (2) 16 copies of the bylaws, as provided in this subtitle.
- 17 (3) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall insert in the certificates of
 18 incorporation, at the end of the paragraph preceding the testimonium clause, the
 19 following: "This association is incorporated by conversion from a federal savings
 20 and loan association."
- 21 (4) Each of the directors chosen for the association shall sign and acknowledge the 22 petition for certificates of incorporation as subscribers thereto and the proposed 23 bylaws as incorporators of the association.
- 24 (5) The provisions of this subtitle shall, so far as applicable, apply to such conversion
 25 under this subtitle. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may provide, by
 26 regulation for the procedure to be followed by any such federal savings and loan
 27 association converting into a state-chartered association. All the provisions

- regarding property and other rights contained in KRS 286.5-591 shall apply, in reverse order, to the conversion of a federal savings and loan association into a state-chartered association, so that the state-chartered association shall be continuation of the corporate entity of the converting federal association and continue to have all of its property and rights.
- Section 696. KRS 286.5-621 is amended to read as follows:

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- 7 (1) Any association may reorganize or go into voluntary liquidation by the votes of its
 8 members owning at least two-thirds (2/3) of the shares in force at the time the vote
 9 is taken.
- Whenever the members desire to reorganize or go into voluntary liquidation, the board of directors or the committee of members appointed for that purpose shall submit the question of reorganization or voluntary liquidation to a vote of the members at a special meeting of members, but no association shall reorganize or go into voluntary liquidation without the approval of the *commissioner*[executive director].
- → Section 697. KRS 286.5-631 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 (1) Whenever a meeting of the members is to be called as provided in KRS 286.5-621,
 18 the board of directors or the committee shall convene a special meeting of the
 19 members at the principal office of the association at such time as the directors or
 20 committee determine.
- 21 (2) Notice of meeting shall be given to every member of the association by mailing at
 22 least ten (10) days before the time fixed for the meeting, a notice properly addressed
 23 to every member at his last recorded address. The directors or committee shall also
 24 cause a notice of the meeting to be certified to the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 25 <u>director]</u> at the time notice is given to the members.
- Section 698. KRS 286.5-641 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) The directors or committee shall prepare or have prepared a full exhibit of the

- affairs, property and condition of the association, including an itemized statement of its assets and liabilities, which exhibits shall be sworn to by a majority of the directors or of the committee before some officer authorized to take acknowledgments of deeds in this state. The report shall be printed and a copy thereof mailed along with the notice convening the special meeting.
- 6 (2) The original exhibit and the notice of meeting shall be filed with the

 7 commissioner[executive director] at the time they are mailed to the members.
- Section 699. KRS 286.5-651 is amended to read as follows:

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- At the special meeting all votes taken shall be by ballot, and votes by the members owning at least two-thirds (2/3) of its shares in force at the time the vote is taken shall be necessary to carry any resolution for the reorganization or liquidation of the association. If the members pass a resolution for reorganization or liquidation, a copy of the resolution, certified by the presiding officer and secretary of the meeting, and containing full instructions and defining the authority and compensation of the parties to be named therein, shall be given to the parties named, and a like duly certified copy of the resolution, instructions and authority shall immediately be filed with the commissioner[executive director] by the parties named in any resolution before they enter upon the discharge of their duties. Before the parties named in any resolution assume the duties of their trust, they shall become bound with two (2) or more sufficient sureties or some surety company authorized to do business in this state in such sum as the commissioner[executive director] approves.
- ≥ Section 700. KRS 286.5-690 is amended to read as follows:
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] and examiners shall not be interested in an association, directly or indirectly, either as creditor (except that each may be a savings account holder and receive dividends thereon), director, officer, employee, borrower, trustee or attorney, nor shall any one (1) of them receive, directly or indirectly, any payment, compensation or gratuity from any association.

- → Section 701. KRS 286.5-700 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have general supervision over all
 3 associations and corporations which are subject to the provisions of this subtitle. He
 4 shall enforce the purposes of this subtitle by use of the powers herein conferred and
 5 by reference to the courts when required.
- Every approval by the <u>commissioner[executive-director]</u> given pursuant to the 6 **(2)** 7 provisions of this subtitle and every communication having the effect of an order or shall instruction association be in writing signed by 8 to any 9 commissioner[executive-director] under seal, and shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested to the association affected, addressed to the president at the 10 11 home office of the association.
- → Section 702. KRS 286.5-702 is amended to read as follows:
- The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall have full authority to issue administrative regulations and promulgate orders to carry out the provisions of this subtitle.
- → Section 703. KRS 286.5-705 is amended to read as follows:
- Notwithstanding any restrictions elsewhere contained in this subtitle the 16 commissioner[executive director] may prescribe, amend and repeal regulations 17 18 authorizing state-chartered savings and loan associations to make any loans and any 19 investments, accept savings accounts and deposits, and provide for the payments of 20 dividends or interest thereon, and other matters under the same terms, conditions, limitations, restrictions and safeguards which such associations could make or do 21 were they operating as federal savings and loan associations at the time such 22 authority is granted, provided that such regulations shall have as their objective the 23 placing of state-chartered savings and loan associations on a substantial, 24 25 competitive, operating parity with federal savings and loan associations, in order that the dual system of savings associations may be preserved. 26
 - (2) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal, modify or alter the

- restrictions of subsection (4) of KRS 286.5-061 with respect to branching.
- 2 → Section 704. KRS 286.5-710 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 (1) The affairs of every association not in liquidation shall be examined by the
- 4 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or an examiner of the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
- 5 director as is deemed necessary, and at least once in every year, without
- any notice to the association, its officers or agents. The examiner shall make a
- thorough examination into the condition, workings and affairs of the association.
- 8 All books, papers and records and assets of the association shall be subject to his
- 9 inspection.
- 10 (2) The examiner shall file a report of his findings in the office of the
- 11 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall
- furnish a copy of such report to the association examined. The examiner shall report
- any violation of law or any unauthorized or unfit practices or any failure to keep and
- have correct amounts of business of the association, and if he finds that any director
- has willfully neglected to attend meetings regularly, he shall recommend the
- discharge of such director.
- 17 (3) No examiner acting under the provisions of this subtitle shall disclose to any person,
- other than officially to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], in the report made to
- 19 him or in compliance with the order of some court, the names of stockholders or
- 20 members in any association, or any information respecting their private accounts.
- 21 (4) All reports and information in the hands of the *commissioner*[executive director]
- concerning federal associations, or federally insured associations, shall be subject to
- inspection by the federal home loan bank and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board
- and their authorized representatives.
- Section 705. KRS 286.5-720 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) In lieu of the examination provided for in KRS 286.5-710, the
- 27 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may accept any examination made by a federal

- home loan bank, the federal home loan bank board, or by the Federal Savings and
 Loan Insurance Corporation. Two (2) copies of any audit, signed and certified by
 the auditor making such audit, shall be filed promptly with the

 commissioner[executive director].
- Whenever, in the judgment of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], the condition of any association renders it necessary or expedient to make an extra examination or to devote any extraordinary attention to its affairs, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall cause such work to be done. A full and complete copy of the report of all examinations shall be furnished to the association examined. Such report of examination or audit shall be presented by the president to the board of directors at its next regular or special meeting.
 - The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], or <u>the commissioner's</u>[his] examiners or auditors, shall have access to all books and papers of an association which relate to its business, and books and papers kept by any officer, agent, or employee, relating to or upon which any record of its business is kept, and may summon witnesses and administer oaths or affirmations in the examination of the directors, officers, agents, or employees of any such association or any other person in relation to its affairs, transactions, and conditions, and may require and compel the production of records, books, papers, contracts, or other documents by court order, if not voluntarily produced.
 - → Section 706. KRS 286.5-740 is amended to read as follows:

If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], as a result of any examination or from any report made to him, finds that any association is violating the provisions of its certificate of incorporation or bylaws, or any state or federal laws, or any lawful order or regulation of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], <u>the commissioner</u>[he] shall, by a formal written order delivered to the association pursuant to subsection (2) of KRS 286.5-700, state any alleged violation, together with a statement of the facts alleged to be such violation, and

Page 957 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

- order discontinuance of such violation and conformance with all requirements of law. 1 The order shall specify the effective date thereof, which may be immediate or may be at a 2 later date, and such order shall remain in effect until withdrawn by the 3 commissioner [executive director] or until terminated by a court order. Such order of the 4 commissioner[executive director], upon application made on or after the effective date 5 thereof by the commissioner executive director to a court of general jurisdiction in the 6 county in which the home office of the association is located, shall be enforced ex parte 7 8 and without notice by an order to comply, entered by such court. Any association affected by such order of the *commissioner*[executive director] may, after receipt thereof, apply 9 within thirty (30) days to the court for an immediate hearing and order suspending the 10 order of the commissioner[executive director] until such time as the hearing has been 11 completed. The hearing of such application to the court shall be upon such notice to the 12 commissioner executive director as the court shall provide. Whether upon application by 13 the commissioner[executive director] or by the association, the court shall have power 14 and shall, after service of process, adjudicate the question and enter the proper order or 15 orders and enforce the same. 16
- → Section 707. KRS 286.5-750 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, as a result of any examination or from any report made to <u>the commissioner[him]</u>, believes that the public interest may be served by the appointment of a conservator, applies to a court of general jurisdiction in the county in which the home office of the association is located for the appointment of a conservator court may appoint a conservator if it finds that the association:
- 24 (a) Is in an impaired condition, or
- 25 (b) Is in violation of an order or injunction, as authorized by this section, which
 26 has become final in that the time to appeal has expired without appeal, or a
 27 final order entered from which there can be no appeal.

- The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, <u>the commissioner's[his]</u> examiner, or another person may be appointed by the court as conservator, and a certified copy of the order of the court making the appointment shall be evidence thereof. The conservator shall have the power and authority provided in this subtitle and such other power and authority as is expressed in the order of the court. The conservator shall endeavor promptly to remedy the situations complained of in the petition for his <u>or her</u> appointment.
- Within six (6) months of the date of the appointment, or within twelve (12) months if the court extends the six (6) months' period, the association shall be returned to its board of directors and thereafter shall be managed and operated as if no conservator had been appointed, or a receiver shall be appointed as provided in KRS 286.5-760.
- 12 (4) If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], or examiner, is appointed conservator he
 13 <u>or she</u> shall receive no additional compensation, but if another person is appointed,
 14 then the compensation of the conservator, as determined by the court, shall be paid
 15 by the association.
- 16 (5) A certified copy of the order of the court discharging the conservator and returning
 17 such association to its directors shall be sufficient evidence thereof.
- 18 (6) Any conservator appointed shall have all the rights, powers, and privileges
 19 possessed by the officers, board of directors, and members of the association.
- 20 (7) The conservator shall not retain special counsel or other experts, incur any expense 21 other than normal operating expenses, or liquidate assets except in the ordinary 22 course of operations.
- 23 (8) The directors and officers shall remain in office and the employees shall remain in 24 their respective positions, but the conservator may remove any director, officer, or 25 employee, if the order of removal of a director or officer is approved in writing by 26 the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 27 (9) While the association is in the charge of a conservator, members of such association

shall continue to make payments to the association in accordance with the terms and conditions of their contracts, and the conservator, in his discretion, may permit savings account members to withdraw their accounts, from the association pursuant to the provisions of this subtitle or under such rules and regulations as the commissioner[executive director] may prescribe. The conservator shall have power to accept savings accounts and additions to savings accounts, but any amounts received by the conservator may be segregated if the commissioner[executive director? so orders in writing; if so ordered, such amounts shall not be subject to offset and shall not be used to liquidate any indebtedness of such association existing at the time the conservator was appointed for it or any subsequent indebtedness incurred for the purposes of liquidating the indebtedness of any such association existing at the time such conservator was appointed. All expenses of the association during such conservatorship shall be paid by the association.

- → Section 708. KRS 286.5-760 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) If in the judgment of the commissioner executive director the public interest requires it, he may apply to a court of general jurisdiction in the county in which the 16 home office of any association is located for the appointment of a receiver. Such 17 court is authorized to appoint a receiver if it finds that such association: 18
 - Is in an impaired condition; or (a)
 - Is in violation of an order or injunction, as provided in KRS 286.5-740 and 286.5-750, which has become final in that the time to appeal has expired without appeal or a final order entered from which there can be no appeal. The commissioner[executive director], an examiner or other person may be appointed by the court as receiver, and a certified copy of the order of the court making such appointment shall be evidence thereof. Such receiver shall have all the powers and authority of a conservator, plus the power to liquidate, and shall have such other powers and authority as may be expressed in the

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order of the court. If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] or an examiner is appointed receiver, he shall receive no additional compensation, but if another person is appointed, then the compensation of the receiver, as determined by the court, shall be paid from the assets of the association.

(2) If the association is an institution insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation shall be tendered appointment as receiver or coreceiver. If it accepts such appointment, it may, nevertheless, make loans on the security of or purchase at public or private sale any part or all of the assets of the association of which it is receiver or coreceiver, provided such loan or purchase is approved by the court.

- (3) The procedure in such receivership action shall be in all other respects in accordance with the practice in the court, including all rights of appeal and review. The directors, officers and attorneys of an association in office at the time of the initiation of any proceeding under this or the preceding section are expressly authorized to contest any such proceeding and shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses and attorneys' fees by the association or from its assets. Any court having any such proceeding before it shall allow and order paid reasonable expenses and attorneys' fees for such directors, officers and attorneys.
 - → Section 709. KRS 286.5-780 is amended to read as follows:

If a controversy arises between the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and an association with respect to any question of law or regulation or with respect to any question involving immeasurable or irreparable damage to the association, prior to an administrative or judicial hearing, the association or the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction of the county in which the home office of the association is located for a declaratory judgment as to such question, and such court shall decide the controversy on its merits in accordance with the weight of the evidence, and such court shall have full power to enforce its orders.

Page 961 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

- Section 710. KRS 286.5-790 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall compile the reports of all associations

- required to be filed in the department his office and shall present the reports, together
- 4 with such additional information concerning associations as may be of general interest, in
- 5 his annual report to the Governor.
- Section 711. KRS 286.5-800 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 Excepting banks, no association or foreign association or any other person shall advertise
- 8 or represent or accept or offer to accept any savings accounts in this state as insured
- 9 accounts or as savings accounts of an insured institution unless the same are insured as
- provided in KRS 286.5-081, and any violation of this provision shall be a separate
- offense for each day of such violation and shall be a misdemeanor and shall be enjoined
- upon the application of the Attorney General, the commissioner[executive director] or
- other state prosecuting official, or by any association in this state.
- → Section 712. KRS 286.5-910 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) Any savings and loan association holding company which proposes to acquire
- 16 control of a Kentucky state chartered savings and loan association, or of a savings
- and loan association holding company which controls a Kentucky state chartered
- 18 savings and loan association, shall concurrently file with the
- 19 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> copies of the application filed with the applicable
- 20 federal supervisory authority. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall approve
- such acquisition within ninety (90) days of acceptance of a complete application if
- he *or she* finds that:
- 23 (a) The terms of the acquisition are in accordance with the laws of this state;
- 24 (b) The financial condition, or the competence, experience and integrity of the
- 25 acquiring company or its principals are such as will not jeopardize the
- 26 financial stability of the acquired savings and loan association or savings and
- 27 loan association holding company;

- 1 (c) The public convenience and advantage will be served by the acquisition; and
- 2 (d) No federal regulatory authority whose approval is required has disapproved 3 the transaction because it would result in a monopoly or substantially lessen 4 competition, or has otherwise disapproved the transaction.
- A nonrefundable fee shall accompany each application and shall be set by the commissioner[executive director] in accordance with the fee-setting principles set out in KRS 286.3-480.
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may enter into cooperative agreements with federal or state regulatory authorities to examine an out-of-state savings and loan association that is controlled by a savings and loan association holding company having its principal place of business in this state, or accept reports of examinations of such out-of-state regulatory authorities in lieu of conducting examinations.
- 13 (4) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may enter into cooperative agreements with 14 federal or state regulatory authorities to exchange confidential information and 15 reports of examination relating to interstate acquisitions of savings and loan 16 associations and savings and loan association holding companies.
- 17 (5) The cost of an examination shall be assessed against and paid by the savings and loan association or savings and loan association holding company examined. The assessment for the examination shall be calculated in the same manner as that used for savings and loan association examinations.
- ≥ Section 713. KRS 286.5-991 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 (1) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (2) of KRS 286.5-041 shall be 23 fined not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), and each day of violation 24 constitutes a separate offense.
- 25 (2) Any person guilty of conduct for which civil liability is provided for by subsection 26 (1) of KRS 286.5-231 shall be punished in the manner prescribed for stealing 27 property of the same value as the property so used, disposed of, assigned,

- 1 transferred or canceled.
- 2 (3) Every association, officer, agent or manager that fails to make the report required by
- 3 KRS 286.5-131, and to furnish any information called for by the
- 4 <u>commissioner</u> [executive director] under oath and attestation of its officers shall be
- severally fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100).
- 6 (4) The president and secretary of any association that fails to make and file any report
- required by this subtitle within thirty (30) days after it is due, shall be fined not
- 8 more than one hundred dollars (\$100).
- 9 (5) Any examiner who violates subsection (3) of KRS 286.5-710 shall be fined not less
- than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500).
- 11 (6) Any examiner in the office who knows of the insolvency or unsafe condition of any
- association, or knows that it is inexpedient to permit an association to continue
- business, and who neglects to immediately present a signed report of that fact to the
- 14 <u>commissioner</u> [executive director], or who illegally discloses any information
- obtained by him *or her* by virtue of his *or her* office, or who violates any of the
- provisions of this subtitle or fails to perform any duty imposed upon him by this
- subtitle except as provided in subsection (5), shall be fined not less than one
- hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each
- 19 offense.
- 20 (7) Any commissioner[executive director] who knows of the insolvency or unsafe
- 21 condition of any association or knows that it is inexpedient to permit an association
- 22 to continue business, and who willfully fails to take the action provided in this
- subtitle, or who illegally discloses any information obtained by him *or her* by virtue
- of his <u>or her</u> office, or violates any of the provisions of this subtitle, or fails to
- 25 perform any duty imposed upon him *or her* by this subtitle, shall forfeit *the*[his]
- 26 office and be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five
- thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each offense.

- Except as provided in subsection (3), any association which knowingly fails to
 make any report required by law or by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] within
 the specified time, or to include any matter required, or to pay the fees for filing
 reports or for examinations when due, shall be fined twenty-five dollars (\$25) for
 each day of delinquency. The aggregate penalty for each offense shall not exceed
 two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250).
- 7 (9) Every person or association that willfully makes or transmits a false report, or refuses to submit its books, papers or assets for examination, or any officer of an association who refuses to be examined under oath concerning the affairs of the association, shall severally be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500).
- 12 (10) Whenever any penalty imposed by this section is not paid, the Attorney General
 13 shall institute an action, in the name of the state, in the Franklin Circuit Court or the
 14 Circuit Court of the county in which the offense was committed, for the recovery of
 15 the penalty.
- 16 (11) Any association that violates KRS 286.5-805 by not carrying the required statement, 17 or by carrying a statement that an application for insurance is pending when in fact 18 it is not, shall be fined five hundred dollars (\$500) for each offense.
- → Section 714. KRS 286.6-005 is amended to read as follows:
- 20 As used in this subtitle, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 21 (1) "Credit union" means a cooperative, nonprofit association, incorporated under this 22 subtitle, for the purposes of encouraging thrift among its members, creating a source 23 of credit at a fair and reasonable rate of interest, and providing an opportunity for its 24 members to use and control their own money on a democratic basis in order to 25 improve their economic and social condition.
- 26 (2) "<u>Commissioner</u>[Executive director]" means the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]
 27 of financial institutions.

- Section 715. KRS 286.6-012 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 Any party aggrieved by a decision of the commissioner executive director under the
- 3 provisions of KRS 286.6-015, 286.6-035, 286.6-055, 286.6-065, 286.6-700, or 286.6-710
- 4 may request an administrative hearing which shall be conducted in accordance with KRS
- 5 Chapter 13B.
- Section 716. KRS 286.6-015 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) Any seven (7) or more residents of this state, of legal age, who have a common bond referred to in KRS 286.6-107 may organize a credit union and become charter
- 9 members thereof by complying with this section.
- 10 (2) The subscribers shall execute in duplicate articles of incorporation and agree to the 11 terms thereof, which articles shall state:
- 12 (a) The name, which shall include the words "credit union" and which shall not
 13 be the same as that of any other credit union in this state, and the location
 14 where the proposed credit union is to have its principal place of business;
 - (b) That the existence of the credit union shall be perpetual;
- 16 (c) The par value of the shares of the credit union; and
- 17 (d) The names and addresses of the subscribers to the articles of incorporation, 18 and the number of shares subscribed to by each, which shall be determined by
- the board.

- 20 (3) The subscribers shall prepare and adopt bylaws for the general government of the 21 credit union, consistent with this subtitle, and execute the same in duplicate.
- 22 (4) The subscribers shall select at least five (5) qualified persons who agree to serve on 23 the board of directors, and at least three (3) other qualified persons who agree to 24 serve on the supervisory committee. A signed agreement to serve in these capacities 25 until the first annual meeting or until the election of their successors, whichever is 26 later, shall be executed by those who so agree.
- 27 (5) The subscribers shall forward any required fee, the articles of incorporation, the

1	bylaws and the agreements to serve to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> , who
2	shall act upon the application for a charter within thirty (30) days. The
3	<u>commissioner</u> [executive director] shall issue a certificate of approval, if the articles
4	and bylaws are in conformity with this subtitle and the commissioner [he] is
5	satisfied that:

- (a) The characteristics of the sponsoring group are favorable to the economic viability of such credit union;
- 8 (b) The standing and character of the proposed organizers are such as to give 9 assurance that its affairs will be properly administered; and
- 10 (c) The share and deposit insurance requirements of KRS 286.6-405 will be met.
- 11 (6) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall return a copy of the bylaws and the
 12 articles to the applicants or their representatives, which shall be preserved in the
 13 permanent files of the credit union.
- 14 (7) The subscribers for a credit union charter may not transact any business until formal

 15 approval of the charter has been received.
- → Section 717. KRS 286.6-025 is amended to read as follows:

- In order to simplify the organization of credit unions, the <u>commissioner[executive</u> director] shall cause to be prepared a form of articles of incorporation and a form of bylaws, consistent with this subtitle, which may be used by credit union incorporators for their guidance. Such articles of incorporation and bylaws shall be available without charge to persons desiring to organize a credit union.
- 22 → Section 718. KRS 286.6-035 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) The articles of incorporation or the bylaws may be amended as provided in the 24 bylaws. Amendments to the articles of incorporation or bylaws shall be submitted to 25 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] who shall approve or disapprove the 26 amendments within sixty (60) days.
- 27 (2) Amendments shall become effective upon approval in writing by the

1	commissione	-Texecutive	director].
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- Section 719. KRS 286.6-055 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 (1) A credit union may change its principal place of business within this state upon
- written authorization by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>. If the
- 5 commissioner[executive director] has not notified a credit union of his or her action
- on an application to change the place of business within fifteen (15) calendar days
- of the date the application was received by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director],
- the credit union may proceed with the change in its place of business.
- 9 (2) A credit union may maintain service facilities, including automated teller machines,
- at locations other than its principal office upon written authorization by the
- 11 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or as permitted by administrative regulation. The
- maintenance of these facilities must be reasonably necessary to furnish service to its
- members.
- 14 (3) A credit union may join with one (1) or more credit unions in the operation of a
- service facility to meet member needs, including an automated teller machine, upon
- written authorization by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or as permitted by
- 17 administrative regulation.
- Section 720. KRS 286.6-065 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (1) A credit union organized in another state may conduct business as a credit union in
- 20 this state with the approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>. The
- 21 commissioner[executive director] shall find that the out-of-state credit union:
- 22 (a) Is a credit union organized under laws similar to this subtitle;
- 23 (b) Is financially solvent;
- 24 (c) Has account insurance comparable to that required for credit unions
- 25 incorporated under this subtitle;
- 26 (d) Is effectively examined and supervised by the supervisory authority of the
- 27 state in which it is organized; and

1	(e)	Needs to conduct business in this state to adequately serve its members in this
2		state.

- 3 (2) The out-of-state credit union shall agree to:
- 4 (a) Grant loans at rates not in excess of the rates permitted for credit unions 5 incorporated under this subtitle;
- 6 (b) Comply with the same consumer protection provisions that credit unions 7 incorporated under this subtitle must obey;
- 8 (c) Designate and maintain an agent for the service of process in this state; and
- 9 (d) Submit copies of reports to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] when requested.
- 11 (3) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may examine the out-of-state credit union or 12 enter into cooperative or reciprocal agreements with the out-of-state credit union's 13 regulatory authority for periodic examinations.
- Section 721. KRS 286.6-070 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 Credit unions shall be under the supervision of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director],
 16 who may make general rules and regulations, and special rulings, demands and findings
 17 necessary for the proper conduct and regulation of the business. Such action by the
 18 <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall be in addition to and not in conflict with the
 19 provisions of this subtitle.
- Section 722. KRS 286.6-075 is amended to read as follows:
- 21 A credit union organized under this subtitle may:
- 22 (1) Make contracts;
- 23 (2) Sue and be sued;
- 24 (3) Adopt and use a common seal and alter same;
- 25 (4) Acquire, lease, hold, assign, pledge, hypothecate, sell and otherwise dispose of 26 property, either in whole or in part, necessary or incidental to its operations;
- 27 (5) Offer its members and other credit unions various classes of shares, share

1	certificates,	deposits	or	deposit	certificates,	upon	written	authorization	of	the
2	commission	er[execut	ive	director]	•					

- 3 (6) Lend its funds to its members as hereinafter provided;
- 4 (7) Borrow from any source provided that a credit union must secure approval from the
- 5 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> in writing of its intention to borrow in excess of
- an aggregate of forty percent (40%) of its capital;
- 7 (8) Discount or sell any of its assets, and purchase the assets of another credit union,
- subject to the approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director];</u>
- 9 (9) Make deposits in legally chartered banks, savings banks, savings and loan
- associations, trust companies, and other credit unions, including corporate credit
- unions, and invest funds as otherwise provided in KRS 286.6-585;
- 12 (10) Hold membership in other credit unions organized under this subtitle or other acts,
- and in associations and organizations controlled by or fostering the interests of
- credit unions, including a central liquidity facility organized under state or federal
- 15 law;
- 16 (11) Engage in activities and programs as requested by the federal government or by this
- state or any agency or political subdivision thereof, when approved by the
- 18 commissioner[executive director] and not inconsistent with this subtitle; and
- 19 (12) Act as fiscal agent for and receive payments on shares and deposits from the federal
- 20 government, this state, or any agency or political subdivision thereof.
- Section 723. KRS 286.6-090 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 Each credit union shall make a report of its condition to the commissioner executive
- 23 director, on blank forms to be supplied by the Department Office of Financial
- Institutions on the dates of the calls made to state banks. Notice of the calls shall be sent
- out by the <u>commissioner</u> executive director. The reports shall be verified by the oath of
- a majority of the members of the supervisory committee, or by the oath of the president
- 27 and treasurer or secretary, and further reports shall be made as the

<u>commissioner</u>[executive director] at any time demands.

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- Section 724. KRS 286.6-092 is amended to read as follows:
- If any credit union fails to make the report prescribed by KRS 286.6-090 within 3 (1)fifteen (15) days after it is due, or fails to pay the charges required by this subtitle, 4 including the charges for delay in filing reports, the commissioner[executive 5 6 director shall give notice to the credit union of his intention to revoke the certificate of approval of the corporation. If failure continues for fifteen (15) days 7 after the notice, the commissioner [executive director] may, in his discretion, revoke 8 the certificate of approval and take possession of the property and business of the 9 credit union until such time as the commissioner[executive-director] permits it to 10 resume business, or until its affairs are liquidated. 11
 - If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> has knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that any credit union, or any director, officer, employee, agent, or other person participating in the conduct of the affairs of the credit union has engaged in violations of law, or charter, bylaw, or administrative regulation of the <u>department[office]</u>, or in unsafe or unsound business practices, or a breach of any written agreement with the <u>department[office]</u>, <u>the commissioner[he]</u> may issue and serve upon the credit union, director, officer, employee, agent, or other person a notice of charges containing a statement of facts with respect to alleged violations or practices and shall fix the time and place at which an administrative hearing shall be held to determine whether an order to cease and desist should issue against the credit union, director, officer, employee, agent, or other person. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- Unless the party or parties so served shall appear at the hearing personally or by a duly-authorized representative, they shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of the cease and desist order.
- 27 (4) If there is consent, or if upon the record made at any hearing the

<u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall find that any violation or unsafe or unsound practice specified in the notice of charges has been established, <u>the</u>

<u>commissioner</u>[he] may issue and serve upon the credit union, director, officer, employee, agent, or other person a final order to cease and desist from any violation or practice and, further, to take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting from any violation or practice.

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- of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall determine that the violation or practice, as specified in the notice of charges pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, or the continuation thereof, is likely to cause insolvency or substantial dissipation of assets or earnings of the credit union, or is likely to otherwise seriously prejudice the interests of its members, <u>the commissioner</u>[he] may issue an emergency order pursuant to KRS 13B.125 requiring the credit union, director, officer, employee, agent, or other person to immediately upon service cease and desist from any violation or practice.
- 15 (6) Unless set aside, limited, or suspended, as provided by subsection (7) of this 16 section, an emergency cease and desist order shall remain effective and enforceable 17 pending completion of the administrative hearing.
- 18 (7) Within ten (10) days after service of an emergency cease and desist order, the party
 19 or parties served may apply to the Circuit Court of the residence of the individual or
 20 of the principal office of the credit union for an injunction setting aside, limiting, or
 21 suspending the enforcement, operation, or effectiveness of the order pending
 22 completion of an administrative hearing, and the court shall have jurisdiction to
 23 issue an injunction.
- 24 (8) In the case of violation or threatened violation of, or failure to obey, an emergency
 25 cease and desist order or a cease and desist order issued pursuant to this section, the
 26 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may apply to the Circuit Court of the residence of
 27 the individual or of the principal office of the credit union for an injunction to

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- enforce the order, and it shall be the duty of the court to issue the injunction.
- 2 → Section 725. KRS 286.6-095 is amended to read as follows:
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may
- 4 make reasonable rules authorizing credit unions to exercise any of the powers conferred
- 5 upon federal credit unions, if the commissioner [he] deems it reasonably necessary for the
- 6 well-being of such credit unions.
- 7 → Section 726. KRS 286.6-100 is amended to read as follows:
- Credit unions shall be under the supervision of the commissioner[executive 8 9 director] and shall make financial reports to the commissioner him] as and when he or she may require, but at least annually. Each credit union shall be subject to 10 11 examination by, and for this purpose shall make its books and records accessible to, person designated by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive <u>director</u>]. 12 commissioner executive director shall fix a scale of examination fees to be paid by 13 credit unions, giving due consideration to the time and expense incident to such 14 examinations and to the ability of credit unions to pay such fees, which fees shall be 15 assessed and paid by each credit union promptly after completion of such 16 examination. 17
- In lieu of the examination provided for in this section, the <u>commissioner</u> executive

 director may accept any examination made by the national credit union

 administration. One (1) copy of the examination report shall be promptly submitted

 to the <u>commissioner</u> executive director for processing and analysis by the

 <u>Department Office</u> of Financial Institutions.
- 23 (3) When, in the judgment of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, the condition of
 24 any credit union organized under the provisions of this subtitle renders it necessary
 25 or expedient to make an examination or to devote any extraordinary attention to its
 26 affairs, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall cause such work to be done. A
 27 full and complete copy of the report of all examinations shall be furnished to the

- credit union so examined. Such report of examination shall be presented by the president to the board of directors at its next regular or special meeting.
- 3 → Section 727. KRS 286.6-105 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 In undertaking the examination of any credit union, neither the Commonwealth of
- 5 Kentucky, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] of the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Financial
- 6 Institutions, nor any examiner employed by the Commonwealth shall become liable to
- 7 any depositor, investor, or other obligor of said credit union by reason of said
- 8 examination or omission of said examination to fully and effectively disclose the
- 9 financial condition of said credit union, it being the policy of the Commonwealth of
- 10 Kentucky that such examinations as are required by KRS 286.6-100 are for the purpose of
- 11 determining compliance with state law and not for the purpose of protecting or
- guaranteeing the depositors, investors or other obligors of said credit unions.
- → Section 728. KRS 286.6-165 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 Within fifteen (15) days after election or appointment, a record of the names and
- addresses of the members of the board, committees and all officers of the credit union
- shall be filed with the *commissioner*[executive director] on forms provided by the
- 17 department[office].
- Section 729. KRS 286.6-185 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (1) A credit union has a special obligation of confidentiality to its members; therefore,
- any contrary provisions of KRS Chapter 271B notwithstanding, a credit union shall
- be obligated to provide a shareholder only names and addresses of its member
- 22 shareholders.
- 23 (2) No officer or director of a credit union or employee of the *department* of shall
- 24 release any information contained in the report of examination, except so far as
- 25 necessary in the performance of his official duties as provided by law.
- 26 (3) The <u>department[office]</u> may furnish to and exchange information and reports with
- officials and examiners of other properly authorized state or federal regulatory

- 1 authorities.
- 2 (4) Every official report concerning a credit union and every report of an examination
- shall be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated for all purposes in any
- action in which the <u>department</u> of or credit union is a party. Such reports shall
- 5 not be made public except when required in proper legal proceedings.
- Section 730. KRS 286.6-285 is amended to read as follows:
- 7 (1) Unless the credit union has been audited by a licensed public accountant or other
- qualified person or firm, the supervisory committee shall make or cause to be made
- a comprehensive annual audit of the books and affairs of the credit union. It shall
- submit a report of each annual audit to the board of directors and the
- 11 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and a summary of that report to the members at
- the next annual meeting of the credit union.
- 13 (2) The supervisory committee shall make or cause to be made such supplementary
- audits, examinations or verifications of members' accounts as it deems necessary or
- as are required by the *commissioner*[executive director] or by the board of
- directors, and submit reports of these supplementary audits to the board of directors.
- Franchist Section 731. KRS 286.6-296 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) The supervisory committee by a unanimous vote may suspend any member of the
- credit committee and shall report such action to the board of directors for
- 20 appropriate action.
- 21 (2) The supervisory committee by a unanimous vote may suspend any officer or
- member of the board of directors until the next members' meeting, which shall be
- 23 held not less than seven (7) nor more than twenty-one (21) days after such
- suspension. At such meeting the suspension shall be acted upon by the members.
- 25 (3) Any member of the supervisory committee may be removed by the board of
- directors for failure to perform his duties in accordance with this subtitle, the
- 27 articles of incorporation, or the bylaws.

If the *commissioner* [executive director] shall determine that any officer or director of a credit union has committed any violation of law, administrative regulation or of a cease and desist order which has become final, or has engaged in or participated in any unsafe or unsound practice in connection with the credit union, or has committed or engaged in any act, omission, or practice which constitutes a breach of his fiduciary duty as such officer or director, and the commissioner executive director] determines that the credit union has suffered or will probably suffer substantial financial loss or other damages or that the interests of its members could be seriously prejudiced by reason of such violation or practice or breach of fiduciary duty, or that the director or officer has received financial gain by reason of the violation or practice or breach of fiduciary duty, the commissioner executive director may serve upon such director or officer a written notice of intention to remove him or her from office. The violation, practice or breach must be one involving personal dishonesty on the part of such director or officer, or one which demonstrates a willful or continuing disregard for the safety or soundness of the credit union. The written notice shall serve to suspend the officer or director from office. Such suspension shall become effective upon service of such notice and, unless stayed by a court in proceedings authorized by subsection (6) of this section, shall remain in effect pending the completion of the administrative proceedings subsection (5) of this section and until such time the commissioner [executive director] shall dismiss the charges specified in such notice or, if an order of removal is issued against the officer or director, the effective date of any such order.

5) A notice of intention to remove an officer or director from office shall contain a statement of the facts constituting grounds therefor, and shall fix a time and place at which a hearing will be held thereon. Such hearing shall be fixed for a date not earlier than thirty (30) days nor later than sixty (60) days after the date of service of

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such notice, unless an earlier date is set by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> at the request of such officer or director and for good cause shown. Unless such officer or director shall appear at the hearing in person or by duly authorized representative, he <u>or she</u> shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of an order of removal. In the event of such consent, or if upon the record made at any such hearing the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall find that any of the grounds specified in such notice have been established, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may issue such orders of suspension or removal from office as he <u>or she</u> deems appropriate.

- Within ten (10) days after an officer or director has been suspended from office, such officer or director may apply to the Circuit Court of the residence of the individual or of the principal office of the credit union for a stay of such suspension pending the completion of the administrative proceedings pursuant to the notice served upon such officer or director, and such court shall have jurisdiction to grant such stay.
- Any person aggrieved by a final order of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> under subsection (5) of this section may obtain a review of the order by filing in the Circuit Court of the residence of the individual or of the principal office of the credit union a petition of appeal within ten (10) days after the rendition of a final order. A copy of the petition shall be served upon the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or <u>the commissioner's[his]</u> agent shall certify and file in court a copy of the record or other evidence upon which the order is entered. No objection to the order may be considered by the court unless it was argued before the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> or there were reasonable grounds for failure to do so.
- (8) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may apply to the Circuit Court of the residence of the individual or of the principal office of the credit union for an injunction to enforce any order under subsection (5) of this section and it shall be

- the duty of the court to issue such injunction.
- 2 → Section 732. KRS 286.6-325 is amended to read as follows:
- At such intervals and for such periods as the board of directors may authorize, and
 after provision for the required reserves, the board of directors may declare
 dividends to be paid on shares and share certificates from net earnings. Prior
 approval of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall be required for the payment
 of dividends in excess of net earnings, except that if the excess is less than one
 percent (1%) of undivided earnings prior approval shall not be required.
- 9 (2) Dividends may be paid at various rates, or not paid at all, with due regard to the conditions that pertain to each class of share.
- → Section 733. KRS 286.6-335 is amended to read as follows:
- A credit union may offer deposits and deposit certificates to its members and other credit unions, subject to such terms, rates and conditions as the board of directors establishes and any regulations the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may prescribe.
- Section 734. KRS 286.6-345 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 Christmas clubs and vacation clubs may be operated under conditions established by the 17 board of directors, and other special purpose share and deposit accounts may be operated 18 with authorization from the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- → Section 735. KRS 286.6-355 is amended to read as follows:
- 20 (1) Shares, share certificates, deposits, and deposit certificates may be withdrawn for
 21 payment to the account holder or to third parties, in such manner and in accordance
 22 with such procedures as may be established by the board of directors, subject to
 23 approval by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>. The board may restrict one (1)
 24 class of share so it may not be redeemed, withdrawn or transferred except upon
 25 termination of membership in the credit union.
- 26 (2) Shares, share certificates, deposits, and deposit certificates shall be subject to any withdrawal notice requirement which may be imposed pursuant to the bylaws.

- Section 736. KRS 286.6-405 is amended to read as follows:
- Not later than December 31, 1984, a credit union shall apply for insurance on shares and deposits as provided by the national credit union administration under Title II of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. secs. 1781 et seq.), or alternatively, a form of comparable insurance approved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive-director]. This requirement does not apply to a credit union with debt and equity capital consisting primarily of funds from other credit unions.
- A credit union which has been denied a commitment for such insurance shall within
 thirty (30) days commence steps to either liquidate, or merge with an insured credit
 union, or apply in writing to the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] for additional
 time to obtain an insurance commitment. The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]
 may grant one (1) or more extensions of time to obtain the insurance commitment
 upon satisfactory evidence that the credit union has made or is making substantial
 effort to achieve the conditions precedent to issuance of the commitment.
- 15 (3) No credit union shall be granted a charter by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]
 16 unless such credit union has obtained a commitment for insurance of its member
 17 share and deposit accounts.
- 18 (4) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may make available reports of condition and
 19 examination findings to the National Credit Union Administration or to any
 20 qualified insuring organization and may accept any report of examination made on
 21 behalf of such agency or organizations. The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may
 22 appoint an official of the National Credit Union Administration or of any qualified
 23 insuring organization as liquidating agent of an insured credit union.
- → Section 737. KRS 286.6-575 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) A credit union may act as trustee or custodian of:
- 26 (a) Individual retirement accounts authorized by federal or state law;
- 27 (b) Pension funds of self-employed individuals or of a company or organization

1		sponsoring the credit union; or			
2		(c) Other similar retirement or pension plans, with authorization from the			
3		<u>commissioner</u> [executive director].			
4	(2)	A credit union may act as trustee under pension and profit-sharing plans with			
5		authorization from the <u>commissioner</u> [executive director].			
6		→ Section 738. KRS 286.6-585 is amended to read as follows:			
7	Func	ls not used in loans to members may be invested:			
8	(1)	In securities, obligations, or other instruments of or issued by or fully guaranteed as			
9		to principal and interest by the United States of America or any agency thereof or in			
10		any trust or trusts established for investing directly or collectively in the same;			
11	(2)	In obligations of any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the			
12		Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the several territories organized by Congress,			
13		or any political subdivision thereof;			
14	(3)	In certificates of deposit or passbook-type accounts issued by a state or national			
15		bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association;			
16	(4)	(a) In loans, not to exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of capital at the lending			
17		credit union, to; or			
18		(b) In shares or deposits, not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the capital of the			
19		investing credit union, of other credit unions, central credit unions, corporate			
20		credit unions, or a central liquidity facility established under state or federal			
21		law;			
22	(5)	In shares, stocks, loans, or other obligations of any organization, corporation, or			
23		association, provided the membership or ownership, as the case may be, of the			
24		organization, corporation, or association is primarily confined or restricted to credit			
25		unions, or organizations of credit unions, and provided further the purpose for			
26		which it is organized is to strengthen or advance the development of credit unions			
27		or credit union organizations;			

- 1 (6) In shares of a cooperative society organized under the laws of this state or of the
 2 laws of the United States in the total amount not exceeding ten percent (10%) of the
 3 shares, deposits, and surplus of the credit union;
- In stocks and bonds of corporations organized in any state of the United States, the
 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the several territories
 organized by Congress to an aggregate maximum of five percent (5%) of members'
 shares in stocks and an aggregate maximum of five percent (5%) of members'
 shares in bonds, provided that investments shall be limited to stocks or bonds which
 appear on a list approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and published
 quarterly or annually, the list to include not less than thirty (30) corporations.
- Section 739. KRS 286.6-605 is amended to read as follows:

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- The regular reserve shall belong to the credit union and shall be used to meet losses resulting from loans and risk assets and to meet such other losses as are approved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] and shall not be distributed except on liquidation of the credit union, or in accordance with a plan approved by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director].
- → Section 740. KRS 286.6-615 is amended to read as follows:
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall define by regulation what is deemed "risk assets" for the purpose of establishing the regular reserve.
- Section 741. KRS 286.6-625 is amended to read as follows:
- In addition to such regular reserve, special reserves to protect the interest of members shall be established when required by regulation, or when found by the board of directors of the credit union or by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], in any special case, to be necessary for that purpose.
- Section 742. KRS 286.6-700 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) If it appears that any credit union is bankrupt or insolvent, or that it has willfully 27 violated this subtitle, or is operating in an unsafe or unsound manner, the

- commissioner[executive director] may issue an order temporarily suspending the
 credit union's operations for not less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days.

 The board of directors shall be given notice by registered mail of such suspension,
 which notice shall include a list of the reasons for such suspension, or a list of the
 specific violations of this subtitle, or both. The commissioner[executive director]
 shall also notify any government agency or other organization insuring the accounts
 of the credit union of any suspension.
- Upon receipt of such suspension notice, the credit union shall cease all operations,
 except those authorized by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director]. The board of
 directors shall then file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a reply to the
 suspension notice, and may request a hearing to present a plan of corrective actions
 proposed if it desires to continue operations. The board may request that the credit
 union be declared insolvent and a liquidating agent be appointed.
- 14 (3) Upon receipt from the suspended credit union of evidence that the conditions
 15 causing the order of suspension have been corrected, the <u>commissioner[executive</u>]
 16 director] may revoke the suspension notice, permit the credit union to resume
 17 normal operations, and notify any interested insuring agency of such action.
 - (4) If the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], after issuing notice of suspension and providing an opportunity for a hearing, rejects the credit union's plan to continue operations, <u>the commissioner</u>[he] may issue a notice of involuntary liquidation and appoint a liquidating agent. The credit union may request the appropriate court to stay execution of such action. Involuntary liquidation may not be ordered prior to the conclusion of suspension procedures outlined in this section.
- 24 (5) If, within the suspension period, the credit union fails to answer the suspension notice or request a hearing, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may then revoke the credit union's charter, appoint a liquidating agent and liquidate the credit union.
 - → Section 743. KRS 286.6-705 is amended to read as follows:

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- 1 (1) A credit union may elect to dissolve voluntarily and liquidate its affairs in the manner prescribed in this section.
- The board of directors shall adopt a resolution recommending the credit union be dissolved voluntarily, and directing that the question of liquidation be submitted to the members.
- Within ten (10) days after the board of directors decides to submit the question of 6 (3) 7 liquidation to the members, the president shall notify the commissioner executive director and any government agency or other organization insuring member 8 9 accounts thereof in writing, setting forth the reasons for the proposed liquidation. Within ten (10) days after the members act on the question of liquidation, the 10 11 president shall notify the *commissioner*[executive director] and any government agency or other organization insuring member accounts in writing as to the action of 12 the members on the proposal. 13

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- As soon as the board of directors decides to submit the question of liquidation to the members, payments on shares, share certificates, deposits, deposit certificates, withdrawal of shares, making any transfer of shares to loans and interest, making investments of any kind, and granting loans shall be suspended pending action by members on the proposal to liquidate. On approval by the members of such proposal, all such business transactions shall be permanently discontinued. Necessary expenses of operation shall, however, continue to be paid on authorization of the board of directors or liquidating agent during the period of liquidation.
- (5) For a credit union to enter voluntary liquidation, approval by a majority of the members in writing or by a two-thirds (2/3) majority of the members present at a regular or special meeting of the members is required. Where authorization for liquidation is to be obtained at a meeting of the members, notice in writing shall be given to each member, by first class mail, at least ten (10) days prior to such

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	meeting.

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- A liquidating credit union shall continue in existence for the purpose of discharging its debts, collecting on loans and distributing its assets, and doing all acts required in order to wind up its business and may sue and be sued for the purpose of enforcing such debts and obligations until its affairs are fully concluded.
- The board of directors or the liquidating agent shall use the assets of the credit union to pay: first, expenses incidental to liquidation including any surety bond that may be required; second, any liability due non-members; third, deposits and deposit certificates as provided in this subtitle. Assets then remaining shall be distributed to the members proportionately to the shares held by each member of the date dissolution was voted.
 - (8) As soon as the board of directors or the liquidating agent determines that all assets from which there is a reasonable expectancy of realization have been liquidated and distributed as set forth in this section, they shall execute a certificate of dissolution on a form prescribed by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and file it, together with all pertinent books and records of the liquidating credit union, with the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, whereupon such credit union shall be dissolved.
 - → Section 744. KRS 286.6-710 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (1) Any credit union may, with the approval of the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director],
 20 merge with another credit union under the existing charter of the other credit union,
 21 pursuant to any plan agreed upon by the majority of each board of directors of each
 22 credit union joining in the merger, approved by the affirmative vote of a majority of
 23 the members of the merging credit union present at a meeting of its members duly
 24 called for such purpose, and consented to by any government agency or other
 25 organization insuring the accounts of the credit union.
- 26 (2) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may approve a merger according to the plan
 27 agreed upon by the majority of the board of directors of each credit union if

1	approved by less than a majority of the entire membership, as provided in this
2	section, if the commissioner[he] finds upon the written and verified application
3	filed by the board of directors that:

- (a) Notice of the meeting called to consider the merger was mailed to each member entitled to vote upon the question;
- (b) Such notice disclosed the purpose of the meeting and properly informed the membership that approval of the merger might be sought pursuant to this section; and
- 9 (c) A majority of the votes cast upon the question were in favor of the merger.
- 10 (3) After agreement by the directors and approval by the members of the merging credit
 11 union, the president and secretary of the credit union shall execute a certificate of
 12 merger, which shall set forth all of the following:
- 13 (a) The time and place of the meeting of the board of directors at which the plan
 14 was agreed upon;
- 15 (b) The vote in favor of the adoption of the plan;

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- 16 (c) A copy of the resolution or other action by which the plan was agreed upon;
- 17 (d) The time and place of the meeting of the members at which the plan agreed 18 upon was approved; and
- 19 (e) The vote by which the plan was approved by the members.
- 20 (4) Such certificate and a copy of the plan of merger agreed upon shall be forwarded to
 21 the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, certified by him, and returned to both credit
 22 unions within thirty (30) days.
- Upon return of the certificate from the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director], all property, property rights, and members' interest of the merged credit union shall vest in the surviving credit union without deed, endorsement or other instrument of transfer; and all debts, obligations and liabilities of the merged credit union shall be deemed to have been assumed by the surviving credit union under whose charter the

1	merger was effected. The rights and privileges of the members of the merged credit
2	union shall remain intact.

- This section shall be construed, whenever possible, to permit a credit union organized under any other act to merge with one (1) incorporated under this subtitle, or to permit any credit union incorporated under this subtitle to merge with one (1)
- 6 organized under any other act.
- 7 → Section 745. KRS 286.6-715 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) A credit union incorporated under the laws of this state may be converted to a credit
 9 union organized under the laws of any other state or under the laws of the United
 10 States, subject to regulations issued by the *commissioner*[executive director].
- 12 May convert to a credit union incorporated under the laws of this state. To effect
 13 such a conversion, a credit union must comply with all the requirements of the
 14 jurisdiction under which it was originally organized and the requirements of the
 15 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> and file proof of such compliance with said
 16 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- → Section 746. KRS 286.6-990 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) Any credit union that fails to make the report required by KRS 286.6-090, when
 19 notified, shall pay to the <u>department[office]</u> ten dollars (\$10) for each day of such
 20 failure, unless excused.
- 21 (2) Any officer or any member of a committee who participates in the making of a loan 22 to a nonmember shall be fined not less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than one 23 hundred dollars (\$100) or imprisoned for not less than thirty (30) days nor more 24 than six (6) months, or both.
- Section 747. KRS 286.6-991 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) Violation of KRS 286.6-045 constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not 27 more than five hundred dollars (\$500), by imprisonment for not more than one (1)

- 1 year, or both.
- 2 (2) The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may petition a court of competent
 3 jurisdiction to enjoin a violation of KRS 286.6-045.
- → Section 748. KRS 286.7-410 is amended to read as follows:
- As used in KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 6 (1) "Commissioner Executive director]" means the commissioner executive director]

 7 of financial institutions;
- 8 (2) "Certificate holder" means an industrial loan corporation organized under the
 9 provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 to which a certificate, as defined in
 10 subsection (3) of this section, has been issued by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive
 11 director].
- 12 (3) "Certificate" means a written instrument issued by the <u>commissioner[executive</u>
 13 director] authorizing the corporation therein named to do business under the
 14 provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, except when used in the phrase
 15 "certificate of investment."
- → Section 749. KRS 286.7-420 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 (1) Any five (5) or more persons may organize an industrial loan corporation in any city
 18 upon the terms and conditions and subject to the liabilities prescribed in KRS
 19 286.7-410 to 286.7-600.
- 20 (2) No person shall engage in the industrial loan business in this state other than in the corporate form as provided in KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600.
- 22 (3) The name of the corporation shall not contain the words "bank" or "trust" or the
 23 phrase "loan association," nor shall these words be used in any printed or
 24 advertising matter to refer to the corporation. Such corporation need not use the
 25 word "incorporated" in addition to its corporate name, either in its place of business
 26 or on any printed matter or advertising matter. No certificate of incorporation of an
 27 applicant having the same name as a corporation authorized to do business under

- the laws of this state or a name so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive shall be approved by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, except to a corporation formed by reincorporation, reorganization, merger or consolidation of other corporations, or upon the sale of the property or license of a corporation.
- 5 → Section 750. KRS 286.7-430 is amended to read as follows:
- 1) The capital stock of any such industrial loan corporation shall not be less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) if located in counties containing a city of the first or second class, or not less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) if located in any other county. The amount of the capital stock shall be paid in full, and in money, before the corporation may transact any business other than that relating to its formation and organization.
 - At the time an industrial loan corporation applies for a certificate it shall file with the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a statement verified by its president and secretary showing its assets and liabilities, and the address at which it proposes to operate its business. A separate certificate shall be required for each place of business.
 - Each industrial loan corporation at the time of making application shall pay sixty dollars (\$60) to the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> as a fee for investigating the application, and the additional sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) as an annual fee for the privilege of doing business for the period terminating on the succeeding January 15. If the application is filed after June 30 in any year, the payments shall be one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150) as a fee for the privilege of doing business in addition to the fee for investigation. The annual fee shall be paid for each place of business. In addition to the annual fee for the privilege of doing business, every corporation organized under the provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 shall pay a fee for examinations by the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Financial Institutions, which fee shall be computed by the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Financial Institutions on

the basis of fair compensation for time and actual expenses.

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- 2 → Section 751. KRS 286.7-440 is amended to read as follows:
- Before delivering the articles of incorporation to the Secretary of State for 3 recording, a copy of the articles shall be presented to the commissioner executive 4 director for approval. Upon receipt of such articles, the commissioner executive 5 director shall first determine whether or not the articles comply with the provisions 6 of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 and, if the commissioner[he] so finds, he or she 7 shall promptly notify the industrial loan companies in the locality in which the 8 9 proposed office or offices are to be located, specifying a time within which they may file objections. The commissioner executive director shall then inquire into 10 the advisability of approving the application by investigating: 11
 - (a) The moral character and financial responsibility of the incorporators and principals of the applicant.
 - (b) The public necessity for such association in the community to be served; and
 - (c) The reasonable probability of its usefulness and success. In so doing <u>the commissioner</u>[he] shall determine whether or not the industrial loan company can be established without undue injury to properly conducted existing industrial loan companies, in connection with which the incorporators and principals shall furnish such information as they may desire and as the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> may require.
 - (2) After allowing the specified time for the filing of objections, the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall approve the application if he <u>or she</u> finds that the moral character and financial responsibility of the incorporators and principals are sound and such as to justify public confidence and to insure the reasonable probability of the success of the corporation, that the incorporators and principals have complied with the provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, that the incorporation is advisable and, after investigation, there is reason to believe that

Page 989 of 2553
HB039310.100-502
GA

- no undue injury to properly conducted existing industrial loan companies will result. Unless the application, after investigation, meets all of the above
- requirements, the *commissioner*[executive director] shall disapprove it.
- Section 752. KRS 286.7-450 is amended to read as follows:
- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] shall upon approval issue a certificate of approval in triplicate, one (1) copy of which shall be delivered to the applicant and one (1) copy to the Secretary of State which shall constitute the authority of the Secretary of State to file and record the articles as provided in the general corporation law.
- 10 (2) Upon the receipt of payment of fees and filing of the articles of incorporation by the
 11 Secretary of State, the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall issue a certificate or
 12 certificates authorizing the corporation to operate an industrial loan business in this
 13 state at the places specified, such certificates to be in any form the
 14 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> prescribes.
- 15 (3) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall mail one (1) copy of the certificate to
 16 each office of the corporation and shall retain one (1) copy, which shall be filed in
 17 the office of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>.
- 18 (4) If the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> does not approve the application, <u>the</u>

 19 <u>commissioner[he]</u> shall notify the applicant of the denial and return the sum paid by

 20 the applicant as a fee for the privilege of doing business, retaining the fifty-dollar

 21 (\$50) investigation fee.
- 22 (5) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> shall approve or deny every application 23 within sixty (60) days after the filing thereof with the fees paid, unless the time is 24 extended by the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> for good cause.
- 25 (6) All findings of the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, together with a summary of 26 the evidence supporting them, shall be filed in the office of the 27 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> as public records.

- 1 (7) The certificate or certificates issued to the corporation shall expire on the 2 succeeding January 15, and shall be renewed only on compliance with the 3 provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600.
- Whenever the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> denies any application for 4 certificate under the provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, the 5 commissioner [he] shall promptly file in his office a written order to that effect, 6 7 stating his or her findings with respect thereto and the reasons for his or her action. The commissioner executive director shall also promptly serve upon the applicant 8 9 for a certificate a copy of the order. The applicant may request an administrative 10 hearing to be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B. Any party aggrieved 11 by a final order issued pursuant to a hearing authorized under this subsection may appeal to the Circuit Court of Franklin County in accordance with KRS Chapter 12 13B. 13
 - (9) The corporation shall not conduct any industrial loan business until it receives a certificate from the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> stating that it has fully complied with all the provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, and that the requisite capital is in good faith subscribed and paid in cash.
- Section 753. KRS 286.7-480 is amended to read as follows:

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- In addition to the charge permitted by KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, no further amount shall be directly or indirectly charged, contracted for or received on any such installment loan, except lawful fees actually paid to a public official for filing, recording or releasing any instrument securing the loan, delinquency and deferral charges as set out in subsection (1) of KRS 286.7-500. Provided, however, that the certificate holder may request, as collateral for any loan, and collect premiums for:
- 25 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other law:
- 26 (a) A certificate holder may request a borrower to insure tangible personal 27 property, except household goods, offered as security for a loan not exceeding

seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-
600 against any substantial risk of loss, damage or destruction for any amount
not to exceed the actual value of such property or the approximate amount of
the loan, whichever is lesser, and for a term and upon conditions which are
reasonable and appropriate considering the nature of the property and the
maturity and other circumstances of the loan; provided, such insurance is sold
by a licensed agent, broker or solicitor.

- (b) A certificate holder may also request as security for any loan obligation insurance on the life of the borrower, or one of them if there are two or more. The initial amount of credit life insurance shall not exceed the total amount repayable under the contract of indebtedness and, where an indebtedness is repayable in substantially equal installments, the amount of insurance shall at no time exceed the scheduled or actual amount of unpaid indebtedness, whichever is greater. Not more than one policy of life insurance may be written in connection with any loan transaction under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600.
- (c) In accepting any insurance provided for by KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 as security for a loan the certificate holder, its officers, agents or employees may deduct the premiums or identifiable charge therefor from the proceeds of the loan, and remit such premiums to the insurance company writing such insurance and any gain or advantage to the certificate holder or any employee, officer, director, agent, affiliate or associate from such insurance or its sale, shall not be considered as additional or further charge in connection with any loan made under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600. The arranging for and collecting of an identifiable charge shall not be deemed the sale of insurance.
- (d) Every insurance policy or certificate written in connection with a loan transaction pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection shall provide for

1	cancellation of coverage and a refund of the premium or identifiable charge
2	unearned upon the discharge of the loan obligation for which such insurance is
3	security without prejudice to any claim.

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- (e) Whenever insurance is written in connection with a loan transaction pursuant to KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, the certificate holder shall deliver or cause to be delivered to the borrower a policy, certificate or other memorandum which shall show the coverages and the costs thereof, if any, to the borrower within thirty days from the date of the loan.
- (f) All such insurance shall be written by a company authorized to conduct such business in this state and the certificate holder shall not require the purchase of such insurance from any agent or broker designated by the certificate holder nor shall the certificate holder decline existing coverages which equal or exceed the standards of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600.
- 14 (2) Insurance on real property pledged as security for a loan in an amount not to exceed 15 the actual value of such property or the approximate amount of the loan whichever 16 is lesser.
 - Accident and health insurance on not less than a fourteen-day retroactive basis, covering one borrower in aggregate amount not to exceed the approximate amount of the loan with each periodic indemnity payment not to exceed the original indebtedness divided by the number of periodic installments; all subject to the general provisions and limitations of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600. Premium rates for accident and health insurance written pursuant to KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 shall be reasonable in relation to benefits, and shall be filed with the commissioner[executive director] of insurance.
- Section 754. KRS 286.7-520 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) KRS 286.3-215, 286.4-420, 286.4-620, and 360.010 do not apply to loans made 27 under authority of KRS 286.7-460 to 286.7-510, but KRS 286.3-215, 286.4-420,

1	286.4-620, and 360.010 remain in full force and effect for all other purposes and
2	nothing in this section or in KRS 286.7-480 to 286.7-510 shall be construed to
3	impair the validity or effect of KRS 286.3-215, 286.4-420, 286.4-620, and 360.010
4	with respect to loans other than those made pursuant to KRS 286.7-460 to 286.7-
5	510.

- Any contract of loan in the making or collection of which any act has been done
 which constitutes a willful violation of any provision of KRS 286.7-460 to 286.7
 510 is void, and the corporation has no right to collect or receive any interest or
 charges whatsoever on such loan, but the unpaid principal of the loan shall be paid
 in full to the lending institution.
 - that issue certificates of investment shall establish as a reserve against such certificates of investment an amount which shall not be less than five percent (5%) of the amount of such certificates of investment outstanding. In addition the commissioner[executive director] shall have authority to require a blanket surety bond with an approved corporate surety which shall include fidelity coverage in an amount deemed adequate by the commissioner[executive director] to protect holders of certificates of investment.
 - (4) No corporation organized under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 shall deposit any of its funds with any bank or trust company unless such bank or trust company has been designated as such depository by a vote of the majority of the directors of the executive committee exclusive of any director who is an officer, director or trustee of the depository so designated. A corporation operating under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 may invest in the bonds of any federal instrumentality or bonds issued by the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any governmental subdivision thereof.
- 26 (5) No corporation organized under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, nor any foreign 27 industrial loan corporation nor any other person shall conduct its business in the

- same office in which there is conducted a petty loan business under Subtitle 4 of

 KRS Chapter 286, or solicit any other business, or associate or be in conjunction

 with any other business except upon a written authorization by the

 commissioner[executive director].
- 5 → Section 755. KRS 286.7-530 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) Every corporation organized under the provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600

 7 shall report to and be subject to examination, supervision, and control by the

 8 <u>Department Office</u> of Financial Institutions.
- 9 (2) KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 shall be enforced by the <u>commissioner[executive</u> 10 director], who may, after notice to holders of certificates and a hearing, promulgate 11 regulations, referenced to the section or sections which set forth the legislative 12 standards they interpret or apply, for the proper conduct of the business authorized 13 under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600.
- On or before January 30 of each year, every industrial loan company shall file with
 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a report for the preceding calendar year. The
 report shall give information with respect to the financial condition of the industrial
 loan company, and other relevant information as the <u>commissioner</u>[executive
 director] may reasonably require.
- → Section 756. KRS 286.7-535 is amended to read as follows:
- In undertaking the examination of any industrial loan company, neither the 20 Commonwealth of Kentucky, the commissioner[executive director] of the 21 **Department** Office of Financial Institutions, nor any examiner employed by the 22 23 Commonwealth shall become liable to any depositor, investor or other obligor of said industrial loan company by reason of said examination or omission of such examination 24 25 to fully and effectively disclose the financial condition of said industrial loan company, it being the policy of the Commonwealth of Kentucky that such examinations as are 26 27 required by KRS 286.7-530 are for the purpose of determining compliance with state law

- and not for the purpose of protecting or guaranteeing the depositors, investors or other obligors of said industrial loan companies.

 → Section 757. KRS 286.7-540 is amended to read as follows:

 No corporation organized under the provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600, nor any foreign corporation, nor any other person not authorized by other specific statutory
- 5 foreign corporation, nor any other person not authorized by other specific statutory
- 6 provisions, shall engage in the business of making loans at a rate of interest in excess of
- 7 the legal rate of interest prescribed in KRS 360.010 unless there is on file in the office of
- 8 the <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] a certificate issued by the <u>commissioner</u>[executive
- 9 director authorizing the transaction of an industrial loan business under the provision of
- 10 KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600.
- → Section 758. KRS 286.7-550 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 (1) The <u>commissioner[executive director]</u>, for good cause and after an opportunity for a
 13 hearing to be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B, may revoke and
 14 remove from <u>the department's[his]</u> file, or suspend for thirty (30) days, any
 15 certificate issued under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 if <u>the commissioner[he]</u> finds
 16 that:
 - (a) The holder of the certificate has failed to pay his <u>or her</u> annual fee for the privilege of doing business;
- 19 (b) The certificate holder has violated any provision of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-20 600 or has failed to comply with any administrative regulation lawfully 21 promulgated pursuant thereto;
- 22 (c) Any fact or condition then exists which clearly would have warranted the
 23 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> in refusing to issue a certificate on an
 24 original application; or
- 25 (d) The certificate holder has failed to open an office for business within one 26 hundred and twenty (120) days from the date the certificate is granted, or has 27 failed to remain open for business for a period of one hundred and twenty

1	(120) days.	unless in	n each case	good caus	e be shown.
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- The <u>commissioner</u>[executive director] may reinstate suspended certificates or issue new certificates to a certificate holder whose certificate has been revoked if no fact or condition then exists which clearly would have warranted him in refusing originally to issue such certificate under KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600.
- 6 (3) Any certificate holder may surrender any certificate by delivering it to the

 7 <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> together with written notice that he <u>or she</u>

 8 thereby surrenders the certificate.
- 9 (4) Any person whose certificate is revoked or suspended may appeal the final order by
 10 filing in the Franklin Circuit Court a petition for judicial review in accordance with
 11 KRS Chapter 13B.
- → Section 759. KRS 286.7-580 is amended to read as follows:

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- No foreign corporation may conduct an industrial loan business in this state without applying for and receiving a certificate from the <u>commissioner[executive director]</u> authorizing such business in this state. The issuance or denial of such certificate or certificates shall be governed by reasonable rules and regulations of the <u>department[office]</u> designed to assure that no foreign corporation shall be permitted to transact an industrial loan business in this state upon more favorable terms and conditions than would be permitted a domestic corporation.
- 20 → Section 760. KRS 286.7-590 is amended to read as follows:
- The privilege of the corporation to advertise to the public that it is under the supervision of the <u>Department[Office]</u> of Financial Institutions may be denied by the <u>commissioner[executive_director]</u> at any time <u>the commissioner[he]</u> has reason to believe there is a violation of any of the provisions of KRS 286.7-410 to 286.7-600 or any rule or regulations promulgated thereunder.
- Section 761. KRS 286.8-010 is amended to read as follows:
- As used in this subtitle, unless the context otherwise requires:

1	(1)	"Affiliate" means any person who directly or indirectly through one (1) or more
2		intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with
3		another person;

- 4 (2) "Department Office" means the Department Office of Financial Institutions;
- 5 (3) "Commissioner Executive director]" means the commissioner executive director]
 6 of the department office;
- 7 (4) "Applicant" means a person filing an application or renewal application for a
 8 license, registration, or claim of exemption under this subtitle;
- 9 (5) "Borrower" means any person that seeks, applies for, or obtains a mortgage loan;
- 10 (6) "Branch" or "branches" means any location other than the mortgage loan company's
 11 or mortgage loan broker's principal location where the mortgage loan company,
 12 mortgage loan broker, or its employees maintain a physical presence for the purpose
 13 of conducting business in the mortgage lending process, including the servicing of
 14 mortgage loans;
- 15 (7) "Classroom" means a physical classroom environment in which teachers and 16 participants are physically present for the teaching of a course. Courses taught 17 through Internet, mail, or correspondence classes shall not be considered to be 18 courses taught in a classroom;
- 19 (8) "Clerical or support duties" means administrative functions such as gathering
 20 information, requesting information, word processing, sending correspondence, or
 21 assembling files, and may include:
- 22 (a) The receipt, collection, distribution, and analysis of information common for 23 the processing or underwriting of a residential mortgage loan; or
- 24 (b) Any communication with a borrower to obtain the information necessary for 25 the processing or underwriting of a loan, to the extent that such 26 communication does not include taking a residential mortgage loan 27 application, offering or negotiating loan rates or terms, or counseling

1	consumers about residential mortgage loan rates or terms	:
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- 2 (9) "Control" means the power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or
- policies of a company, whether through ownership of securities, by contract, or
- 4 otherwise;
- 5 (10) "Control records" means all records relating to the operation of a branch that are
- 6 necessary to exercise control and supervision over the branch;
- 7 (11) "Criminal syndicate" means five (5) or more persons collaborating to promote or
- 8 engage in any pattern of residential mortgage fraud on a continuing basis;
- 9 (12) "Depository institution" means a depository institution as defined in the Federal
- Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. sec. 1813(c), and amendments thereto, and
- includes any credit union;
- 12 (13) "Employ or use" means to employ, utilize, or contract with a person or the person's
- employees for the purpose of participating in the mortgage lending process,
- including the servicing of mortgage loans;
- 15 (14) "Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, sibling, parent, grandparent, or
- 16 grandchild;
- 17 (15) "Licensee" means a person to whom a license has been issued;
- 18 (16) "Managing principal" means a natural person who meets the requirements of KRS
- 19 286.8-032(6) and who agrees to actively participate in and be primarily responsible
- 20 for the operations of a licensed mortgage loan broker;
- 21 (17) "Mortgage lending process" means the process through which a person seeks or
- 22 obtains a mortgage loan, including the solicitation, application, origination,
- 23 negotiation of terms, processing, underwriting, signing, closing, and funding of a
- 24 mortgage loan and the services provided incident to a mortgage loan, including the
- appraisal of the residential real property. Documents involved in the mortgage
- lending process include but are not limited to:
- 27 (a) Uniform residential loan applications or other loan applications;